

DEVI AHILYA VISHWAVIDYALAYA, INDORE

School of Education

1.1.1 Syllabus of all programs



Curriculum for Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) Program (Revised in 2018) (Two Year – Four Semesters) (2018-20)



SCHOOL OF EDUCATION

Institute of Advanced Studies in Education (IASE) (Accredited with Grade 'A' by NAAC) DEVI AHILYA VISHWAVIDYALAYA, INDORE

BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (B.Ed.) PROGRAM (TWO YEAR – FOUR SEMESTERS)

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

- □ To help students gain a grasp of major philosophical options available in the field of education.
- □ To develop among students an insight into modern theories of learning and development.
- □ To help them understand and appreciate various social, cultural and ideological perspectives on education in a multicultural and multilingual Indian society.
- □ To help students to acquire research and data-analysis skills using computers essential to shape them into effective educational researchers.
- □ To help students to develop research and presentation skills expected for their role as prospective teacher educators and educational researchers.
- To help them to develop knowledge, skills and mind set appropriate to various specialists' roles such as curriculum developers, educational administrators, guidance counselors, designers of teaching learning resources etc.
- □ To motivate and empower students for undertaking research to theorize about education as also to develop creative solutions to day to day school problems.
- □ To initiate them into contemporary educational discourse in the context of national concerns and issues of access and quality in education.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

As per NCTE/ University norms

MODE AND DURATION

B.Ed. Program will be regular. Its duration will be of four semesters covered in

two years.

ATTENDANCE

As per NCTE/ University norms

PROGRAM STRUCTURE

Total credits of the entire B.Ed. courses will be One Hundred Nine(Including the virtual Credits) distributed in four semesters. Each B.Ed. candidate shall offer following courses:

[A] Core/Compulsory Course,

I. Perspective Courses

II. Curriculum & Pedagogic Studies

- [B] Elective Generic
- [C] Practicum
- [D] Viva Voce

Evaluation pattern will be as per Ordinance 31 of Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore

[A] CORE/COMPULSORY COURSES:

I. Perspective Courses

Perspective Courses shall comprise of:

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits
511	Philosophical and Sociological Perspectives in Education	3
512	Psychological Perspectives of Learner	3
521	Psychological Perspectives of Learning	3
542	Historical Perspectives of Education	3
541	Management of Educational Institutions	3
544	Creating An Inclusive Institution	3

II. Curriculum & Pedagogic Studies

Curriculum & Pedagogic Studies shall comprise of:

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits
513	Evaluating Educational Processes and Products	3
514	Class Management	3
522	Exploring and Developing Teaching Learning Resources	3
523	Pedagogy of a Teaching – I	3
524	Pedagogy of a Teaching – II	3
545	Curriculum Development	3

[B] Elective Generic

From the following list of three **ELECTIVE-GENERIC** course combinations, a candidate will offer any **Three** courses of his/her choice, one in each semester of the B.Ed. program except Semester-III.

- One elective course will be offered by the students in the First year of the program in First semesters under Elective-Generic course-I. Similarly, another elective course will be offered by the students in the First year of the program in Second semester and another one will be offered in Second year of the program in Fourth Semester.
- □ The credit for each Elective-Generic/ specialization course in a semester will be Three. Thus a total of 09 credits will be offered in terms of ELECTIVE-GENERIC in two year B.Ed. Program.
- **u** These courses will be offered to the other department students too.

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits
515	Elective/ Generic Course-I	3
525	Elective/ Generic Course-II	3
544	Elective/ Generic Course-III	3

[C] PRACTICUM

Practicum Courses shall comprise of:

Course	Title of the Course	Credits
Code		
516	Development of Teaching Skills	3
517	EPC 1-Reading and Reflecting	2
518	EPC-2 Creative Expression Skills	1
526	Models of Teaching	3
527	ICT in Education	3
531	Teaching of Pedagogical Subject- I	3
532	Teaching of Pedagogical Subject- II	3
533	Observation of Teaching	3
534	School Experience	3
535	Scholastic and Co-Scholastic Activities	3
536	Evaluating Pupil	3
537	EPC-3: Health Yoga and Physical Education	3
546	EPC-4: Arts and Aesthetics in Education	3
547	EPC- 5 Project	3

[D] Viva Voce and Virtual Credits

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits
	Virtual Credits —I	4
	Virtual Credits—II	4
	Virtual Credits—III	4
	Virtual Credits—IV	4

□ The candidate shall have to appear before Viva-Voce committee four times during the course at the end of each semester.

		SEMESTER- I				
Program Area	Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Theory hrs/ Wk	Prac. hrs/Wk	Total hrs/Wk
Perspectives in Education	511	Philosophical and Sociological Perspectives in Education	3	3		3
Perspectives in Education	512	Psychological Perspectives of Learner	3	3		3
Curriculum & Pedagogic Studies	513	Evaluating Educational Processes and Products	3	3		3
Curriculum & Pedagogic Studies	514	Class Management	3	3		3
Curriculum & Pedagogic Studies	515	Elective Generic- I	3	3		3
Curriculum & Pedagogic Studies	516	Development of Teaching Skills	3		6	6
Engagement with the Field	517	EPC 1-Reading and Reflecting	2		4	4
Engagement with the Field	518	EPC-2 Creative Expression Skills	1		2	2
	CVV	CVV	4			
			25	15	12	26

B.ED 2YEAR PROGRAM: COURSE STRUCTURE

515: Elective Generic- Non- Formal, Guidance and Counseling, Life Skills

518:Poster making, Storytelling, Debate, Recitation of Poems and Ex-tempore, Mono Acting, Drama/ NukkadNatak, Mime

		SEMESTER-II					
Program Area	Course Code	Course Title		Theory hrs/ Wk	Prac. hrs/wk	Total hrs/Wk	
Perspectives in Education	521	Psychological Perspectives of Learning	3	3		3	
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	522	Exploring and Developing Teaching Learning Resources	3	3		3	
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	523	Pedagogy of a School Subject – I	3	3		3	
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	524	Pedagogy of a School Subject – II	3	3		3	
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	525	Elective/ Generic Course-II	3	3		3	
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	526	Models of Teaching	3		6	6	
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	527	ICT in Education	3		4	4	
		CVV	4				
Total			25	15	12	27	
523: Subject: 1(Any One) Physical Science, History/Geography/Pol. Sci./ Commerce, Language-Hindi/English							

524: Subject: 2(Any One) Biological Science/Maths, Social Science, Economics

525: Value Education, Action Research, Career Guidance

		Semester Third				
Program Area	Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Theory hrs/Wk	Prac. Hrs/Wk	Total Hrs/Wk
Engagement with the Field	531	Teaching of Pedagogical Subject- I	3		6	6
Engagement with the Field	532	Teaching of Pedagogical Subject- II	3		6	6
Engagement with the Field	533	Observation of Teaching	3		6	6
Engagement with the Field	534	School Experience	3		6	6
Engagement with the Field	535	Scholastic and Co-Scholastic Activities	3		6	6
Engagement with the Field	536	Evaluating Pupil	3		6	6
Engagement with the Field	537	EPC-3: Health Yoga and Physical Education	3		6	6
		CVV	4			
Total			25		42	42

		SEMESTER IV				
Program Area	Course Code	Course Title	Credit	Th. hrs / Wk	Prac. hrs/ Wk	Total Hr/Wk
Perspectives in Education	541	Management of Educational Institutions	3	4		4
Perspectives in Education	542	Historical Perspectives of Education	3	3		3
Perspectives in Education	543	Creating An Inclusive Institution	3		6	6
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	544	Elective/ Generic Course-III	3	3		3
Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies	545	Curriculum Development	3			3
Engagement with the Field	546	EPC-4:Arts and Aesthetics in Education	3	3		3
Engagement with the Field	547	EPC- 5 Project	3		6	6
		CVV	4			
Total			25	13	16	29
544: Elective/ Generic Course-III: Environmental Education, Population Education						
546: EPC-4:Horticultural aesthetics, Creative Art and Craft, Embroideral and Needle Art						

SEMESTER – I

511: PHILOSOPHICAL AND SOCIOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES IN EDUCATION OBJECTIVES CREDITS: 3

- To familiarize students with Education, Philosophy and their relationship.
- To familiarize students with some significant philosophical perspectives on education and implications for education.
- To acquaint students with the philosophical thoughts of some prominent educational thinkers
- To sensitize students with some Salient Features of Indian Education.
- To enable the students to analyze the discourse in education in order to discover the assertions, assumptions and kinds of meaning it might contain.
- To equip students with basic terms and concepts of the discipline with a view to facilitate their understanding of the philosophical discourse relating to education and intelligent participation in it.
- To acquaint students with the concept and relationship of society and education.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Concept of Education

Meaning and Importance of Education, Indian and Western Concept of Education, Aims and Functions of Education, Agencies of Education– Informal, Formal and Non-formal.

UNIT-II: Philosophy and Education:

Meaning, nature and functions of philosophy, Relationship between Education and Philosophy, Aims and functions of Philosophy of Education, Brief introduction of schools of western philosophy with Reference to their Educational Implications for Aims, Curriculum and Methodology of Education.

UNIT-III: Salient Features of Indian Education

Overview of Vedic, Buddhist and Islamic Tradition in Education, Contributions of Educational Philosophers: Rabindranath Tagore, Mahatma Gandhi, Swami Vivekananda.

UNIT-IV: Sociology and Education:

Meaning, nature and functions of Sociology, relationship between sociology and education, Need and functions of Sociology of Education, Culture, Civilization and Education.

UNIT-V: Education and Social Change

Education as an instrument of social adjustment, Socialization, Social Control, Social Change, Social Stability, Preservation of Cultural Heritage and Values. School and the society, School as a Social System.

ACTIVITIES

- Book Review: any one book related to Educational philosophy/Educational Sociology.
- Presentation on any one topic.
- Skiton any one situation related to education.

REFERENCES:

- Aggarwal, J.C. (1977). *Educational Documents since Independence*. New Delhi:Academic Publishers.
- Aggarwal, J.C.(1960). Swatantra Bharat Main Shiksha ka Vikas. New Delhi: Arya Book, Depot.
- Altekar, A. S. (1992). *Education in Ancient India*. Varanasi: Manohar Prakashan.
- Anand, C.L. et al.(1983). *Teacher and Education in the Emerging Indian Society*. New Delhi; NCERT.
- Bhatia, K.K. & Narang, C.L.(2008). *Philosophical and Sociological Bases of Education*. Ludhiana: Tandon Publications.
- Bhatnagar, S.C.(1980). Adhunik Bhartiya Shiksha ka Itihas Aur Uski Samsyain. Meerut: Royal Book Depot.
- Biswal, U.N.(2005). *Philosophy of Education*. New Delhi: Dominant Publishers and Distributors.
- Chopra, R.K. (1993). Status of Teachers in India. New Delhi: NCERT.
- Coombs, Philips, H.(1985). *The World Crises in Education*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Chaube, S.P.(1981). *Philosophical and Sociological Foundations of Education*. Agra: Ravi Mudranalaya.

- Dash, B.N.(2004). *Theories of Education & Education in the Emerging Indian Society*. New Delhi: Dominant Publishers and Distributors.
- Dewy, J. (1952). *Experiences in Education*. New York: McMillan.
- Dewey, J. (1961). *Democracy and Education*. New York: Macmillan Company.
- Dube, S. C.(1994). Indian Society. New Delhi: NBT.
- Freria, P. (1996). Dalition ka Shikshan. New Delhi: Grantha Shilp Prakashan.
- Gandhi, M.K.(1956). Basic Education. Ahmadabad: Nabjiban.
- Government of India(1986). Report of the Secondary Education Commission. New Delhi: Ministry of Education.
- Government of India (1992). National Policy of Education, 1992 Modification and their POA. New Delhi: MHRD, Department of Education.
- Government of India(1992). Report of Core Group on Value Orientation of Education. New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Illich, I.(1971). De Schooling Society. Middlesex: Penguin Books.
- Kabir, H. (1961). Indian Philosophy of Education. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Kneller, G.F. (1978). Foundation of Education. New York: John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- Kneller, G.F. (1966). History of Education in India. Baroda: Acharaya Book Depot.
- Mathur, S.S. (1997). Philosophical and Sociological Foundations of Education. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.
- Menon, M. B. & Sasikumar, K. G. (200). School System (Block1). New Delhi: IGNOU.
- Mohan, J.(1994). Indian Education in the Emerging Society. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Mohanti, J.(1988). Modern Trend in Indian Education. Current Issues and Strategies in the Context of NEP, New Delhi: Deep and Deep.
- Mookerji, R.K. (1947). Ancient Indian Education (Brahmanical and Buddhist). Landon: Mac Milan and Co. Ltd.
- Mukherjee, K.K.(1972). Some Great Educators of the World. Calcutta: Das Gupta & Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- Naik, J. P. and Syed, N.(1974). A Students History of Education in India. New Delhi: McMillan Co. of India Ltd.
- Naik, J.P.: Equality, Quality and Quantity(1975). The Elusive Triangle of Indian Education. Bombay: Allied Publishers.

- Naik , J. P. & Nurullah, S. (1974). A students' History of Education in India (1800-1973). New Delhi: Orient Longman ltd.
- Nathan, D., Kelkar, G. & Walter, P. (Eds.) (2004). Globalization and Indigenous People in Asia. New Delhi : Sage Publishers.
- Passi, B.K. et al. (1991). Futures Studies. Agra: National Psychological Corporation.

Salamtullah(1979). Education in Social Context. New Delhi: NCERT.

Sharma, N.(1973). *Education of Future*. Delhi: S. Chand & Co.

- Seshadri, C. et al. (1992). *Education in Values: A Source Book*. New Delhi: NCERT.
- UNESCO(1977). Thinking Ahead: UNESCO and the Challenges of Today and Tomorrow. Paris: UNESCO.
- Varma & Vaidyanath P.(1972). Vishwa Ke Mahan Shiksha Shastri. Patna: Bihar Granth Academy.

SEMESTER-I

512: PSYCHOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES OF LEARNER

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint students with the concept of Educational Psychology, It's methods, and their importance in educational field.
- To develop understanding among students about nature of learner and the stages of adolescence for their educational implications.
- To familiarize students about individual differences that effect classroom learning.
- To enable students to identify various factors among different learners for selecting suitable teaching learning strategy.

CONTENT

UNIT I: Psychology and Education

Psychology: Meaning, Nature, Branches and Methods of Psychology: Observation, Case Study and Experimental. Relationship with Education, Educational Psychology: Meaning, Nature, Need and Importance of Educational Psychology,

UNIT II: Growth and Development

Concept, Relationship, Distinction, Aspects and Principles of growth and development, Factors affecting Growth and Development, Piagetian Cognitive and Kohlberg Moral Development Theory.

UNIT III: Psychology of Adolescence

Development during Adolescence: Physical, Cognitive, Social, Moral and Emotional, Changing relationships with Parents, Peer groups, opposite sex. Teachers'role in the development and problems of Adolescence.

UNIT IV: Individual Differences

Intelligence- Concept, Definition, Nature and Assessment.

Aptitude- Meaning, Characteristics and importance in Education.

Interest -Meaning and definition, Factors affecting interest, Assessment of interest.

Creativity: Meaning, and definition, characteristics of creative students, Role of School and Society in enhancing Creativity of Children at different Level,

UNIT V: Learners Personality and Adjustment

Personality- Concept and Definition, Methods of Personality Assessment- Objective,

Subjective and Projective. Adjustment- Concept, Factors affecting adjustment, Role of School and Society in adjustment of Children at different Levels.Mental Health-Meaning, definition and factors affecting. Defence Mechanisms.

Practical Activities (All are Compulsory)

- I. Case Study of a Child / Adolescent.
- II. Verbal/ Non Verbal Intelligence Test of Adolescents.
- III. Study of Interest through Standardized Test.
- IV. Assessment of Adjustment through Standardized Test.
- V. Personality Assessment through Standardized Test.

REFERENCES:

Chauhan, S.S.: Advanced Educational Psychology, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt.,Ltd., 1998.

Dandpani, S.: A Textbook of Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Anmol Pvt. Ltd., 2000.

Dash, M.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi, 1991.

Kundu, C.L. and Tutoo, D.N.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi: SterlingPublishers Pvt. Ltd., 2000.

Mathur, S.S.: Educational Psychology. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 2000.

Pal, H.R. and Sharma, K. Prayogik Grih Manovigyan and Manavikas Agra: Star Publication, 1989.

Woodworth, R.S. and Schlosberg: Experimental Psychology. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishers, 1971.

SEMESTER – I

513: EVALUATING EDUCATIONAL PROCESSESAND PRODUCTS OBJECTIVES CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint students with the basic terms and concepts related with Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation
- To create in the student teachers an awareness regarding the need for improving the present day examination.
- To make student-teachers understand with the need, scope and importance of students' evaluation.
- To acquaint student-teachers with the characteristics of a good test and good Evaluator
- To make them understand steps of construction and standardization of an Achievement test.
- To develop among student-teachers the skills for writing good items for a test.
- To familiarize student-teachers with various innovations in the area of evaluation.
- To train student-teachers in various statistical techniques, namely, measures of central tendencies, variability, correlation and percentiles.
- To equip them with skills in statistical analysis and interpretation of students' examination results

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: Evaluation- Conceptual Framework

- Tripartite Model of Educational Objectives, Learning Experiences and Evaluation
- Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation: Meaning, Need and importance,
- Characteristics, Process and Steps of Evaluation, Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation
- Taxonomy by Bloom, Krathwohl and Dave for cognitive Affective and Psychomotor domains
- Characteristics of a Good Evaluative Tool/Technique Validity, Reliability, Objectivity, Discrimination, Sensitivity and Usability.
- Characteristics of a Good Evaluator

• Types of errors in Evaluation: Measurement and Evaluator related errors

UNIT II: Tools and Techniques of Evaluation

- Evaluative tools in scholastic and non-scholastic areas: Testing, Observation and Self Reporting
- Types of Evaluation: Formative and Summative Evaluation, Norm and Criterion Reference tests
- Teacher made and Standardized Test, Steps of construction and Standardization of a test
- Diagnostic test– uses and limitations. Evaluation of Practical work.

UNIT III: Constructing Items

- Types of Evaluative Items: Supply/Selection; Objective/Subjective, Long/Short answer Advantages and limitations
- Improving the quality of Items: Points to be kept in mind while writing items
- Blue print: Construction and Interpretation

UNIT IV: Evaluative Practices

- Evaluation practices: Traditional and Contemporary
- Innovative Evaluative Practices: Question Bank, Open Book Examination, Grading, CCE, Peer and Self, Rubrics, Computer Assisted Evaluation etc. (Any four)

UNIT V: Interpreting Educational Outcomes

- Variables, Levels of Measurement
- Statistical Techniques: Meaning of Statistics, tabulation of data, Measures of Central Tendency, Variability and relationship– Calculations, interpretation and uses
- Normal Probability curve
- Percentile and Percentile Rank
- Grading calculations: SGPA and CGPA
- Profiling learner: Preparing Progress Report/ Grade sheets/ Portfolios
- Use of computer in Statistics

ACTIVITIES

Assignments/Presentations/Role plays or any other activity on the can be given to the student-teachers on the following Topics:

• Review of an achievement test in the light of characteristics of a good test.

- Construction of a diagnostic test in a specific area.
- Development of a tool to evaluate any non- scholastic area.
- Development of blue print for an achievement test.
- Creating Grading sheets on given specification
- Any other as per discretion of the teacher and taught

REFERENCES:

Adams, G. S. (1966). Measurement and Evaluation in Education Psychology and Guidance. New York: Holt, Rinehart, Winston, Cg.

Anastasia, A. (1968). Psychological Testing. New York: The McMillan Company.

Asthana, B. () Measuremant and Evaluation of Psychology and Education.

Chauhan, S.S. (1985). Innovations in Teaching and Learning. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

Cheels, W. J. M., and Karves, M. R. (1950). Measuring Educational Achievement. New York, London: McGraw Hill, Book Company Inc.

Cronbach, L.J. (1963). Essentials of Psychological Testing. New York: Harper and Row.

Donald, L. B., and Earnest, L. L. (1975). Measurement and Evaluation in the Schools. Houghton Miffin Co.

Elwey, W. and Livingstone. (1972) External Examinations and Internal Assessments. New Zealand : Willington.

Feast, E. J. (1958). Constructing Evaluation Instruments. New York: London, Longmans Green and Co.

Feguson. (1971) Statistical Analysis in Psychology and Education (3rd Ed.). New Delhi:Mc Graw Hill.

Freeman, F. (1971) Theory and Practice of Psychological Testing (3rd Ed.). New Delhi: Oxford and IBH.

Garrett, H. E. (1962). Statistics in Psychology and Education. Allied Pacific Private Limited, Bombay, 1962.

Garrett, H.E. & Woodworth, R.S.(1966). Statistics in Psychology and Education (11th ed.), New York : David Mekay Company

Garrett, H.E. (1962). Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay: Allied Pacific Pvt. Ltd.

Gerberich, J. R. (1956). Specimen Objective Test Items. New York: London, Longmans, Green & Co.

Green, J. A. (1963). Teacher Made Tests. New York: Harper and Row.

Gronlund, N. E. (1965). Measurement and Evaluation in Teaching. N.Y.: The Macmillan and Co.

Gronlund, N. E. (1966). Constructing Achievement Tests. N.J.: Prentice Hall Inc., Englenood Cliffs

Gronlund, N. E. (1967). Measurement and Evaluation in Teaching. N.Y.: Macmillan and Co.

Gronlund, N. E. (1968). Constructing Achievement Tests. N.J.: Prentice Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs.

Gupta, S.P. (1991). Shiksha Tatha Manovigya Main Adhunik Mapan Tatha Mulyankan. Allahabad: Sharda Pustak Bhawan.

Harper and Harper (2004). Preparing Objective Examinations. PHI.

Keeves, J. P. (Ed.) (). Educational Research, Mehtodology and Measurement: An international Handbook, Oxford: Pergamon Press.

Lewis, R.A. (1991). Psychological Testing and Assessment. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.

Rawat, D. S. (1970). Measurement, Evaluation and Statistics in Education. , New Delhi: New Raj Book Depot Sharma, R.A. (1993). Mapan Avam Mulyankan, Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.

Sharma, R.A. (1993). Mapan Avam Mulyankan, Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.

Stanley, J.C. (1964). Measurement in Today's Schools. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

Thorndike, R.L. and Nagen, H. (1977) Measurement and Evaluation in Psychology and Education. Delhi: Wiley Eastern.

Travers, R. M. W. (1950). How to Make Achievement Tests. New York: The Odyssey Press..

Wrightstone, J. W., Justman, J. and Robbins, I. (1964). Evaluation in Modern Education

Yadav, M. S. and Govinda, R. (1977). Educational Evaluation, Sahitya Mudranalaya. Ahmedabad: City Mill Compound.

Rani, P. (2004). Educational Measurement and Evaluation. Discovery Publishers.

Rawat, D. S. (1970). Measurement, Evaluation and Statistics in Education. New Delhi-1: New Raj Book Depot.

SEMESTER – I

514: CLASS MANAGEMENT

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To enable student teachers to understand management practices and processes used for classroom management.
- To enable student teachers to develop skills for effective class room management and foster classroom climate
- To enable student teachers to know the components of classroom climate and to help them to understand their effect on pupil's development.
- To equip them with skills for handling various situations related with learning and behaviour in the classroom
- To familiarize student-teachers with various innovations in the area of classroom management
- To develop an insight in Student teachers about key concepts of group, Group Dynamics and Self concept
- To enable student teachers to know the problems of classroom management.
- To acquaint students with the varied concepts related to managing learning and Behaviour
- To develop an insight in student teachers how to deal in the multicultural classrooms

CONTENT:

Unit I: Basic Classroom Concepts

- Teacher: Underlying theory and some pre-requisites for an effective teacher
- Student: Underlying theory and some pre-requisites for an Ideal Student
- Meaning, Concept, Characteristics and composition of classroom Various views of classroom
- Understanding various classroom profiles and structures/ Special incidences/cases: Constructivist Classroom, Traditional Classroom, Virtual Classrooms, Classroom without walls, Remedial Classroom, Tutorial Class

Unit II: Class Management and Classroom Climate (CRC)

• Meaning and concept of class management and classroom climate

- Objectives and Principles of class management
- Dimensions of class management
- Techniques of class management: Verbal and Non verbal
- Teacher Pupil interactions (FIACS)
- Strategies for enhancing congenial Classroom Climate
- Factors affecting classroom climate.
- Understanding various classroom indiscipline problems

Unit III: Managing Learning Behaviour and Self concept

- Behaviour of a teacher/students in a Class
- Managing a Multicultural classroom and enhancing Cross cultural communication
- Info-savvy skills: Note Making and Note taking Skills
- Detecting Propaganda
- Pupils' motivation towards school and classrooms
- Self Concept: Meaning, Concept and scenario
- Identifying self Johari Window
- Enhancing pupils' self-concept for achievement

Unit IV: Group and Group Dynamics

- Meaning, Characteristics and bases of group formation
- Dynamics of classroom group, Norms-Cohesion, Morale, Ethos
- Factors affecting Group Performance
- Measuring the Group dynamics: Sociometric analysis
- Individual versus Group Performance

Activities (Any one)

- 1. Developing classroom profile
- 2. Observing classroom with FIACS
- 3. Using creative approaches in classroom management like Brain- storming, Role play etc.
- 4. Case studies of Indiscipline problem faced during Practice teaching/School experience
- 5. Case studies of critical incidents in classrooms
- 6. Sociometric Analysis of the Class

7. Any other as per discretion of the teacher

References:

- Aggrawal, J. C. (1967). Educational Administration, School Organisation and Supervision, Delhi: Agra Book Depot.
- Bany and Johnson. Classroom Management, Chap. 2,3.
- Barnes, R. (2006). A Practical Guide to Primary Classroom Management,London: Paul Chapman Publishing.
- Baron.A.Robert. Branscombe. R. Nyla et al. (2010). (12 Edn.). Doorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Barry D. Humanising Classroom Discipline: A Behavioural approach-Part II, chap. 1 to 9.
- Bhatnagar, R. P. & Aggrawal, V. (1998)Educational Administration Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.
- Bordens S. Kenneth et al.(2001). Social Psychology, (2nd Edn.), Lawrence Erlbaum Associates Inc. Publishers, New Jersy, U.S.A.
- Christian, J. Classroom Group Dynamics (concept and its implications). Meerut: Anu Books.
- Cummings, C. (2000). Winning Strategies for Classroom Management. Virginia (USA): Association for supervision and Curriculum Development (ASCD) Publications.
- Dahama O.P., Bhatnagar O.P, (2005). Education and Communication for Development, (2nd Edn.), Oxford& IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Daniel O-Leary, and Susa, G. O. Leary (). Classroom management, the successful Use of Behaviour Modification, Chap, 1, 2, 7, 8.
- Delors, Jacques (1997). Learning: The Treasure Within, UNESCO, Paris.
- Desai D. B. et al. (1983). Researches on Classrooms. CASE Monograph, M.S.University Press.
- Desai D. B. et. al. (1981). *Developing concern for excellence in classrooms*.CASE Monograph, M. S. University Press.
- Deshora, M. L. (1994). Sangathan: Sidhant evm Vyavahaar. Delhi: Himanshu Publication.
- Duffy Grover Karen, Atwater Eastwood, (2008). (8th Edn.), Psychology for LivingAdjustment, Growth and Behaviour Today, Pearson Education Inc, New Delhi.
- Fisch, C. R. and Trumbull, E. (2008). Managing Diverse Classrooms: How to Build on students' cultural Strengths. Virginia (USA): Association for supervision

and Curriculum Development (ASCD) Publications.

Gupta, L. D. (1990). Uccha Shiksha Prashashan. Chandigarh: Haryana Sahitya Acadamy.

- Hockenbury (2010). Discovering Psychology, Worth Publishers. New York
- Jane S Halonen, John W. Santrock, (2009), Psychology: Context & Application, McGraw-Hill Companies Inc., Third Edition, USA
- Johnson, D. W., and Johnson, R. (). *Learning together and alone, co-operation, competition and individualization, chaps. 8, 9, 10.*
- Joseph, K. S. (). Learning to Educate. Vadodara: Gold Rock publication.
- Kapalka, G. (2009). 8 steps to Classroom Management success. A guide for Teachers of Challenging Students. Singapore: Sage Asia-Pacefic Pvt. Ltd.

Kudesia, U.C. (1981). Shiksha Prashasan. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

- Kuppuswamy B, (2004). Introduction to Social Psychology, Media Promoters & Publications Pvt. Ltd. India
- Lewis, R. (2009).Understanding Pupil Behaviour: Classroom Management Techniques for teachers, Australia: ACER Press.
- Malaya, K.C. (1971) Shiksha Prashasan Evam Purvekchan. Bhopal: Hindi Granth Adademy.
- Mangal S.K., (2008). An Introduction to Psychology, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Marille, M., and Weesen. (). *Changing Classroom behaviour: a Manual for precision teaching, Chap. 1 to 9.*
- Marine & Marine. (). *Discovery a Challenge to teachers, Chap.* 17.
- Marzano, J. R. et. al. (2005). A Handbook of Classroom Management that works. Virginia (USA): Association for supervision and Curriculum Development (ASCD) Publications.
- Mathieson, K. and Price, M. (2002). Better Behaviour in Classroom. London: RoutledgeFalmer
- Mehta, P. (1989). Understanding Classroom Behaviour: A Manual. NCERT New Delhi 16 (reprinted).
- Morgan, N. S. (2009). Behaviour Management Ideas for the Classroom, London: Jessica Kingsley Publisher.
- Morison, A., and Me Intyre, D. (1973). *Teachers and Teaching.* U.K.: Nicholas & company Ltd.

- Myers G. David, (2006). Exploring Social Psychology, (3rd Edn.), Tata Mc. Graw Hill, New Delhi.
- Ode, L. K. (1991). Shekshik Prashashan. Jaipur: Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy.
- Pagliaro, M. M. (2011). Educator or Bully? Managing the 21st century Classroom. Plymouth (UK): Rowman and Littlefield Publishers, INC.
- Ridnouer, K. (2006).managing Your Classroom with Heart: A Guide for Nurturing Adolescent Learners. Virginia (USA): Association for supervision and Curriculum Development (ASCD) Publications.
- Rodolf, D., Grumwald and Pepperi. Maintaining Sanity in the Classroom, Chap. 1, 2, 3, 5.
- Rogers, B. (2003). Effective Supply teaching: Behavioural management, Classroom, Discipline and Colleague Support. London: Paul Chapman Publishing.
- Santrock W.John (2006). Educational Psychology. (2nd Edn.)New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- Seeman, H. (2010). Preventive Disruptive Behaviour in Colleges: A campus and classroom Management Handbook for Higher Education. Plymouth (UK): Rowman and Littlefield Publishers, INC.
- Sherwood, P. (2008). Emotional Literacy: The Heart of Classroom Management, Australia: ACER Press.
- Shindler, J. (2010). Transformative Classroom Management: Positive strategies to engage all students and promote a Psychology of Success. San Francisco (USA): Jossey Bass: A Wiley Imprint.
- Smith R. Eliot et al, (2000). Social Psychology, Taylor and Francis, U.S.A.
- Smith, C. J. and Laslett, R. (1993). Effective Classroom management (II edition). London: Rout ledge publications.
- Smith, R. (). Conscious Classroom Management: Unlocking the Secrets of Great Teaching. CA: Conscious Teaching Publication, San Rafel
- Sukhiya, S. P. (1995). Vidyalaya Prashashan evm Sangathan, Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir
- Tauber, R. T. (2007). Classroom Management Sound Theory and Effective practice. London: Praeger Publishers
- Torrence, P. (). Classroom Management and Behavioural Objectives, Chap. 1,3.
- UNESCO (1997). Adult Education: The Hamburg Declaration, UNESCO, Paris.

SEMESTER-I

515: ELECTIVE GENERIC- I

NON-FORMAL EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint student's teachers with the Concept, Need and Importance of Non-Formal Education.
- To make student teachers aware about various models of Non- Formal Education.
- To make student teachers familiar with the characteristics of Non-Formal Education Learners, Methods of Teaching, and material used in Non-Formal Education Programme.
- To develop certain Skills necessary for Organizing Non-Formal Education Centers.

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: Non-Formal Education:

Concept, Meaning, Definitions and Characteristics, Systems of Non-Formal Education in India, Need and Importance of Non-Formal Education. Models of Non-Formal Education.

UNIT II: Non-Formal Education Functionaries

Selection, Training, Duties and Problems. Type and activities of Non-Formal Education.

UNIT III: Agencies of Non-Formal Education:

Government, State Resource Center, Distance Education Centers, Open Schooling, – their role, responsibilities, monitoring and evaluation.

UNIT IV: Non-formal Education: Learner and Materials

Characteristics of Non-formal Education Learner, Methods of Teaching, Materials for teaching Non-Formal Education learners - primer and reader. supplementary books, Teaching Aids.

UNIT V: Evaluation in Non- Formal Education

Evaluation of a Non-Formal Curriculum at a particular level, Evaluation of Instructional material for Non- Formal Education, Evaluation of a Non- Formal Education Program, Evaluation of Students' learning.

Practical Activities

1. Case Study of a Non-Formal Education Centre

- 2. Visit to State Resource Centre
- 3. Evaluating Reading and Writing Material

REFERENCES:

Ahemad, M.: Proudhon ko Padhane Likhane ki Shiksha, Saksharta

Adhyapak Margdarshika, Shiksha Mantralaya. New Delhi: Bharat Sarkar, 1965.

Bhatnagar, S.: Adhunik Bhartiya Shikshan aur Uski Samasyaen, Adhyay 12 Samaj Shiksha, Meerut: Lion book Depot, 1980.

Johari and Pathak: Bhartiya Shiksha ki Samasyayen, Adhyay 4 Samaj Shiksha, Agra, Vinod Pustak Mandir, 1963.

Proudh Shiksha Sansadhan (Bhag 1 Aur 2) Adhayan Adhyapan Samagri: Rajya Sansadhan Kendra Proudh Shiksha, M.P., Bhopal.

Rastogi, K.P.: Bhartiya Shiksha ka Vikas Avam Samasyayae, Adhyay 17 Proudh Shiksha Evam Samaj Shiksha, Meerut: Sarita Prakashan, 1968.

SEMESTER-I

515: ELECTIVE GENERIC- I

GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To make students aware of the meaning and definition of Guidance and Counselling.
- To make students aware of the importance of Guidance and Counselling for promoting better adjustment in life.
- To familiarize students with different methods of counselling, Qualities and Role of Effective Counsellor and Counselling Interview.
- To develop competency among students to identify the need of Counselling, Psychotherapy, Psychoanalysis and Social work agency.
- To develop competency among students in evaluating individual differences.
- To equip students for establishing a Guidance Unit.
- To acquaint the students with the need of Educational and Vocational Guidance at secondary level.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: Introduction of Guidance

Meaning, Definition, Aims, Principles and Processof Guidance, Difference between Guidance and Counselling. Need of Guidance and counselling with special reference to modern Indian scenario- Social, Educational and Moral.

UNIT II: Introduction of Counselling

Meaning, Definition, Aims and Processof Counselling. Different Types, Techniques and methods of Counselling. Qualities of effective Counsellor, counselling Interview. Role of Counsellor in adjustment of an individual, development of study habits.

UNIT III: Educational Guidance

Meaning, definition, Aims, Scope and Process of Educational Guidance. Need of Educational Guidance at different stages of Education especially higher secondary stage.collecting, Filing and disseminating educational information.

UNIT IV: Vocational Guidance

Meaning, definition, Aims, Scope and Process of Vocational Guidance. Need of Vocational Guidance at different stages of Education especially higher secondary level, collecting, Filing and disseminating vocational information.

UNIT V: Guidance Unit- Services, Personnel and Techniques

Requirement and Procedure of establishing Guidance unit at secondary level, Different services and Personnel of Guidance, Testing and Non-testing techniques used in Guidance- Types, Scoring and Interpretation.

ACTIVITIES: (Any Two)

- Job Analysis
- Visit to different Guidance Centres (Child Guidance Centre, Choithram School, Blind School etc.)
- Visit to Mentally Retarded Children"s Home
- Film Review/Script writing for counselling

REFERENCES:

Bengalee, M.S.: Guidance and Counselling. Bombay: Seth Publishers, 1984.

Bhatnagar, A. and Gupta, N.: Guidance and Counselling Vol. I –A Theoretical Perspective New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

Bhatnagar, A. and Gupta, N.: Guidance and Counselling Vol. II – A Theoretical Perspective New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

Crow, L. and Crow, A.: Introduction to Guidance. New Delhi: Eurasia, 1962.

Geldard, K. and Geldard, D.: Counselling Children: A Practical Introduction. New Delhi: Sage Publication, 1997.

Gibson, R.L. and Mitchell, M.H.: Introduction to Counselling and Guidance. New Jersey: Merrill Prentice Hall, 1995.

Jaisawal, S.R.: Guidance and Counselling. Lucknow Prakashan, 1985.

Kochhar, S.K.: Guidance in Indian Education. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1984.

Myers, G.E.: Principles and Techniques of Vocational Guidance. London: McGraw Hill book Company, 1941.

Nayak, A.K.: Guidance and Counselling. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation, 1997.

Oberoi, S.C.: Educational Vocational guidance and Counseling (Hindi) Meerut: Loyal Book Depot, 1993.

Sharma, R.A.: Fundamentals of Guidance and Counseling. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot, 2001.

SEMESTER-I

515: ELECTIVE GENERIC- I

LIFE SKILLS

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To familiarize student-teachers in the theoretical foundations of Life Skills Education
- To prepare student-teachers in training methodologies and enable students to apply Life Skills in various spheres
- To develop professionals in Life Skills Education and enhance the ability to contribute as youth workers specialized in the area of Life Skills Education.
- To foster the spirit of social responsibility in students and enhance social and Emotional well being

UNIT-I Concept Need and Scope

Life Skills: Concept, need and importance of Life Skills. Life Skills Education: Concept, need and importance for teachers. Life Skills, Livelihood Skills and Survival Skills. Core Life Skills prescribed by World Health Organization. Classification of Life Skills, Key Issues and Concerns of Adolescent students in emerging Indian context, Role of Community and Parenting to Support Life Skill Education.

UNIT-II Evaluating and Methods Enhancing the Life Skills

Methods and Strategies for Developing Life Skills: Classroom Discussions, Brainstorming and Role play, Demonstration and Guided Practice, Audio and Visual activities, Small Groups discussions followed by a presentation of group reports. Educational Games and Simulation, Case Studies, Storytelling, Debates, Decision making and mapping. Resource Material Development for Life Skills, Assessment of life Skills: Immediate, Short term and long Term.

UNIT-III Thinking Skills

Introduction to various thinking skills; Self Awareness, Problem Solving, Decision Making, Critical thinking and Creative thinking, Development and Assessment of thinking skills.

UNIT- IV Social Skills

Introduction to various Social skills; Communication skill, Interpersonal Skill

and Empathy. Development and Assessment of Social skills.

UNIT- V Negotiation Skills

Introduction to various Negotiation skills; Coping with Stress, Managing Emotions, Conflict Resolution and Consensus Building. Development and Assessment of Negotiation skills.

REFERENCES

CBSE (2013). Teacher's Manual on Life Skills. Class VII, Delhi : CBSE

Cai, C. (). Life Skills: A facilitator's Guide for Teenagers. Nepal: UNICEF.

- Debra McGregor, (2007).Developing Thinking; Developing Learning A guide to thinking skills in education, Open University Press, New York, USA
- Hogg A.Michael and Cooper Joel, (2007). Social Psychology, Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Nair .V. Rajasenan, (2010). Life Skills, Personality and Leadership, Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development, Tamil Nadu.
- Prakash B. (Ed). (2003). Adolescence and life skills Common Wealth Youth Program, Asian Center, Common wealth Secretariat. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- RGNIYD. (2008). Facilitators Manual on Enhancing Life Skills. Tamil Nadu Family Health International, NACO,
- Stella Cottrell, (2005). Critical Thinking Skills: Developing Effective Analysis and Argument, Palgrave Macmillan Ltd., New York

UNESCO (2005). Quality Education and Life Skills: Darkar Goals, UNESCO, Paris.

USAID (2007), Life Skills Education tool kit for Orphans and vulnerable children in India

SEMESTER - I

516: DEVELOPMENT OF TEACHING SKILLS

OBJECTIVES:

- To orient student teacher in Theoretical aspects of Microteaching, Teaching Skills, Integration of Teaching Skills.
- To develop competency among students teacher in Teaching Skills, Integration of **Teaching Skills.**
- To help student teacher in transferring the learnt skills in real classroom situation.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Teaching Skills & Microteaching

Teaching as Professional skilled activity, Teaching Skills- Meaning and Definition, Preparation of Teachers through Micro- teaching, Micro- teaching: Concept, Steps and Scope, Difference between Micro and Macro- teaching, Advantages and Limitations of Micro- teaching; Feedback, Modeling, Simulation and Role Playing.

UNIT II: Skills of Micro- teaching

- Introducing a Lesson
- Black- board Writing
- Reinforcement
- Probing Questioning
- Stimulus Variation
- Explaining
- Integration: Meaning and Strategy

UNIT III: Practice of prescribed Microteaching Skills (3 Lessons per Skill)

REFERENCES:

Buddhisagar, M. & Dubey, A.: Introduction to Microteaching, Rakhi Prakashan, Agra, 2012 Passi, B.K.: Becoming Better Teacher- A Microteaching Approach. Sahitya Mudranalaya, Ahmadabad, 1975.

Singh, T. and Singh, P.: Shikshan Abhyas ke Sopan. Bharat Bharti Prakashan, Jaunpur, 1984

CREDITS: 3

SEMESTER – I

517: EPC 1- READING AND REFLECTING

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 2

- To empower students in effective reading of a text with appropriate voice modulations, stress and speed.
- To help them read a narrative, poetic, prosaic, interactive, satirical, autobiographical text suitably, meaningfully and effectively.
- To develop among students a taste for reading, listening, reflecting and sharing the meaning of the text.
- To develop among students capacity to analyze and summarize the ideas expressed in the text.
- To enable the students to identify the assumptions underlying the text.
- To empower them to grasp the import of the text, evaluate its contents and have their own views on the text.
- To help students in gaining confidence by overcoming the blush and nervousness associated with public speaking.
- To initiate students into joy of reading good poetical, satirical, biopic, reflective and other kinds of text.
- To cultivate among students the habit of reading original works of great exponents of various disciplines.

CONTENTS:

The course on Reading and Reflecting is a practical course consisting of following activities:

Activity I

Reading and listening of a narrative, poetic, prosaic, interactive, satirical, autobiographical text selected by the faculty in a group or small sub-groups with a view to develop reading skills.

Activity II

Reading of text selections from original works of authors representing various academic disciplines with a view to cultivate interest in basic writings. These readings will be followed by discussion on the contents and the perspective of the respective authors.

Activity III

Reviewing a selected original work of a leading thinker of discipline of interest, expounding its major ideas and presenting one's own reflections on it before the entire group either through Power Point Presentation or through informal dialogue.

Note: Students will maintain a diary and record their observations, experiences and reflections on day to day basis.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Lists of suggested writings for each activity are as follows. Concerned teachers will have freedom to add to it any work they deem suitable for the students.

Activity I:

Some of the readings under this activity may include selections from:

Dushyant Kumar- Saye me Dhoop; Hari Shankar Parsai- Jaise unke din fire, Pitaras-Hamne bhi Sayakil Khareedi, Om Prakash Balmiki- Jhoothan; Malala Yousufzai- I am Malala; Yuvraj- The Test of my Life: From Cricket to Cancer and Back; Sadat Hasan Manto- Short Stories; Kahlil Gibran- The Prophet; Selected couplets from writings of Ghalib, Mir, Faiz, Faraz, Firaq and Ibne Insha; Suitable 'Dohas' created by poets like Kabir and Rahim. Scholarly articles from Newspapers, Magazines and Journals

Activity II & III

Students may select any one of the following scholarly works according to their interest for reading and review:Karl Marx- Communist Manifesto, Albert Einstein-Ideas and Opinions; Aldous Huxley- Brave New World, George Orwell- Animal Farm, 1984; Habermas- Knowledge and Interest; Thomas Kuhn- The Counter Revolution of Science, Karl Popper- Conjectures and Refutations, Bertrand Russel- Wisdom of the West; Eric Fromm- Sane Society, E.F. Schumacher- Small is Beautiful; M. K. Gandhi-Hind Swaraj; Gijubhai Badheka- Diva Swapna; Paulo Freire- Pedagogy of the Oppressed; Plato- Republic; Aristotle- Ethics; Ivan Illich- Deschooling Society, Paul Riemmer- School is Dead; John Holt- How Children Fail, Tetsuko Kuruyanagi- Totto-Chan, Alvin Toffler- Third Wave, Future Shock, Shreelal Shukla- Rag Darbari; Kamleshwar- Kitne Pakistan; Prem Chand- Godan, Nirmala.

SEMESTER – I

518: EPC- 2

CREATIVE EXPRESSION SKILLS

OBJECTIVES

CREDIT: 1

- To develop among students an appreciation of the potency of creative expression for effective communication.
- To help them develop different skills for creatively and suitably expressing themselves in different teaching learning situations.
- To enable them to learn the use of various media and materials for creative expression.
- To bring out the pool of multifarious talent hidden within students.
- To help them learn how educational dialogue can be enriched through the power of creative expression.
- To help them develop their personality and self actualization by allowing them participate in variety of creative activities.
- To provide students platform for working individually and in groups for enhancement of their skills.

CONTENT

Students will choose any one activities by taking one from different Activities. Students may be divided among a number of Houses and competitions may be organized.

Activities

Poster making, Storytelling, Debate, Recitation of Poems and Ex-tempore,

Mono Acting, Drama, / NukkadNatak, Mime

SEMESTER – II

521: PSYCHOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES OF LEARNING

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To develop understanding about nature of learning and the stages of adolescence among students for their educational implications.
- To familiarize students about individual differences that effect classroom learning.
- To enable students to identify various factors among different learners for selecting suitable teaching learning strategy.

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: Learning

Concept of Learning, Factors affecting learning, Methods of learning- Imitation, Observation, Trial and Error and Insight.

UNIT II: Approaches of Learning

Approaches of Learning: Behaviorist; Classical Conditioning, Trial and Error, Operant Conditioning. Cognitive; Insight Learning, Constructivist, Social and Humanistic Approaches of Learning.

UNIT III: Transfer of learning

Meaning, Definition, Types, Theories of transfer of Learning and their Educational Implications

UNIT IV: Memory and forgetting

Memory: Meaning, Definition, Types, Process and Methods of improving memory Forgetting: Meaning, Definition, Causes of Forgetting, Interdependence of Memory and Forgetting

UNIT V: Concept Formation

Definitions, Types of Concepts, Phases and Factors Affecting Concept Formation, Educational Implications of Concept Formation

Practical

- I. Experiment on Associative Learning Phenomenon.
- II. Experiment on Trial and Error Learning Process.
- III. Bilateral transfer of Learning by using mirror drawing apparatus.
- IV. Assessing memory level of adolescents through standardized test.

V. Experiment on concept formation

REFERENCES:

- Chauhan, S.S.: Advanced Educational Psychology, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt.,Ltd., 1998.
- Dandpani, S.: A Textbook of Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Anmol Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- Dash, M.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi, 1991.
- Kundu, C.L. and Tutoo, D.N.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- Mathur, S.S.: Educational Psychology. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 2000.
- Pal, H.R. and Sharma, K. Prayogik Grih Manovigyan and Manavikas Agra: Star Publication, 1989.
- Woodworth, R.S. and Schlosberg: Experimental Psychology. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishers, 1971.

SEMESTER – II

522: EXPLORING & DEVELOPING TEACHING LEARNING RESOURCES

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint students with the nature and scope of Teaching Learning Resources
- To develop competency in handling Teaching Learning Resources.
- To familiarize students with the role of mass media in improving teaching learning process.
- To develop the skill of preparing effective Teaching Learning Resources.
- To make students aware about the concept of management of teaching learning resources (system approach).

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: Introduction of Teaching Learning Resources

- Concept and Meaning
- Nature and Scope
- Classification and Different approaches of Teaching Learning Resources: Hardware, Software, & System approaches.

UNIT II: Strategic Use of Teaching Learning Resources

- Edger Dale's cone of experience
- Application of different gadgets and Preparation of various Teaching Learning Resources
- Audio Teaching Learning Resources: Voice Recorder and Scripting
- Visual Teaching Learning Resources: Boards, Pictures, Graph, OHP & Transparencies, Charts, Models, Slides, Video Scripting and Low Cost Teaching Aids.
- Audio-Visual Teaching Learning Resources: Film projector, Videotape Recorder, CCTV, LCD, Smart Board, Multi Media.

UNIT III: Individualized Teaching Learning Resources

- PLM, DIM, Module and PSI, CAI,
- Concept Mapping: Meaning and Steps of development.

UNIT IV: Management of Teaching Learning Resources

• System Approach: Meaning, Components with special reference to classroom

instruction.

UNIT V:Teaching Learning Resources for Mass Education

 Mass Media: Meaning, Concept and Role of mass media – Radio, TV and Printed Material, Open Access system-Library, Internet, on- line classes etc.

PRACTICALS:

- Preparation of Charts, Models and Transparencies.
- Development of Audio / Audio Visuals Scripts.
- Hands-on experience of different gadgets like OHP, LCD Projector.
- Preparation of Multimedia Planner Sheet.

REFERENCES:

Brown, J.W., R.B. and Hercheroad.(1977). A.V. instruction Technology Media and Method. New York: McGraw Hill Books Company.

Davis, I.K. (1971). The management of Learning, London: McGraw Hill Book Company.

Decca, John, P.(1964). Educational Technology: Reading in Programmed Instruction, London: Holt Rinehart and Winston.

Mangal, S.K. (1988). Fundamentals of Educational Technology. Ludhiana: Prakash Brothers.

Mukhopadhyay, M.: Educational Technology– Challenging Issue. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Private Limited, 1980.

Sampath, K. etal.(1990). Introduction to Educational Technology. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Private Limited.

Sharma, R.A.(1980). Technology of Teaching (Teacher Behaviour). Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.

- William, D. Bontwell.(1962). Using Mass Media in School. New York: Applet ion Century Crops.
- Taber, J.J., Glaser, R. and Schafer, H.H.(1965). Learning and Programmed Instruction. Massachusetts: Addison Weller Reading.

523: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT -I PHYSICAL SCIENCES

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint B.Ed. students with the nature of Physical science& its place in the school curriculum.
- To develop an understanding about the relationship of Physical science with other school subjects.
- To familiarize B.Ed. students with the aims and objectives of Physical science teaching for secondary school students.
- To acquaint B.Ed. students with different aspects of lesson planning.
- To acquaint B.Ed. students with different types of teaching methods in Physical science.
- To familiarize B.Ed. students with different aspects of Physical science laboratory and Learning resources in Physical science.
- To develop critical understanding and development of Physical science curriculum.
- To acquaint students with different co-curricular activities related to Physical science for secondary students.
- To acquaint students with different ways of creating learning situations in learning different concepts of physical science
- To make student examine different pedagogical issues in learning physical science.
- To acquaint student teachers with different methodology of evaluation.
- To acquaint students with use of constructivism in classrooms Science Teaching.
- To familiarize students with current trends in Science Teaching.

CONTENT:

UNIT-I: Nature & Scope of Science

- Basic understanding of discipline, evolution of science as a discipline
- Science as a body of knowledge : Facts, concepts, principles, laws and theories
- Science as a process of constructing knowledge : Processing skills, Scientific method
- Scientific Literacy and Scientific Attitude

- Relationship of Physical Science with other subjects
- Relationship of Science, Technology, and Society

UNIT II: Aims and Objectives of Teaching Physical Science

- Aims and objectives of teaching physical science : Different domains and Stages
- Writing Instructional Objectives and their role in evaluation of educational outcomes in Physical Science

UNIT III: Methodology for Physical Science

- Development of Unit & Lesson plans: Need, Meaning, Definition and Steps, Herbertian & Bloom's evaluative approaches to lesson planning
- Methods of Teaching Physical Science: Demonstration, Problem Solving, Laboratory, Panel Discussion, Role Play, Project, Collaborative & experiential method
- Designing Lesson plans in accordance with each of the above method of teaching
- Constructivism in Physical Science: Concept, Types, Characteristics and Role of teacher in constructivist classroom. A sample lesson plan using Constructivism.
- Evaluation in Physical science

UNIT IV: Resources of learning in Physical Science

- Laboratories in Physics and Chemistry: Planning, organization, maintenance & safety measures
- Science clubs, Science Fair & Field Trips: Planning & organization
- Exploring alternative resources: Improvisation of apparatus. developing science kit, Multimedia–selection and designing; Use of ICT

UNIT V: Physical Science Curriculum

- Meaning, Definition of curriculum
- Principles of Physical science curriculum
- Meaning and characteristics of a progressive curriculum
- Recommendation of NCF-2005 on science curriculum
- Issues in physical science curriculum

ACTIVITIES:

- Review of physical science curriculum of class at secondary level
- Visit to a place of scientific interest
- Science exhibition: Planning /organization/Evaluation

- Organization of panel discussion or seminar on current issues of science
- Development of improvised material
- Biography of some eminent scientists
- Historical Evolution of some key concepts in Physical Science
- Organisation of different activities on Science Days
- Development of multimedia based Instructional material.

REFERENCES:

Das,R.C.(1985). Science Teaching in School. New Delhi: Sterling Publisher.

Gupta, S.K. (1985). Teaching Physical Science in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.

International Journal of Science Education; Taylor & Francis

Journal of Research in Science Teaching (Wiley-Blackwell).

Mangal,S.K. (1982). Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Agra Book Depot.

NCERT. (1982). Teaching of Science in Secondary School. New Delhi: NCERT.

NCERT. National Curriculum Framework- 2005, New Delhi: NCERT.

NCERT, (2005). 'Focus Group Report' Teaching of Science. New Delhi: NCERT.

Rawat, D.S. (1981). Teaching of Science. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Science Teacher (NSTA's peer reviewed journal for secondary science teachers)

Sharma, R.C. (1975). Modern Science Teaching. Delhi: Dhanpatrai & Sons.

Thurber, W.A. & Collette, A.T. (1970). Teaching of Science in Today's Secondary School. Boston: Allayed Bacon Inc.

Vaidya, N. (1996). The Impact of Science Teaching New Delhi: Oxford Publishers.

Radha, M. (2012). Innovative Science Teaching .NewDelhi :PHL Learning.

Burner, J.S. (1966). Towards a theory of Instrucation. Cambridge: Bolknap Press.

UNESCO. (1980). Handbook of Science Teachers, UNESCO, Paris.

Tobin,K.(1993). The practice of Constuctivism in Science Education. Newyork: Lawrence Erlbaum Associatrs.

523: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT -I

HISTORY

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- Analyze the concepts, theories and the contents relating to history at secondary level.
- Achieve mastery over the methods, techniques and skill for presenting contents.
- Develop teaching aids and other learning materials.
- Develop the idea, structure and importance of lesson plan.
- Develop innovative lesson plans for Concept Attainment and acquisition of subject specific skills.
- Acquire a fair understanding over development and use of tolls for evaluation.
- Conduct pedagogical analysis of the content of history and identify concepts. Facts, trends and principles.
- Understand the problem solving and prejudices in history and controversial issues in their right perspective.
- Develop awareness about the significance of history for modern society.
- Evaluate instructional materials and the support materials.
- Utilize current affairs, news papers etc. in teaching of history.
- Develop and use various evaluation procedures and tools for assessing the achievement of students.

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: Concept, Nature and scope of History:

Evolution of the concept of History; theories and philosophies of history; classification of history. Relationship of history with various branches of social sciences and humanities. Concept of historiography; historical methods. Nature and Scope of Teaching History: Aims and objectives of teaching history at secondary level. Role of History Teacher.

UNIT II: Curriculum Organization in History:

Selection and Organization of contents in history curriculum at secondary stage, critical analysis of history curriculum at secondary stage. Review of history text book at

secondary level, use of history text book, nature and characteristic of a good text book, principles to be followed for developing good textbook in history.

UNIT III: Methods of Teaching History

Story-telling, narration-cum discussion, dramatization, supervised study, source, historical excursion, community resource, group learning, self learning; teaching of controversial issues and Indian culture, scientific enquiry and problem solving in history. Activity based teaching in history. Time sense in teaching history. Skills for preparing time line charts, maps, questioning, explaining and illustrating with examples.

UNIT IV: Pedagogical analysis of history contents:

Ancient India, Medieval India, British India, World History, European history, Modern World (Human Rights and Democracies).

UNIT V: Lesson Planning and Evaluation:

Lesson Plan– Scope and importance, lesson planning for concept centred teaching and for subject-specific skill development. Evaluation in history: Types of evaluation, objectives, construction of various tests including achievement test

ACTIVITIES:

- Seminars on relevant issues
- Construction of achievement test in history
- Preparation of scrap book on historical events
- Field trip to study local history
- Organizing History Quiz
- Critical Evaluation of history text books of a particular class
- Critical Appraisal of History syllabus at Secondary Level
- Preparation of low/no cost teaching aids

REFERENCES:

Chaudhary, K.P.: Effective Teaching of History in India. New Delhi: NCERT, 1975.

Ghate, V.D.: The Teaching of History. Bombay: Oxford University Press, 1956.

Ghosh, K.D.: Creative Teaching of History. Bombay: Oxford University Press, 1951.

Kochhar, S.K.: Teaching of History. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1967.

Lewis, N. M.: Teaching of History in Secondary Schools. London: Evans Brothers Ltd., 1956.

NCERT: Teaching History in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: NCERT, 1970.

Panday, G.O. (Ed.): Itihas Swaroop avam Siddhant. Jaipur: Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, 1991.

Sharma, R.S.: Ancient India – A History Text for Class IX. New Delhi: NCERT, 1990.

Tyagi, G.D.: Teaching of History. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 1995.

Yadav, Nirmal: Teaching of History. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., 1994

523: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT -I GEOGRAPHY

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To make the student teachers aware of the perspectives of Geography.
- To orient student teachers in the traditional and modern methodology of teaching of geography.
- To develop competency among student teachers in the skills of preparing lesson plan.
- To provide student teachers with the opportunities for understanding Community and institutions as well as their various problems by field Activities.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Perspectives in Geography

- Development of modern nature of Geography.
- Meaning, Scope and sub divisions of Geography.
- Importance and place of Geography in School curriculum.
- Curriculum of Geography at secondary stage
- Aims and Objectives of teaching Geography
- Basic concepts and components of Geography

UNIT II: Methods of Teaching Geography

- Traditional methods of teaching: Lecture, Story Telling, Inductive, Deductive, Observation, Descriptive, field Trips (excursion), Regional, Comparative, Project, Dalton, Problem Solving, Discussion
- Modern methods of teaching: Experimental, Scientific, Laboratory, Activity Method, field Study

UNIT III: Lesson Planning

- Meaning and importance of Lesson Planning
- Herbertian, Questioning and Evaluative Approaches.
- Preparation of Lesson Plan.

UNIT IV: Role of Geography Teacher

- Teacher as a Social Architect
- Characteristics of Geography Teacher
- Seminar on the contribution of any reputed teacher
- Local geography: Importance and methods of teaching local environment

UNIT V: Audio Visual Aids in Teaching Geography

• Teaching Aids –Black Board, Atlas, Maps, Charts, diagrams, Picture, Models, Globe, Film, Radio, T.V., Specimens etc

ACTIVITIES: (Any Two)

- Preparation of Teaching Aids.
- Preparation of Question Bank
- Conducting Seminar
- Visit to Natural, Historical and Educational Institution (Presenting report)

REFERENCES:

- Barnard, H.C. (1963). Principles and Practices of Teaching Geography. Patna: Bihar Hindi Granth Academy.
- Chaudawat, R.S. (1972). World Geography. Gwalior: Kitab Ghar.

Gossip, G.H. (1974). The Teaching of Geography. London: McMillan.

Prasad, Jagdish (1982). Teaching of Geography. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Singh, H.N. (2009). Teaching of Geography. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Singh, H. (2003). Bhugol shikshan ke aayaam Agra: Radha Prakashan.

Tara Chand (1990). Principles of Teaching. New Delhi; Anmol Publication.

UNESCO (1965). Source Book for Geography Teaching. New York: Thomson Press, UNESCO St. Martins Press.

523: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT- I POLITICAL SCIENCE

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To review, upgrade and update his knowledge of Political Science.
- To develop practical skills in analyzing political phenomena.
- To develop the ability of critical thinking and apply the acquired knowledge and skills in complex situations.
- Acquaint themselves with principles of formulating curriculum and preparation of text books in political science.
- Acquire different methods, approaches, theories of political science and political science teaching methods and techniques as well.
- Formulate lesson planning, particularly for development of concepts and subject specific skills.
- Comprehend various decisions of the political problems at local, national and world levels.
- Understand the problem solving approach and be able to teach controversial political issues in their proper perspective.
- Understand the effective uses and preparation of instructional materials.
- Develop capability for abstract and conceptual thinking for solution of complex political problems.
- Develop the ability to device appropriate evaluation procedures & construct objective based achievement test.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: Concept and Aim of Political Science

Meaning, Nature, Scope, Approaches of Political Science and Political science Teaching; Status of political science teaching at senior secondary stage; Political Science Teaching : Aims and Objectives, Identification & Attainment of competencies to be developed through Political Science Teaching

UNIT II: Political Science Curriculum and Text Books

Principles of Curriculum Construction, Organization and Evaluation, Place of Political Science in Senior Secondary School Curriculum, Critical Appraisal of Existing Political Science Curriculum of CBSE/ MP Board, Preparation and Evaluation of Political Science textbooks.

UNIT III: Methods of Teaching in Political Science:

Traditional and innovative methods of teaching political science: Lecture, supervised study, seminar, discussion, Role Playing, Field Visit, Project, Story Telling, Play-Way. Teaching techniques: Questioning, Jerk and Simulation

Lesson Planning: Concept, types and importance

UNIT IV: Teaching aids in Political Science

Concept, Classification, Development and use of AV materials,

Use of library resources and mass media in Pedagogy of Political Science.

Role of Multi-Media in Political Science Teaching

UNIT V: Evaluation

Difference between Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation, Characteristics of good Measurement, Diagnostic Test and Remedial Teaching, NRT & CRT, Different types of items, Standardizing an Achievement Test.

ACTIVITIES:

- Critical evaluation of Political Science Text Books of Higher Secondary Level.
- Critical Appraisal of political science syllabi of CBSE/MP Board.
- Preparation of low/no cost teaching aids.
- Organization of seminar, debate on any controversial political issue.
- Organization of model parliament.
- Preparation of achievement test in political science.

REFERENCES:

Bhartiya Shasan Aur Rajneeti. Delhi: Delhi University, 1986.

Kochhar, S.K.: Teaching of Political Science. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1970.

Mad wick, P.J.: Introduction to Politics. New York: Hutchinson Educational, 1970.

NCERT – Text Books prescribed for class XI and XII, New Delhi.

Sandhu, G.S.: Rajniti Siddhant. Delhi: Delhi University, 1988.

Saraf, F.J.: Political Science. Ohio: Charles Merrill, Columbus, 1965.

523: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT- I

COMMERECE

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint students with concept of teaching of Commerce.
- To familiarize students with aims & objectives of teaching commerce at secondary level.
- To develop ability among students of writing instructional objectives for teaching of commerce.
- To acquaint students with different methods of teaching commerce.
- To develop competency among students for preparing lesson plan according to different methods of teaching Commerce.
- To familiarize students with different types of audio-visual aids and their uses in teaching of Commerce.
- To accustom students with the progressive commerce curriculum.
- To familiarize students with different innovations in teaching of Commerce.

CONTENT:

UNIT-I:Commerce and its Teaching

- Concept, Nature, Scope and Importance of Commerce and its teaching
- Relationship of Commerce with other School subjects.
- Aims and Objectives of Teaching of Commerce
- Taxonomy of Instructional Objectives
- Writing Instructional Objectives for teaching Commerce

UNIT-II: Methods of Teaching Commerce

- Lecture, Project, Inductive, Deductive, Analysis, Synthesis and Action Learning Method
- Lesson Planning- Need, Meaning & Characteristics of a good lesson plan
- Steps of lesson planning. Designing Lesson Plans in accordance with each of the above Methods of Teaching

UNIT-III: Audio Visual Aids in Teaching of Commerce

• Concept, Need & Importance of Teaching Aids

- Bases of selection of audio-visual aids
- Different audio-visual aids: Black Board, Charts, Diagrams, Picture, Models, Globe, Projector, Film, Radio, T.V., etc and their use in effective commerce teaching.

UNIT IV:Commerce Curriculum

- Meaning, Definition and Characteristics of a progressive Commerce Curriculum.
- Different Principles involved in transaction of Commerce curriculum.
- Ideal Commerce Textbook.
- Different methods of evaluation in Commerce such as Multiple Discriminant Type Item, Open Book Exam etc.

UNIT V:Innovations in teaching of Commerce

- Use of Computers in teaching Commerce
- Jerk Technology in teaching of Commerce
- Open Learning Resources
- Constructivism.

ACTIVITIES:

- Review of Commerce curriculum of a class at Senior Secondary Level
- Evaluation of Textbook of Commerce
- Development of self-instructional material on any topic of Commerce.
- Development of digital lesson plan for Senior Secondary Level
- Preparation of Models and Charts for teaching Commerce

REFERENCES:

Bhatia, S.K.: Method of Teaching Accounts. New Delhi: Institute of Advanced Studyin Education Unit, 1995.

Jain, K.C.: Vanijay Shikshan. Jaipur: Hindi Granth Academy, 1994.

Joyce, B. & Weil, M.: Models of Teaching. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Inc., 1979.

- Pal, H.R and Pal, R.: Curriculum– Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow. New Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2006.
- Pal, H. R.: Methodologies of Teaching & Training in Higher Education. Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi University, 2000.
- Pal, H.R and Sharma, M.: Teaching of Commerce. New Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2010.

Rai, S.: Teaching of Commerce. New Delhi: Anmol Prakashan, 1995.

- Sansanwal, D. N.: Jerk Technology. Journal of Indian Education, Vol. XXVI, No. 1, 2000, pp 17-22.
- Sansanwal, D. N. & Singh, P.: Models of Teaching. Society for Educational Research & Development, Baroda, 1991.
- Sansanwal, D. N. and Tyagi, S. K.: Multiple Discriminate Type Item. MERI Journal of Education, Vol.1, No. 1, 2006, pp. 18 25.
- Siddiqui, M.A. & Khan, R. S.: Handbook for Business Studies Method of Teaching. New Delhi: Institute of Advanced study Education Unit, 1996.

Singh, R. P.: Teaching of Commerce. Meerut: Royal Book Depot, 2004.

Singh, R. P & Singh, P.: Teaching of Commerce. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 1998.

523: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT- I

हिन्दी

उद्देश्य

CREDITS: 3

- हिन्दी भाषा के इतिहास से परिचित कराना।
- बहुभाषी भारतीय समाज में प्राथमिक भाषा के रूप में हिन्दी का अध्ययन करना।
- हिन्दी अधिगम हेतु विद्यार्थियों में रुचि उत्पन्न करना।
- भाषाई कौशलों की जानकारी प्रदान करना।
- हिन्दी शिक्षण की विभिन्न विधियों व प्रविधियों को कक्षा में प्रयोग हेतु प्रशिक्षित करना।
- हिन्दी शिक्षण हेतु कम लागत वाली दृश्य—श्रृव्य सामग्री निर्माण करने की योग्यता विकसित करना।
- हिन्दी शिक्षण के विभिन्न विधाओं में पाठ योजना तैयार करने की योग्यता विकसित करना।

विषयवस्तु

इकाई प्रथमः हिन्दी भाषा का इतिहास एवं उद्देश्य

 हिन्दी भाषा का इतिहास एवं विकास, मातृभाषा, राजभाषा, सम्पर्क भाषा, साहित्यिक भाषा, मानक भाषा के रूप में हिन्दी। बोली व भाषा में अन्तर। । भारत में भाषा नीति एवं हिन्दी का स्थान, त्रिभाषा सूत्र व इसका महत्व। माध्यमिक स्तर पर हिन्दी शिक्षा के उद्देश्य एवं सिद्धांत।

इकाई द्वितीय : हिन्दी शिक्षण की विधियाँ, उपागम एवं साधन

- शिक्षण में तकनीक, विधि एवं उपागम तथा उनमें संबंध। शिक्षण विधि एवं शिक्षण विधियों के चयन के आधार।
- व्याख्यान, नाटक, प्रदर्शन, आगमन, निगमन, चर्चा, समूह शिक्षण एवं पहेली विधि।
- पाठ्यप्स्तक, रेडियो, टेपरिकार्डर, चार्ट, कार्य–पुस्तिका, चलचित्र, भाषा–प्रयोगशाला एवं उपकरण।

इकाई तृतीयः हिन्दी व्याकरण एवं भाषायी कौशल

- उपसर्ग, प्रत्यय, संधि, समास, वाक्य रचना, पत्र–लेखन, ज्ञापन, प्रतिवेदन
- श्रवण, वाचन, पठन, व लेखन कौशलों का महत्व एवं विकास।

इकाई चतुर्थः पाठयोजना एवं इकाई योजना

- पाठयोजना एवं इकाई योजना का महत्व, पाठयोजना में सामान्य एवं विशिष्ट उद्देश्य।
 लक्ष्य, अभिप्राय एवं उद्देश्य। ज्ञानात्मक, भावात्मक एवं मनोगतिक क्षेत्र।
- हरबर्ट पंचपदी योजना, हिन्दी की विभिन्न विधाओं जैसे– गद्य–पद्य, नाटक, कहानी एवं हिन्दी व्याकरण के अध्यापन हेतु पाठयोजना का निर्माण।

इकाई पंचमः हिन्दी शिक्षण में मूल्यांकन

- मापन, मूल्यांकन व उसकी विशे"ाताएँ, उपलब्धि परीक्षण, निदानात्मक परीक्षण एवं उपचारात्मक शिक्षण्ज्ञं मानक सन्दर्भित एवं निक"ा सन्दर्भित परीक्षण्ज्ञं
- नील पत्रक का निर्माण, प्रश्नों के प्रकार– निबंधात्मक प्रश्न, लघुउत्तरीय प्रश्न, वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्न व उसके प्रकार।

अनुशंसित पुस्तकें

- भाई, वाई. जे. : हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण. आगरा : विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर, 2004.
- जायस, बी. एवं वेल एम. मॉडल्स ऑफ टीचिंग, प्रिन्टिस हॉल, न्यू जर्सी,1979.
- निरंजन, के. एस., हिन्दी शिक्षण,जयपुरः देशाली प्रिंटिग प्रेस,1977.

निशांतकेतुः वर्तनी. पटनाः भारती भवन,1992.

बत्रा, ए.: नवयुग हिन्दी व्याकरण एवं रचना. नई दिल्लीः लक्ष्मी पब्लिकेशंस(प्रा.) लिमिटेड,2005.

भाटिया, के.सी.: आधुनिक भाषा शिक्षण. नई दिल्ली : तक्षशिला प्रकाशन,2001.

पाल, एच. आर.: उच्च शिक्षा में अध्यापन एवं प्रशिक्षण की प्रविधियाँ. नई दिल्लीः हिन्दी माध्यम कार्यान्वय निदेशालय दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय.2000.

प्रसाद, व्ही. एन. : आधुनिक हिन्दी व्याकरण एवं रचना. पटनाः भारती भवन,2008.

रस्तोगी, के.जी. :हिन्दी थ्याओं का अर्थपरक अध्ययन. दिल्लीः अर्चना प्रकाशन,1973.

सिंह, आई.पी. एवं सिंह पी.के. : सामान्य हिन्दी. जयपुर : यामप्रकाशन,2003.

जायस, बी. एवं वेल एम.: मॉडल्स ऑफ टीचिंग, प्रिन्टिस हॉल, न्यू जर्सी,1979.

क्षत्रिय, के., मातृ भाषा शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर, आगरा,1973.

लाल, आर. बी., हिन्दी शिक्षण, रस्तोगी पब्लिकेशन, मेरठ

सनसनवाल, डी.एन., जर्क तकनीकी, जर्नल ऑफ इंडियन एजूकेशन, अंक ग्ग्टप्ए कमांक 1,2000.

सनसनवाल, डी.एन. एवं सिंह, पी., शिक्षण प्रतिमान, सोसायटी फॉर एजूकेशनल रिसर्च एवं

डेवलपमेंट, बज़ौदा,1991.

- पाल, एच.आर, एवं पाल, आर., पाठ्यचयज्ञ कल, आज, और कल, क्षिप्रा पब्लिकेशन, नई दिल्ली,2006.
- पाल, एच.आर., उच्च शिक्षा में शिक्षण और अध्यापन की प्रविधियाँ, हिन्दी कायज्ञनवयन निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय, नई दिल्ली,2000.

523: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT- I

ENGLISH

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint the students with objectives and importance of English teaching.
- To enable the students to understand the different roles of language
- To acquaint the students with methods of teaching English.
- To develop in students the competency of preparing lessons and transmitting it effectively in the classroom.
- To enrich the understanding of contents of English language among students.
- To enable the students to understand the importance of home language and school language and the role of mother tongue in education;
- To use multilingualism as a strategy in the classroom situation;
- To develop an understanding of the nature of language system;
- To make students understand about the teaching of poetry, prose and drama;
- To identify methods, approaches and materials for teaching English at various levels in the Indian context
- To understand constructive approach to language teaching and learning;
- To develop and use teaching aids in the classroom both print and audiovisual material and ICT (internet and computer technology);
- To understand need and functions of language lab
- To understand the process of language assessment

UNIT I: ROLE AND STATUS OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE IN INDIA

- Definition, Characteristics and role of Language.
- Various language forms and their importance.
- English as a colonial language, English in Post-colonial times; English as a language of knowledge; Position of English as second language in India; English and Indian languages; English as a link language in global context;
- Challenges of teaching and learning English.

UNIT II: NATURE OF LANGUAGE

- Linguistic System: The 53 Organization of sounds; structure of sentences
- The concept of Universal grammar; Nature and structure of meaning
- Basic concept of phonology, morphology, syntax and semantics

UNIT III: ACQUISITION OF LANGUAGE SKILLS:

Teaching of four basic skills:

- Listening: (i) Meaning and Components of listening, (ii) listening and other skills, (iii) Intensive and Extensive listening, (iv) Teaching of listening
- Speaking; (i) Elements of speech (ii) Importance of speaking skill, (iii) Improving speaking skill
- Reading; (i) Significance (ii) Good Reading Habits, , (iii) Different types of Readings: aims, characteristics and importance of each type (iv) Methods of Teaching reading
- Writing: (i) Function of writing (ii) Stages and methods of writing, (iii) Mechanics of writing (iv) Characteristics of Good writing (v) Teaching of Writing

UNIT V: METHODS OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING

- Methods and approaches to English Teaching: (i) conventional Methods. (ii) New Techniques – quiz, Seminar, debate, role playing, (iii) gaming in language (iv) Constructive approach; Multilingual approach to language teaching (John Dewey, Bruner, J. Piaget, L. Vygotsky, Chomsky, Krashen), and Indian thought on language teaching (Panini, Kamta Prasad, Kishori Das Vajpai, etc.).
- Lesson planning: (i) Definition, importance, types and characteristics of a good lesson plan; (ii) Planning of prose, poetry, grammar and composition lesson with reference to their teaching methods & (iii) Different exposition techniques.

UNIT V: TEACHING AIDS AND EVALUATION

- Teaching aids: Type and role in language teaching, (ii) TextBook: Definition, Importance and Criteria of a good text book, (iii) Diagnostic and remedial techniquemeaning and importance.(iv) Language Laboratory: Concept and importance
- Evaluation: Conventional and New approaches

ACTIVITIES: (Individual or group)

- Preparation of four teaching aids.
- Evaluation of any secondary level English Textbook.

- Evaluating the English syllabus of Secondary stage.
- Evaluating the English question papers of different competitive exams.
- Preparation of diagnostic test and remedial material
- Project for enriching English-language in rural areas

REFERENCES:

Allen & Campbell: Teaching English as a second language, TMH Edition, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, 1972.

Bisht, A.R.: Teaching of English Sixth Edition. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 1965. Billows, F.L.: The Techniques of Language Teaching London: Long Man Group, 1961.

Chaudhary, N.R.: Teaching English in Indian Schools, New Delhi: H.Publishing Corporation, 1998.

Jain, R.K.: Essentials of English in Indian Schools. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 1994.

Kohli,A.L.:TeachingEnglish.New Delhi Dhanpat Rai and Sons, 1973. Ryburn, W.M.: The Teaching of the mother Tongue. Bombay: Oxford University Press, 1963.

Sachdev, M.S.: Teaching of English in India. Ludhiana: Prakash Brothers Educational Publishers, 1983.

Sharma, K.L.: Methods of Teaching English in India. Agra: Laxmi Narayan Agrawal,

1970.Shrivastava, B.D.: Structural Approach to the Teaching of English. Agra: Ramprasad and Sons, 1968

SEMESTER-II

524: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT-II

BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint B.Ed. students with the nature of Biology, it place in the school curriculum.
- To develop an understanding about the relationship of biology with other school subjects.
- To familiarize B.Ed. students with the aims and objectives of biology teaching to secondary school students.
- To acquaint B.Ed. students with different aspects of lesson planning.
- To acquaint B.Ed. students with different types of teaching methods inbiology teaching.
- To familiarize B.Ed. students with different aspects of biology laboratoryand audio visual aids, excursion, etc.
- To develop critical understanding and development of biology curriculum.
- To acquaint students with different co-curricular activities related tobiology for secondary students.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Discipline of Biological Science

Meaning and definition of biological science, Nature of biological science, History of biological science, Linkage of biology with the life and other school subjects

UNIT II: Aims and Objectives of Teaching Biological Science

Aims and objectives of teaching biological science: Cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains, Objectives of teaching biological science at different levels.

UNIT III: Methodology for Teaching Biological Science

Lesson Planning: Need, Definition, Meaning and Steps of Herbartian lesson plan. Methods of Teaching: Lecture, Demonstration, Project, Problem Solving, Scientific and Laboratory method. Collaborative and Experiential learning in biological science: Role playing, Quiz, Seminar and Panel Discussion, Symposium (preparation of at least one lesson plan based on above methods).Concept mapping

UNIT IV: Learning Resources in Biological Science

Identification and use of learning resources in biological science from immediate environmental, exploring alternative sources; Nurturing natural curiosity of observation and drawing conclusion. Organization of biology laboratory, planning and maintenance of biology lab andits role, Audio-visual aids in teaching science, improvised apparatus. Science excursion, Science fair, Organizing various curricular activities: debate, discussion, drama, poster making on issuesrelated to science/biology,ICT applications in learning biology, Organizing events on specific day:Earth Day, Environment Day, etc. Assessment of experimentalwork in biological science

UNIT V:BiologicalScience Curriculum & Learner Enrichment

Science Curriculum: Functions, characteristics of a progressive curriculum, defects in existing curriculum. Awareness about recent scientific developments, Generating discussion, involving learners in teaching-learning process, encouraging learners to raise questions, appreciating dialogue amongst peer groups, Encouraging learners to collect materials from local resources and to develop/fabricate suitable activities in biological science (individual or group work)

ACTIVITIES:

- Review of Biology Science Curriculum of any class from VI to X.
- Visit to places of scientific interest and reporting by students.
- Organization of panel discussion or seminar.
- Development of improvised apparatus in biological science.
- Contribution of eminent Biologist.
- Content enrichment in the following areas from the syllabus of class IX:Difference between living and non-living, classification, cell and tissuesetc.

REFERENCES:

Bhat, B.D. and Sharma, S.R. (1993). Methods of Science Teaching.New Delhi: Kanishka Publishing House.

Das, R.C. (1985). Science in Schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.

Gupta, S.K. (1983). Teaching of Science Education. New Delhi: Vikas Publishers.

Gupta, S.K. (1985). Teaching Physical Science in Secondary. New Delhi: SterlingPublishers.

- Gupta,V.K. (1995).Teaching and Learning of Science and Technology. NewDelhi:Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Kishore, L. (1991). Teaching of Physical Science. Delhi: Doaba House.
- Mangal, S.K. (1982). Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Agra Book Depot.
- NCERT: (1982). Teaching of Science in Secondary Schools, New Delhi: NCERT.
- Rawat, D.S. (1981). Teaching of Science. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir,

524: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT-II

MATHEMATICS

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To help student teachers appreciate the distinctive character of Mathematics and the power and beauty of Mathematical type of reasoning.
- To develop in student teachers the ability to spell out aims and objectives of teaching the subject as secondary level.
- To train student teachers in different methods and approaches of Teaching Mathematics.
- To impart the skill of handling the diverse techniques of developing interest among students of Mathematics.
- To empower student teachers to develop tests for assessing readiness, attainments, and specific weakness of school learners.
- To develop in Student teachers the content mastery over the selected secondary level content
- To practice the skill of developing various types of lesson plans among the student teachers
- To integrate the technology for enhancing mathematical pedagogical power

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Entering into the Discipline

- Underlying philosophy of Mathematics and basic understanding of discipline
- Major landmark in the evolution of Mathematics
- Nature of Mathematics and its difference with scientific knowledge
- Aims and objectives of teaching Mathematics at secondary stage
- Mathematical terms and notions: Definition, Theorem, corollary, Lemma, Proof, Rule, claim, Axiom/postulate, identity, Paradox
- Values in Mathematics

UNIT II: Methodology for Mathematics Pedagogs

- Characteristics of Mathematics Pedagogs
- Development of Yearly, Monthly and Daily teaching plans

- Content Analysis, Unit Planning and Lesson Planning
- Steps of Developing lesson plan: Digital Lesson Plans, Cognitive Lesson Plan, Constructivist Lesson Plan
- Methods of Teaching Mathematics to secondary classes: Inductive, Deductive, Analytic, Synthetic, Laboratory, Drill, Heuristic and Project.
- Mathematics Textbook and Mathematical Laboratory

UNIT III: Transaction and Evaluation in Mathematics

- Mathematics Text Book
- Innovations in Mathematics Teaching
- Teaching Aid in Mathematics
- Technology in Mathematics teaching
- Software\e-resources for the Mathematics teaching: Geo-Gebra, Tux-Math, KBrunch, Khan Academy
- Evaluation of Mathematical Learning

UNIT IV: Humanizing and Developing Interest in Discipline

- The role of history of Mathematical ideas and biographies of Mathematicians
- Some Classical examples and proofs
- Utility of Mathematical Puzzles, Paradoxes, Games and Quiz
- Fallacies in Mathematical reasoning
- Recreational Mathematics: Mathematics Club, Vedic Mathematics

UNIT V: Content Enrichment

• Class IX Syllabus: Congruence, Logarithm, Simultaneous Equations, Heights and Distances

ACTIVITIES:

Assignments, Presentations, Role plays, Working Models or Teaching Aids on the following Topics:

- Historical Mapping of the Different Concepts in Mathematics
- Historical Development of Mathematics as discipline
- Assignment on the famous Indian and Foreign Mathematicians
- Developing lesson plans & Unit plans
- Developing various teaching aids

- Preparation of programmed learning material for selected Units in Mathematics.
- Critical Evaluation of Mathematics text book
- Construction of various types of test items
- Construction of achievement and diagnostic tests
- Conducting of Action Research for selected problems
- Development and tryout of Teaching- learning strategy for teaching of particular Mathematical concepts
- Use of Computer in Teaching of Mathematics
- Generating Mathematics Recreational activities

REFERENCES:

- Aggrawal, R.N. (1967). *Ganit Shikshan ki Adhunik Vidhiyan*. New Delhi: Goyal Publishing House.
- Aiyanger, K. (1964). *The Teaching of Mathematics in the New Education*. New Delhi: Universal Publications.
- Anice, J. (2008). *Methods of Teaching Mathematics*. New Delhi: Neelkamal.
- Baderia, G.S.(1991). Fascinations of Mathematical Puzzles. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.
- Butler and Wren. (1960). *The Teaching of Secondary Mathematics*. New York: McGraw Hills Book Co.
- Butler, C. H., Wren F. L. and Banks, J. H. (1971). *The teaching of Secondary Mathematics*. New York : McGraw Hill.
- Ediger, M., and Rao, B. (2000). *Teaching Mathematics successfully.* New Delhi:Discovery Publishing House.
- Eves, Caroll and Newsome, V. (1965). *An Introduction to the Foundations and Fundamental Concepts of Mathematics*.
- Fuch, W.R. (1967). Mathematics for Modern Mind. New York: Mcmillan Co.

IAAMSS. (1960). *The Teaching of Mathematics*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

- Jain, S.L.(1973). *Ganit Shikshan*. Jaipur: Rajasthan Granth Academy.
- Kapur, J.N. (1967). Some Aspects of School Mathematics. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.

Kapur, J.N.(1967) Mathematical Enjoyment for the Millions. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.

Kidd, P. K., Myers, S. S., Cilley David, M. (1970). *The Laboratory Approach to Mathematics.* Chicago: Science Research Associates Inc.

- Kinney, L. B., and Purdy, C. R. (1965). *Teaching of Mathematics in Secondary School*. New York; Holt, Rinchart and Winston.
- Kolb, J. R., and Bassler, O. C. (1979). *Learning to teach secondary School Mathematics*. London: In text Educational Pub.
- Kothari, R. G., and Shelat, P. H. (2011). *Mathematical weaknesses among secondary school students.* Germany: VDM Verlag Publishers.
- Kumar, S. (1993). *Teaching of Mathematics*. New Delhi: Anmol Pub. Pvt. *Laboratory in Schools*. New Delhi: NCERT.
- Mottershead, L. (1978). Sources of Mathematical discovery. Oxford : Basil black Wall.
- Packiam, S. (1983). *Teaching of Modern Mathematics: A New Approach*. New Delhi: Doaba House Publications.
- Rao, D. B. and Latha, D. P. (1995) Achievement in Mathematics. Delhi: Discovery Publishing House, 1995.
- Rao, N. M. (2007). A Manual of Mathematics Laboratory. New Delhi: Neelkamal Publications.
- Ravat, M. S., and Agrawal, M. (1986). Ganit Shikshan. Agra: Vinod PustakAmandir.
- Reeve, W. D. (1954). *Mathematics for the Secondary School.* New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.
- Scopes, P.G. (1973). Mathematics in Secondary Schools. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Servais, W., and Varga, T. (Ed.) (1971). *Teaching School Mathematics. A UNESCO Source Book*. UNESCO, Penguin books.
- Shah G. B. (1964). New Dimensions in teaching of Mathematics. Baroda : CASE.
- Shah, G.B. (1964). New Dimensions in Teaching Mathematics. Baroda: Faculty of Education and Psychology.
- Sharma, J.N.(1966). Introduction to New Types of Tests in Mathematics. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.
- Siddhu, K.S. (1982). The Teaching of Mathematics, New Delhi. Sterling Publications.
- Sidhu, K. B. (1974). The Teaching of Mathematics. New Delhi: Sterling Pub. (p). Ltd.
- Singh, H., Avtar, R., and Singh, V. P. (2008). A Handbook for Designing Mathematics

Some Extra:

Posamentier, A. S. (2006). *Math Charmers—Tantalizing Titbits for the Mind*. India: Universities Press Private Limited

524: PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT-II

SOCIAL SCIENCE

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To make student Teachers aware of the perspectives of Social Science.
- To orient student teachers in the traditional and modern Methodologies of teaching social sciences.
- To develop competency among student teachers in the skills of Preparing lesson plan.
- To provide student teachers with the opportunities for understanding Community and social institutions as well as their various problems by field activities.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Perspectives in Social Sciences

- Meaning, scope and interdisciplinary and holistic nature of Social Sciences Vs Social Studies.
- Basic Concepts and Approaches of Social Science.
- Visions of Social Sciences for man and Society: Anthropological, Social, Historical, Economic and Political Institutions-Processes and Development.
- Curriculum of Social Sciences Vs Social Studies at secondary stage.
- Curriculum of Social Studies at secondary stage: Aims and Objectives of Teaching Social Studies at different stages.

UNIT II: Methods of Teaching Social Studies

- Traditional Methods of Teaching: lecture, storytelling, inductive, deductive, observation methods.
- Modern methods of Teaching: Source, biological, problem solving, Discussion.

UNIT III: Lesson Planning

- Content Analysis of topic from a secondary level Social science text book.
- Meaning and Importance of lesson planning.
- Lesson Planning: Herbartian, questioning and evaluating approaches.

UNIT IV: Role of Social Scientists and Social Science

• Teacher as a Social Architect.

• Seminar on the Contribution of any reputed Social Scientists.

UNIT V: Social Science text book

- Basic Principles of preparing a Social Science text book.
- Steps for the development of Social Science book.
- Criteria and Procedures for the evaluation of a social science Textbook.

ACTIVITIES: (Any Two)

- Preparation of Teaching Aids
- Preparation of Question Bank
- Conducting Achievement Test
- Visit to a political, economic, social or historical place or institution and presenting a report

REFERENCES:

- Aggarwal, J.C. (1982). Teaching of Social Studies. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Bining and Bining (1972). Teaching of Social Studies in Secondary Schools. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co.
- Heller, F. (1986). The Use and Abuse of Social Sciences. London: Sage Publications, 1986.
- Kochhar, S.K. (1988). The Teaching of Social Studies. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd..
- Kochhar, S.K. (1986). Methods and Techniques of Teaching. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Marsh, D.A. (Ed.) (1965). The Social Sciences. London: Rouletdge and Kegan Paul.
- Trigg, R. (1985). Understanding Social Studies. New York: Basics Black Well.
- Tyagi, G. (2008). Teaching of Social Science, Agra: Agarwal Publications

524:PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT-II ECONOMICS

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To familiarize Student teachers with nature and scope of Economics.
- To acquaint students teachers with the aims of economics teaching.
- To correlate the subject with other subjects like geography, civics, statistics etc.
- To acquaint student teachers with the different methods of teaching economics.
- To develop awareness regarding the use of different teaching aids for maximizing learning.
- To train student teachers to formulate the lesson plan with intermixing various techniques.
- To develop skill in the presentation of economic data.
- To familiarize student teachers with the contribution of economists.
- To help students in content enrichment in some important topics.
- To help student teachers to identify the role of economics teacher in contemporary society.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Conceptual Framework

- Economics: Meaning, Definitions, nature and scope.
- Relation with other school subjects like, geography, history, civics, statistics etc.
- Aims and objectives of teaching economics at different level
- Revised Bloom's Taxonomy of Instructional Objectives.

UNIT II: Methods, Maxims and Techniques of Teaching Economics:

- Methods: Lecture, Project, Problem Solving, Discussion, Inductive-Deductive, Seminar, Workshop, Play-way, Story Telling, Supervised Study Method.
- Techniques: Jerk Technology, Simulation, Questioning technique.
- Maxims of Teaching.

UNIT III: Economics Teacher and Teaching Learning Materials and Aids:

• Pre-requisite qualities of Economics teacher

- Teaching Aids: Meaning, Classification, criteria for selection of appropriate teaching aids in economics teaching
- Use of modern technologies in Economics teaching

UNIT IV: Lesson Planning in Economics

- Meaning, Types and importance of lesson planning,
- Characteristics of good lesson plan
- Steps in lesson planning,
- Different approaches in lesson planning– Herbertian, evaluative and questioning, content– cum-methodology.

UNIT V: Evaluation

- Difference between Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation.
- Characteristics of good Measurement,
- Diagnostic Test and Remedial Teaching, Criterion Referenced Testing and Norm Referenced Testing,
- Different types of items, Multiple Discriminate Type Item
- Developing different types of questioningEconomics
- Standardizing an Achievement Test

ACTIVITIES:

- Assessment of existing school curriculum of economics at +2 level.
- Planning of economics laboratory, preparation of lesson plans on the basis of different methods of teaching economics.
- Preparation of model question paper in economics at +2 level.
- Preparation of two teaching aids related to any topic of economics.
- Graphical presentation of data related to: (i) Population, (ii) PublicIncome Expenditure, (iii) Five Year Plan, (iv) Unemployment (Anyone)
- Review of Economics text book.

REFERENCES:

Bhoogol Evam Arthshastra: Kaksha Dasveen, Bhopal: M.P. Pathya PustakNigam, 1988.

Kanwar, B.S.: Teaching of Economics. Ludhiana: Educational Publishers, 1970.

Knops, J.H.: The Teaching of Elementary Economics. New York: HoltRinehart and Winston, 1965.

- Oliver, J.M.: The Principles of Teaching Economics. New Delhi:HeinemannEducational Books Ltd., 1975.
- Singh, H.N. and Pal Rajendra: Arthshastra Shikshan. Ajmer : KshetriyaShiksha Mahavidyalaya, 1969.
- Singh, R.P.: Arthshastra ka Shikshan. Ajmer: Kshetriya ShikshaMahavidyalaya, 1969.
- Tyagi, G.D.: Arthshastra Shikshan Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 1981.

525: ELECTIVE/ GENERIC COURSE- II VALUE EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To enable students to know and understand the need and importance of Value-Education.
- To enable them to understand the nature of values, moral values, moral education and to differentiate such from religious education, moral training or moral indoctrination.
- To orient the students with the basis of morality and with the place of reason and emotions in moral development of the child.
- To enable them to understand the process of moral development vis-s-vis their cognitive and social development.
- To orient the students with various intervention strategies for moral education.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: Value: Concept and Concern

- Meaning, definition and classification of values
- Why education for values
- Values and contemporary realities: Tradition vs Modernity, Globalization, Diversity, Inclusivity, Environment and Mass media
- Values and constitution: Justice, Liberty, Equality, Fraternity

UNIT II: Value Education: The Socio-cultural context

- Aims, Need and Importance of Value Education in the existing social scenario
- Core value concerns: Health and Hygiene, Responsibility (Towards self development and one's work/duty), social responsibility, love, care & compassion, Creative & critical thinking, Appreciation of Beauty and aesthetics
- Indian Culture and Human Values

UNIT III: Moral Development Perspectives

- Concept of Development and moral development
- Psycho-analytic approach
- Kohlberg's Stages of moral development and their characteristic features.

UNIT IV: Values Intervention Strategies

- Silent sitting, Visual experience, Role plays, Stories, Anecdotes, Group singing, Group activity, Questioning, Discussion, Value clarification
- Value context in teaching subject: Social Science, Environmental Science, Science, Language and Mathematics

UNIT V: Models and Assessment of Moral Maturity

- Models of Moral Education : The Consideration Model, Social Action Model, Just Community Intervention Model
- Assessment of Moral maturity via moral dilemma resolution.

REFERENCES:

Allport, G.W., Vermon, P.E., and Lindzey, G. (1970) study of values, Buston: Houghton Mifflin.

- Centaral Board of Secondary Education (1997), *Value Education: A Handbook for Teachers*, Delhi: Central Board of Secondary Education.
- Charles, E.A. (2000) (ed), Value Education: *A Manual for Teachers*, Mumbai: St. Xavier's Institute of Education Society.
- Delors, J. (1996), *Learning: The Treasure within* Report of the International Commission on Education for the Twenty-First Century, Paris: UNESCO.
- *Eighty-first Report on Value Based Education* (1999), Department Related Parliamentary Standing Committee on Human Resources Development, New Delhi: Rajya Sabha Secretariat.
- Havighurst, R.J. (1953), *Human Development and Education*, New York: Longman's Green and Co.
- Karan Singh (1996) *Education for global society*, in Delors, J., Learning: The Treasure Within, Paris: UNESCO.
- Kluckhohn, C., *"Value and Value Orientations in the theory of action: An exploration in definition and classification"* in T. Darsons and E.A. Skill (1951) (eds), Towards a General Theory of Social Action, Cambridge: Harvard University Press.
- Kollberg, L. (1964), *Development of moral character and ideology*, in M.K. Hoffman and L.W. Hoffman (eds) Review of Child Development Research, Vol.1, New York: Russell Sage.
- Kohlberg, L. (1969), *Stage and sequence*, in D.A. Goslin (ed) Handbook of Socialization Theory and Research, Chicago: Rand Mc Nally.

- Konopka, G. (1973), *Formation of Values in the Developing person*, American journal of Orthopsychiatry,43(1), 86-96
- Krathwohl, D.R., Bloom, B.S., and Masia, B.B. (1964), *Taxonomy of Educational Objectives*: *The Classification of Education Goals*, Handbook ii: Affective Domain, New York: David Mckay Co. Inc.
- Living Values: *An Educational Program* (1999). New York: UNESCO's International Coordination Office
- Morris, Charles W. (1956). Varieties of Human Values. Chikago: University of Chicago Press.
- Peck, R.F. and Havinghurst, R.J. (1960). *The Psychology of Character Development*. New York: Willey
- Piaget, J. (1960). The Moral Judgment of the Child. New York: Free Press
- Shukla, R.P.(2005). Value Education and Human Rights. Sarup & Sons, New Delhi
- *Value Education.* Manish Prakashan , Plat No. 26, Rohit Nagar Colony, Baranasi Hindu University , Varanasi.
- Shivapuri, Vijai, Value Education, Varanasi: Manish Prakashan.
- http://cbseacademic.in/web_material/ValueEdu/Value%20Education%20Kits.pdf

525: ELECTIVE/ GENERIC COURSE- II ACTION RESEARCH

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To familiarize student teachers with the concept of Action Research in education and the potential it holds for the improvement in the performance of school practitioners.
- To help students to identify and formulate suitable problems for Action Research.
- To acquaint student teachers with the various steps of conducting Action Research.
- To develop sensitivity among student teacher about problems faced by school practitioners and an attitude of confronting them scientifically.
- To develop among student teachers the skill of planning, executing, evaluating and reporting an action research project.

CONTENT:

- **UNIT I:** Research in Education and its classification. The need, nature and importance of Action Research. Areas of Action Research, Selection of a problem for Action Research and its formulation.
- UNIT II: Definition and delimitations of the problem. Techniques of Sampling.
- **UNIT III**: Formulation of a hypothesis and developing an action plan for research.
- **UNIT IV:** Selection or Preparation of tools for data collection. Testing of a hypothesis using percentages, Chi-Square and t-test.

UNIT V: Preparation of a report of action research project.

ACTIVITY

- Reviewing an Action Research
- Conducting an Action Research
- Reporting an Action Research.

REFERENCES:

Arya, D. et al.: Introduction to Research in Education. Holt Rinehart and Winston, New York, 1972.

Best J.W.: Research in Education. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1980.

Dhondiyal, S. and Pathak, A.: Shikshak Anushahan Ka Vidhishastra. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur, 1972.

Entaistte, N.J. and Neshat, P.D.: Educational Research. Hoddar Strongton, London, 1972.

Garrotte, H.E.: Statistics in Psychology and Education. Vakil Faffer and Simon, Bombay, 1975.

Garrett, H.E.: Shiksha Aur Manovigyan Mein Sankhyiki. Kalyani Prakashan, Ludhiana, 1975.

Good, C.V.: Essentials of Educational Research: Methodology and Designs. Appleton Century Crofts, New York, 1941.

Hakim, M.A.: Manovigyan Shodh Vidhian. Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra, 1977. NCERT; Research in Education, New Delhi, NCERT, 1962

Pandey, K.P.: Shiksha Mein Kriyatmak Anusandhan. Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra, 1965.

Rai, P.N. Anusandhan Parichay. Laxmi Naryan Aggrawal, Agra, 1988.

Rawat, D.S.: Research in Classroom. NCERT, New Delhi, 1969.

Sinha, H.C.:Shaikshik Anusandhan. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1979.

Sukhia, S.P. and Malhotra, R.N.: Shiksha Mein Kriyatmak Anusandhan. Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra, 1979.

Sukhia, S.P.: Shikshik anusandhan Ke Mool Tatva. Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra, 1979.

525: ELECTIVE/ GENERIC COURSE-I

CAREER GUIDANCE

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint the students with Aims and scope of career guidance.
- To familiarize them with theories of career development.
- To develop competencies of career planning among students.
- To make students aware about career prospects in present competitive age.
- To develop ability of analyzing career/job among students.
- To develop skills and techniques of Career Guidance among students.

CONTENTS

- **Unit-I: Introduction-** Meaning, definitions, aims and scope of Career Guidance, history of career guidance, importance of career guidance at different level of education. Difference between career, job, profession, vocation and occupation.
- **Unit-II: Theories of Career development:** Meaning and nature of Career development, Holland's career theory of personality types and work environment, Super's life span/life space approach to career development, Lent, Brown and Hackett's Social Cognitive Career Theory, Factors affecting career development.
- **Unit-III: Career planning:** Demands and realities related to career planning in competitive age, Steps of career planning, Factors affecting Career planning. Career choice, maturity and satisfaction.
- **Unit-IV: Career information-** Sources, method of collection, classification, identification and evaluation of the Career information, Role of career information in career planning.
- **Unit-V: Skills and Techniques of Career guidance-** Rapport building, Intake Procedures, Goal-Setting, Decision – Making, Interpretation. Class talk, career talk, orientation talk, group discussion, career conference, career corner, bulletin board and role play.

ACTIVITIES: (Any Two)

- 1. Interview of any one graduate regarding his preparation for career.
- 2. Aptitude Testing: Numerical & Verbal.
- 3. Preparation of World of Work Chart (any one profession).

- 4. Job Analysis: Any one occupation.
- 5. Organization of Career Fair/ Corner.

REFERENCES:

- Arulmani, G. & Arulman, S.N.: Career Counselling A Handbook. Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.
- Gibson, R. L.: Introductin to Counselling & Guidance. NJ, Prentice Hall, 1998.
- Cormeir, L.S. & Hackney, W.: The Professional Counselor-A Process Guide to Helping. USA: Allyn & Bacon. 1987.
- Gladding, S. T.: Counseling -A Compréhensive Profession. Englewood Cliffs, NJ. Prentice Hall, 1996.
- Gupta, N.: Career maturity of Indian school students. New Delhi: Anupam Publications, 1991.
- Isaacson, L. E. & Broen, D.: Career information, career counseling and career development (5th ed.). Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- Jaiswal, S.R.: Guidance and Counseling in Education (Hindi). Agra: Vinod pustak mandir,1987.
- Joneja, G. K.: Occupational Information in Guidance. New Delhi: NCERT, 1997.
- Mohan, S. (Ed.) : Building personal and career consciousness in girls. New Delhi: Vikas publishing house, 1998.
- Mohan, S.: Career development in India: Theory, research and development, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House, 1998.
- Osipow, S. H. & Fitzgerald, L. F.: Theories of Career Development. (4th ed.). Boston: Ally and Bacon, 1996.
- Pareekh, U. & Rao, T.V.: Hand-book of Psychological and Social instrument. Baroda: Samasthi, 1974.
- Saraswat, R. K. & Gaur, J. S.: Manual for Guidance Counselors. New Delhi: NCERT, 1994.
- Sharf, R. S.: Applying career development theory to counseling. Wads worth publishing co., 2005.
- Swanson, J.L. & Fouad, N. A.: Career theory and practiced; Learning through case studies. New Delhi: Sage Publications, 1999.
- Vernon, P.E.: The Structure of Human Abilities. London: Methuen and co. ltd., 1950.

526: MODELS OF TEACHING

OBJECTIVE

CREDITS: 3

- To orient B.Ed. students in Theoretical aspects of Models of Teaching.
- To develop competency among students in the use of models of teaching.

CONTENT

UNIT I: Models of Teaching: Introduction

Meaning and Definition, Difference between Model and Method of Teaching, Technical terms associated with Models of Teaching, Families of models of teaching

UNIT II: Concept Attainment Model

Meaning, Definition, Instructional and Nurturant effect, Support system, Reaction principle, Syntax, Phases, Steps, Teacher Analysis Guide (TAG), Types, Lesson plan format

UNIT III: Inquiry Training Model

Meaning, Definition, Instructional and Nurturant effect, Support system, Reaction principle, Syntax, Phases, Steps, Teacher Analysis Guide, Lesson plan format

UNIT IV: Value Analysis Model

Meaning, Definition, Instructional and Nurturant effect, Support system, Reaction principle Syntax, Phases, Steps, Teacher Analysis Guide, Lesson plan format

UNIT V: Memory Model

Meaning, Definition, Instructional and Nurturant effect, Support system, Reaction principle Syntax, Phases, Steps, Teacher Analysis Guide, Lesson plan format

ACTIVITIES

Practice of each of the prescribed Models of Teaching (3 Lessons respectively)

REFERENCE

Broudy, L.: Models of Teaching. Prentice Hall of Australia, Australia, 1985.

D' Lima, C.G.: Inquiry Training Model – Skill Based Approach. Disney Enterprises, Bombay, 1986.

Eggen, Paul et al.: Strategies for Teachers Information Processing Models in the Classroom. Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1972.

Joyce, B. and Weil, M.: Models of Teaching, Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1972.

SEMESTER-II

527: ICT IN EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To make student aware for use of Computer in- Teaching-Learning Process, Examination system, Guidance and counseling, Administration, Library.
- To make students aware with three broad strands of ICTs; teaching learning, administrative and academic support systems.
- To develop Word Processing, Computation and Presentation skill of students.
- To make enable students for communication and information sharing/ storing in different types of topologies.
- To make students enable to use internet for professional development.

CONTENT:

Unit-1: Introduction and use of Computer: Parts of computer system, Block Diagram, characteristics, Operating system, Memory, Number system. Use of Computer in Teaching-Learning Process, Examination system, Guidance and counseling, Administration and Library

Practical:

- (i) Students will be able to use command for Cut, Copy, Paste, Save, Font Change, Font Size Change, creation of Paragraph, style.
- (ii) To use CAI, Tests for Guidance, TLSS
- Unit-2: Word Processing Skill: Preparation of text document with the use of inserting pages, table, pictures, maps, citation, links, Header &Footer, Water Marks etc. Editing, Coping, Setting and Printing Pages, Mail Merge, Protection of Text document.

Practical:

- (i) Preparation of Self Bio-data.
- (ii) Preparation of ten Mark sheets with the help of mail merge with protection.
- **Unit-3: Computation skill:** Uses of numeric data management packages . Result processing by using computer (Calculating percentages, average, Maximum, Minimum, Grade conversion, Computing SGPA,GGPA, Pass /Fail etc with logical formula)

Practical:

- (i) Preparation of Result Goshwara.
- (ii) Preparation of different records & registers as health, attendance, cumulative records etc.
- (iii) Analysis of above result/ records (Charts)
- **Unit-4: Presentation skill:** Use of computer as a tool during teaching Learning Process. Development of Presentation on Computer with the help of picture frame or slides. Developing Presentation/ Prezi frames for classroom.

Practical:

(i) Preparation and Presentation of any teaching content with the help of LCD.

Unit -5: ICT: Elements Of Digital Literacy.

Survey of educational sites based in India as SAKSHAT PORTAL.Upload and down load information from internet. Critical issues in 'internet usage'– authenticity of information, addiction, plagiarism, Viruses etc. Interactive & downsides of social networking group: Participation in Yahoo groups/blogs/ Face Book etc., Use of different software.

Practical: (i) Create their mail ID and FB/blog account.

- (ii) Surfing course content
- (iii) Creation and use of Digital lockers.
- (iv) Use of On-line Facilities as Registration, Billing, reservation, Fund Transfer etc
- (v) Development of teaching strategy by using different online soft ware.

REFERENCES

Shrivastava ,S.S.(2009), Computer Application, Shree Sai Prakashan , Meerut

SEMESTER-III

SCHOOL INTERNSHIP

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquaint student teachers with the conditions under which they would normally be required to work.
- To understand the problems faced by teachers in the real school situation.
- To help student teacher in finding possible ways and means of dealing with the problems.
- To develop skill of getting support of different human beings that exist in school for successfully planning and executing of the assigned school work.
- To develop skill in (a) handling subject matter and (b) in dealing with individual child or group of children.
- To familiarize student teachers with various tasks school personnel are supposed to perform as a part of their routine duties.
- To enable students to critically appraise various aspects of school programs and practices.
- To develop quality of organizing different programs at school levels.

531: TEACHING OF PEDAGOGICAL SUBJECT- I

CONTENT

CREDITS: 3

- Development and Presentation of 20 lesson plans in the allotted school of their Pedagogy Subject (Supervised by Teacher Educator/ School Supervisor)
- Preparation of Instructional Material on their Pedagogical Subject- I: (any one)
 - _ Two Charts/ One Model
 - _ Computer based teaching learning material- PPT/ PLM / any program
 - _ Two concept Maps

Pedagogy Subject-I: Physical Science, History/Geography/Pol. Sci./ Commerce, Language-Hindi/English

532: TEACHING OF PEDAGOGICAL SUBJECT- II

CONTENT

CREDITS: 3

- Development and Presentation of 20 lesson plans in the allotted school of their Pedagogy Subject (Supervised by Teacher Educator/ School Supervisor)
- Preparation of Instructional Material on their Pedagogical Subject- II: (any one)
 - _ Two Charts/ One Model
 - _ Computer based teaching learning material- PPT/ PLM/Any program
 - Two concept Maps

Note: Instructional Material on both Pedagogy Subjects should be prepared from different category

Pedagogy Subject-II: Biological Science/Maths, Social Science, Economics

533: OBSERVATION OF TEACHING

CONTENT

CREDITS: 3

During the internship program student will do the following observations:

- Observation of School Climate
- Observation 2 Lessons of School Teacher of each pedagogy
- Observations of 5 lessons of Peer from each pedagogy
- Observation of 2 lessons of Peer through Flanders interaction Analysis
- 1 recorded Lesson of self-presentation and self-feedback of each Pedagogy

534: SCHOOL EXPERIENCE

CONTENT

- Design a map of school and give critical opinion about school plant.
- Listing of different school records and preparation of at least ten records on the basis of imaginary data (1.Admission 2. Attendance 3. Scholar 4.fees 5.scholarship 6.Stock 7.Goshwara 8.Marksheet 9. Library accession 10. Teacher diary 11. Student health record 12. Staff 13. School calendar 14. Cumulative record 15. Dispatch register16. Dead stock etc.)
- Record of Arrangement Classes

CREDITS: 3

535: SCHOLASTIC AND CO-SCHOLASTIC ACTIVITIES

CONTENT

CONTENT

CREDITS: 3

- Active Participation and organization of Co-curricular Activities in school setting: Exhibition, Awareness Program, morning Assembly, Day celebration etc.
- Engagement of Student teacher in any other Work allotted by the school: Data entry, Invigilation, Report card, Library arrangement, Lab arrangement, Copy Checking, Paper setting, Time table etc.(any four with documentation)
- Involvement in school Activities: Involvement in the different activities during internship program

536: EVALUATING PUPIL

CREDITS: 3

- Psychological Testing and Guidance: Assessment of students using any two Psychology test and reporting with scoring and interpretation, Arrangement of one program related to Educational guidance/ Vocational guidance for school student.
- Scholastic Evaluation: Development of Blue Print, Question Bank, Diagnostic test, and Remedial Teaching for each pedagogy.

537: EPC-3

HEALTH, YOGA AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS: 3

- To get students predisposed to ways and means of healthy and wholesome living.
- To develop among the students right attitude toward body, mind and the self.
- To enable the students to acquire skills of organizing games and sports events at the level of the institution.
- To develop among the students qualities of leadership, team work, competitiveness, perseverance and positive attitude in the face of adverse circumstances.
- To help them utilize their leisure time in healthy recreational activities.
- To help students opportunities of discovering their inner self by engaging themselves in yoga activities.
- To help them appreciate the appropriateness, precautions and safety issues involved in performing physical activities.

PART-A

Unit 1: Health and Physical Education

- Health and health education:- Meaning, Aims and Objectives, Importance, Scope
- Physical Education: Meaning, Aims and Objectives, Importance and Scope
- National and International Integration through Sports and Physical Education
- Physical fitness: Meaning, Components, and Importance

Unit 2: Health service & balanced diet

- First Aid Meaning, Significance, Principles of Giving First Aid.
- Balanced Diet–. Nutrition and Balanced Diet
- Factor affecting balanced diet- Malnutrition & eating disorders
- Eating habit for Weight Control

Unit 3: Leadership, Discipline

- Leadership and its Importance
- Qualities of Good Physical Education Teacher
- Teacher leadership & Student Leadership.
- Objectives of Camping and Adventure Sports

Unit 4: Organization of Physical Education Activities

- Intramural and Extramural Competitions: Meaning, Organization, Benefits
- Olympics: Olympic Games history
- Olympic: Symbol, Motto, Creed, Flame etc

Unit :5

- Postures. Common Postural deformities and their Management.
- Causes of bad Posture
- Advantages of Correct Posture

PART-B

1: Yoga and Health

Definition, Meaning of yoga, Yoga – Significance in Modern Society Pawanmuktasana (Sukshmavyayama) Series Part1,2,3 Asana, Classification and Methods, Precautions, and Benefit Pranayam,Types Methods Precautions, and Benefit meditation and yognidra, Methods ,Precautions, and Benefit

PART-C

PRACTICAL- Volleyball, Badminton, Yoga, Table Tennis

SEMESTER-IV

541: MANAGEMENT OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint student teachers with the underlying concepts related with Educational Management, its components and relevance with special reference to educational Institutions and Organizations
- To make the student teachers understand the meaning, purpose and characteristics of school as an organization.
- To make them aware of dimensions of educational management in terms of different Managerial skills and Management Processes
- To familiarize student teachers with different theories of management befitting educational institutions
- To enable present scenario of Educational Institutions at National, state, district, village and Local levels to the student teachers
- To make student teachers aware of different approaches of Educational Planning and Organisation of School activities in specific
- To provide student teachers with the knowledge of Institutional Planning and managing Educational Institutional Affairs
- To make student teachers aware of different Roles, leadership styles and strategies for managing educational Institutions
- To enable student teachers to understand the importance of Monitoring Supervision and Evaluation of School activities and enabling them to learn techniques of Monitoring, Supervision and Evaluation.

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: Understanding about Organization, Management and Educational Management

- Meaning and Concept of Organisation, Administration and Management Characteristics of an Organisation
- Management theories: Scientific Management, Bureaucratic theory, Management Principles, and Human Relations approach.

- Educational Management: Concept, Meaning and Importance
- Difference between Educational Management and management, like industrial management, Business Management and Public Administration.
- Management process: Planning, Organizing, Staffing, Directing, Controlling, Reporting, Budgeting (POSDCORB)
- Major Managerial skills: Technical skills, Conceptual skills, human skills

Unit II: Educational Structure in India at Micro, Meso and Macro levels

- Structure and function at different levels-center, state, district, Village, Institutional and university level
- Decentralization of education with reference to the role and functions of Panchayati raj institutions (PRIs)
- Functions of apex bodies at center and state level like CABE, NCERT, NUEPA, UGC, NCTE, KVS, NVS, IGNOU, SCERT, SRC, DIET (Any Four)
- Overview of Different Boards in Indian education system (CBSE) Central Board of Secondary Education, (ICSE) Indian Certificate of Secondary Education, (MPSEB) Madhya Pradesh State Education Board, (IGCSE) International General Certificate of Secondary Education, (IB) International baccalaureate (Any Two)

Unit III: Institutional Planning and Management

- Meaning, Concept, Characteristics and steps of Educational Planning and Institutional Planning
- Role of Head Master, Teacher, Staff Council, Students and Parents in Planning, Organization and Administration of institution,
- Managing School Premises: Classroom, Library, Laboratory, Timetable and other Co-Curricular Activities

UNIT V: Leadership in Educational Institutions

- Leadership: Meaning, Concept, Scope, Characteristics and Styles
- Selected theories of leadership
- Characteristics of a Principal for an Educational Institution
- Teacher as Leader
- Students as Leader: Fostering Initiation and leading qualities among students, Lyngdoh Committee report

UNIT IV: Monitoring Institutional Growth

- Meaning, Concepts, Characteristics and Evaluation of Supervision
- Differentiating Inspection and Supervision
- Modern Trends in Supervision
- Existing System of Supervision in Madhya Pradesh
- Monitoring and Evaluation of School Activities: Institutional Self Evaluation PERT and CPM.

ACTIVITIES (Any two)

Assignments/Presentations/Role plays or any other activity on the can be given to the student-teachers on the following Topics:

- Comparative Analysis of the different Management theories
- Developing a Performa for Internal and External evaluation.
- Preparation of cumulative record
- Interview with Principal/Head of Institution.
- Evaluation of Educational Program
- Analyzing different types of Educational Institutions
- Implementation of Leadership Behaviour Description Questionnaire (LBDQ)
- Locating Learning centered Leadership behaviour (LCLB)
- Any other, as per teachers' prudence

REFERENCES:

Adair, J. (1995). Effective Decision Making. London Pan Books.

Agarwal, J. C. (1994). Educational Administration, Management and Supervision. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.

Armstrong, M. (1990). Management Processes and Functions. London: Short Run Press.

Bhatnagar, R.P. and Agrawal, V. (1978). Educational Supervision. Meerut: loyal book Deport.

Bhatt, B. D., and Sharma, S. R. (1992). Educational Administration. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishing House.

Bhatt, K. S., and Ravishankar, S. (1985). Administration of Education. Delhi Publication.

Campbell, E. et al. (1962). Introduction to Educational Administration. Boston, Allan and Bacon Inc.,

Craig, M. W. (1985). Dynamics of Leadership. Bombay: Jaico Publishing House.

Davar, R. L., and Davar, S. R. (1982). The Management Process. Bombay: Progressive Corporation Pvt. Ltd.

Deota, N. P. (2012). Effective Leadership Qualities. Germany: Lap Lambert Academic Publishing

Deota, N. P. (2012). Kaleidoscopic Views on Education. Germany: Lap LambertAcademic Publishing.

Devito, A. J. (1978). Communicology: An Introduction to the Study of Communication. New York: Harper & Row Publishers.

Kast, F. E., and Resonzweig, J. E. (1985). Organization and Management(Fourth Edition). New York: Mc Graw Hill Book Company.

Kochar, S.K. (1978). Secondary School Administration. New Delhi: Sterling.

Kochar, S.K. (1981). Successful Supervision and Inspection. New Delhi: Sterling.

Kudesia, U.C. (1981). Shiksha Prashasan. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Malaya, K.C. (1971) Shiksha Prashasan Evam Purvekchan. Bhopal: Hindi Granth Adademy.

Mathur, S.S. and Kothi, V.K. (1973). School Administration and Organisation. Jallunder: Krishna Brothers.

Mukerjee, S.N. (1962). Educational Administration in India. Baroda: Acharya Book Depot.

Mukerjee, S.N. (1963). Secondary School Administration. Baroda: Achrya book Depot.

Nwankwo, J.I.: (1982). Educational Administration Theory and Practice. New Delhi: Vikas Publishers.

Safaya, R. and Shaida, B.D. (1977). Administration and Organization. Delhi: Dhanpat Rai and sons.

Sharma, D. (). Shaikshik Prabhandan ke mool Tatva. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Siddhu, S.K. (1987). School Organization and Administration. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers. Singh, M. P. (1958). A Students' Manual of School Organisation (second edition). Amritsar: City Book Depot.

Tayler, G. (Ed.) (1970). The Teacher as Manager. New Delhi: NCERT.

SEMESTER-IV

542: HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- Understand among about basic characteristics of Indian Society during different periods
- Awareness about the developmental hierarchy and impact of history and polity on education.
- Understand about the constitutional ideals of protective discrimination and importance of social justice for modern Indian society.
- Acquaint the different educational plans and policies Awareness about the education in international perspectives

CONTENT

Unit I- Development of Indian Education System

- A brief history of pre and post independence education system
- Development of education system in 21st century

Unit II- Democracy and Education

- Democracy: Meaning, Values, salient features of democracy and Education,
- Constitutional provisions for education in India
- Means and measures for promoting equality and equity for marginalized section of society

Unit III- Review of different Educational plans and policies

- NPE (1986), Revised NPE (1992), Plan of Action (1992),
- National Curriculum Framework (2005), National Knowledge Commission (2005)
- Right to Education (2009) Yashpal Committee (Renovation and Rejuvenation of Higher Education'2009)

Unit IV- Changing Educational policy perspectives-

- With reference to the focus on Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization (LPG)
- With reference to Rashtriya Uchchtar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA), Rashtriya Madhyamic Shiksha Abhiyan(RMSA), Public Private Partnership (PPP)

Unit V- International Perspectives of Education

- Education in SAARC countries
- Education for International understanding
- Role of international agencies –UNDP, UNESCO, World Bank, and UNICEF

ACTIVITIES (Any one)

Critical analysis of one of the policy document on Education- Brief report on implementation of latest any one policy.

REFERENCES

Agarwal, J.C. (1998). Landmarks in the History of Modern Indian Education, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House. Altekar, A.S. (2010). Education in Ancient India, Delhi: Isha Books. Basu, D.D. (2011). Introduction to the Constitution of India, Calcutta:Wadhwa. Mukherjee, R.K. (2011). Ancient Indian Education, New Delhi: Moti Lal Banarasi Das Publishers Pvt. Limited. Misra, S. K. and Puri, V. K. (updated available in the market). Indian Economy- Its Development Experience, Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House. Report of NPE (1986), Government of India Report of Revised NPE (1992), Government of India Report of Plan of Action (1992), Government of India Report of Yashpal Committee(1993) Government of India Report of National Curriculum Framework (2005), Government of India Report of National Knowledge Commission (2009) Government of India Report of Right to Education (2010) Government of India

543: CREATING AN INCLUSIVE INSTITUTION

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To demonstrate knowledge of different perspectives in the area of education of children with disabilities.
- To reformulate attitudes towards children with special needs.
- To identify needs of children with diversities.
- To plan need-based programs for all children with varied abilities in the classroom.
- To use human and material resources in the classroom.
- To use specific strategies involving skills in teaching special needs children in inclusive classrooms.
- To modify appropriate learner-friendly evaluation procedures.
- To incorporate innovative practices to respond to education of children with special needs

UNIT I: Paradigms in Education of Children with Special Needs

Concept of special children and their classification. Special education- its meaning, definition and Historical perspective. Bases of Special Education, Approaches of viewing disabilities, Concept of Rehabilitation, Inclusion, Normalisation and Mainstreaming, Philosophy of inclusive education.

UNIT II: Defining Special Needs

Concepts, characteristics, classification of children with diversities (Visual Impairment, Hearing Impairment, Specific Learning Difficulties)

UNIT III: Legal and Policy Perspectives

- a. Important International Declarations/Conventions/Proclamations with regard to the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.
- b. Constitutional Provisions for the Persons with Disabilities, their Rehabilitation and welfare
- c. Program and Schemes of Education for Children with Disabilities: Centrally Sponsored Scheme, Goals and Strategies in the Comprehensive Action Plan for Including Children and Youth with Disabilities in Education.

UNIT IV: Inclusive Practices in Classrooms

- a. Curriculum consideration for inclusion: Augmentation, Alteration and Adaptation.
- b. Identification of Special children-various assessment techniques.
- c. Pedagogical strategies to respond to individual needs of students
- d. Supportive services required for meeting special needs in the classroom
- e. Technological advancement and its application– ICT, adaptive and assistive devices, equipments and other technologies for different disabilities

UNIT V: Developing Support Networks

Role of Parents, Family, Community and Society in the rehabilitation and inclusion of children with special needs.

ACTIVITIES

- Visit to special school– Visual impairment, Hearing Impairment and Mental Retardation and Visit to Integrated school
- Preparation of Learning Material for Different disabilities

REFERENCES:

Yesseldyke, E. James, Bob Algozzine. Special Education- A Practical Approach for Teachers, Kanishka Publishers & Distributers ,New Delhi,

Shankar, U: Exceptional Children, Enkay Publisher, New Delhi, 1991.

Singh, N: Special Education. Commonwealth Publishers. New Delhi, 1997

Stow &Selfe : Understanding Children with Special Nedds, Unwin Hyman Ltd. London, 1989.

Cruschank, W. M: Psychology of Exceptional Children and Youth, Engelwood Cilffs. N.J.: Prentice Hall, 1975.

Panda, K.C: Education of Exceptional Children, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1997.

- Kirk, S. A & companions Educating Exceptional Children. Houghton Mifflin Company, Eleventh ed, Boston, New York, 2006.
- Pal, H.R: Vishishta Balak, Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth , Academy, Bhopal, 2010
- Ariel, A: Education of Children and Adolescents with Learning Disabilities, Mc millan Publishing Co. New York, 1992

SEMESTER-IV

544: ELECTIVE/ GENERIC COURSE- III ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To familiarize the students with the concept, scope and dimensions of Environment.
- To make students aware about different Environmental problems, issues and concerns.
- To acquaint the students with the concept of Environmental Education, and its importance in present days.
- To familiarize the students with progress and development of Environmental Education in terms of Movements, Policies and Strategies.
- To develop familiarity among students about different issues regarding Bio diversity and sustainable development.
- To develop awareness among students about human health and safety concerns.
- To help students to understand the general concept of Disaster Management.
- To provide students with an opportunity to be actively involved working towards mitigation of Environmental problems.
- To make students aware about appropriate strategies for Environmental Education.

CONTENTS:

UNIT- I: Basic Concepts of Environment

Concept, Definition, Scope; Dimensions of Environment – Physical, Economic, Cultural, Educational, Psychological etc; Concept of Environment in Indian context, Concept of Environment in Modern World (as reflected in international agencies like W.H.O etc).

UNIT- II: Man and Environment

Man as creator and destroyer, Effect of human activities on Environment, Ethics and Values related to Environment; Biodiversity, Environmental Pollution, Environmental changes; Disaster: types, causes and management.

UNIT- III: Environmental Education

Concept, Definition, Scope and importance of Environmental Education, Objectives of Environmental Education at Higher Education level, Methods, Media and Procedures for Mass Awareness, Environmental Education and its relationship with health and safety.

UNIT-IV: Sustainable Development

Concept, relationship with Environmental Education, Development and Conservation of Soil , Water, Forests, Wild Life; Movement to save Environment, Eco friendly Technologies, Conservation of energy, Alternate sources of energy, Waste management, Constitutional provisions related to environment and its protection.

UNIT- V: Methods and Evaluation

Lectures, films and videos, Eco Club, Exhibition, Field Trip, Observation, Survey etc; Evaluation of awareness, knowledge and skills.

ACTIVITIES: Any One

- Organizing an Exhibitions/ Field Trips/ Poster March.
- Identification of Flora and Fauna of a designated area: Problems and its Management.
- A Project to survey a ecologically degraded area, suggest remedial measures(with proper data) and to submit a report after its presentation in class

REFERENCES:

Allaby, M: Macmillian Dictionary of Environment, Rovat Publication, New Delhi, 1994.

- Bhat & Bhat: Environment Yesterday: Today and Tomorrow, Galgotia Publication, Pvt.Ltd,New Delhi,1992.
- Bisht, S.: Paryavaran Pradushan Aur Eikkisvi Sadi , Taklisha Prakashan, New Delhi, 1992.

Carson et al.: Environmental Education : Priciples and Practice ,British Library ,1978.

Chandala, R.P.: Enviornment and Life, RBSA Publication, Jaipur, 1995.

Deshbandu & Aulakh , G.S.: Environmental Education , Indian Environment, Helieon publishing Ltd, Oxford, 1992.

Fedron, E.:Man and Nature, Progress publishers, Moscow, 1980.

Harvey & etal: Environment and society: An Introduction and Analysis, McMillan press, London, 1977.

Kalvar, S.C & etal: Paryavaran Va Paratibhoomi, Pointer Publishing, Jaipur, 1996.

Kumar, B: A Textbook on Environmental Education, Wisdom press, New Delhi, 2012.

- Kumar, R: Environmental Pollution and Health Hazards in India, Ashish publishing house, New Delhi,1987.
- Mathur, A.N & etal: Paryavaran Bodh, Himanshu Publication, New Delhi, 1995.
- Nanda, V.K: Environmental Education, Anmol prakahan, New Delhi, 2002.
- Nasrin, S: Environmental Education, APH publishing corporation, New Delhi, 1999.
- Raguvanshi, A & Raguvanshi C: Paryavaran Tatha Pradushan, Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy ,Bhopal ,1982.
- Rangrajan, M: Environmental Issues in India, Dorling Kinderstey, 2007.
- Saxena, A.B: Education for the Environment Concerns, Implication and Practices, Radha publication, New Delhi,1996.
- Sharma, B.L & Maheshwari V.K: Education for Environment and Human Values, Rakheja publication, Meerat, 2008.
- Sharma, R.A: Environmental Education, Surya publication, Meerat, 1997.
- Singh, R & Mishra D.K: Development and Environmental change in India, APH publishing corporation, New Delhi, 1996.
- Subramanian, V: A Text book in Environmental Science, Narosa publishing house, New Delhi, 2002.
- Trivedi P. R, Raj. G: Environmental Air Pollution and Health Hazard in India, Ashish publishing house, New Delhi, 1992.
- Upadhyan, R: Paryavaran Shiksha, Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra, 1998.
- Vyas, H: Paryavaran Shiksha ,Vidhya Vihar , New Delhi,1992.
- Vyas, H & Vyas, K: Jansankya Visphot Aur Paryavaran, Satsahitya Prakashan, New Delhi, 1991.

SEMESTER-IV

544: ELECTIVE/ GENERIC COURSE- III POPULATION EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To understand the concept of population education.
- To realize the importance and need of population education.
- To comprehend the problems that arises out of uncontrolled population growth.
- To comprehend the concept of adult education.
- To recognize the importance of adult education in national development.
- To know the role of various institutes in adult education.
- To enable the students to understand the effect of population growth on poverty, health and hygiene.
- To enable the students to understand the importance of population education in school levels.

UNIT - I POPULATION EDUCATION

- Concept of Population Education
- Need, Importance and Scope of Population Education
- Objectives of Population Education

UNIT - II WORLD AND INDIAN POPULATION

- Scope of world population and Indian Population
- Characteristics of World Population and Indian Population
- Structure of Indian Population: Distribution of population- Age, Sex, Rural-Urban
- Population Mobility in India

UNIT - III PROBLEMS OF POPULATION AND CONTROL MEASURES

- Problems of Population: Social Problems, Economic Problems, Educational Problems, Urbanization Problems
- Environmental Problems: Effects on Natural Resources, Health and Standard of Living
- Population Control: Planning and Remedies, HRD and Qualities of Population in India

UNIT - IV POPULATION EDUCATION AND SCHOOL

- Scope of population education in schools,
- Teacher role in creating awareness of population problems
- Use of Mass media (Newspapers, Radio, T.V) and Audio-Visual Aids

ACTIVITIES:

- 1. Conduct the Survey of Population growth and prepare report.
- 2. Role play/Street Play/Awareness Programme to emphasize the need of population
- 3. Education/Controlling Population Growth and writing its report

REFERENCE

Sharma, R.A.: Environmental Education, Meerut, Surya Publication Mahapatra, D.: Environmental Education, Kalyani Publishers Rao, D.G.:Population Education, Sterling Publishers Kuppuswami, B.: Population Education, Asia Publishing House.

545: CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To enable the student teachers to develop understanding of important principles of curriculum construction.
- To help student teachers understand the bases and determinant of curriculum.
- To orient the student teachers with process of curriculum designing and development.
- To acquaint student teachers with curricular content, curriculum implementation and process of curriculum evaluation.
- To help student teachers understand issues, trends and researches in the area of curriculum in India.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: Introduction

Curriculum: Concept, meaning, Definition and Elements; Relationship between curriculum, syllabus and text book; Different types of curriculum

UNIT II: Bases or determinants of Curriculum

Historical, Philosophical, Psychological, Socio- Cultural, Politico-economic and Discipline-oriented considerations

UNIT III: Curriculum organization & Designing

Principles of curriculum organization, Approaches to curriculum organisation: Subject, Learner and Problem Centered, Process approach

UNIT IV: Curriculum Development

Curriculum Development: Process & Models of Curriculum Development as Tylers, Hilda Taba and Wheeler

UNIT-V: Curriculum Implementation

Role of Curriculum support Materials, Preparation for implementation, Models of implementation

ACTIVITIES:

• Analyzing the existing school level curriculum in relation to principles of curriculum

- Designing of Learning Activities based on different approaches of curriculum
- Evaluation of any Text Book
- Curricular Need survey of Adolescents

REFERENCES:

Goodland, J.(1979). *Curriculum Enquiry the Study o f Curriculum Practices*. New York : McGraw Hill.

Hass, Glen(1991). *Curriculum Planning. A New approach. Boston*: Allyn Bacon.

Hooer, Richar(Ed.) (1971). *Curriculum: Context, Design and Development*. New York : Longmans. Oliver, Albert (1977). *Curriculum Improvement a Guide Principles and Processes*. New York: Harper and Row.

Payne, ID.A.(1973). *Curriculum Evaluation: Commentaries on Purpose Process and Product* Boston: D.C. Health

Pratt D. (1980). *Curriculum Design and Development. Harcourt,* Brace and Jovanvich.

Tanner, D. and Tanner, L. (1980). *Curriculum Development: Theory into Practice.* Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

546: EPC-4: ART AND AESTHETICS HORTICULTURAL AESTHETICS

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To Orient Student Teachers in Aesthetics and Horticultural Aesthetic.
- To help Student Teachers understand the relationship between Education and Horticultural Aesthetics.
- To train Student Teachers in Common Gardening Skills.
- To develop Aesthetic Values among Student Teachers.

CONTENT:

- **UNIT I:** Meaning and Nature of Aesthetics, Aesthetics Experience, Natural Aesthetics and Beauty of Plants.
- **UNIT II:** Concept and Difference between Agriculture, Horticulture and Gardening, History and Meaning of Garden and Gardening, Purpose, Steps and Importance of Establishing Garden. Tools and Techniques of Gardening.

UNIT III: Different types of gardens, World and India's best Gardens: their special features.

UNIT IV: Preparation of a land belt of 6 x 8 sq feet for sowing plants.

UNIT V: Maintenance of the sown plants and the departmental garden, Plantation of two plants (Height of plant five fit) and One Pot.

ACTIVITIES

- Preparation of Scrap Book/ Herbarium File.
- Organization of an awareness program/ skits/ play.
- Visiting Nursery/parks and preparing a report.

546: EPC-4 ART AND AESTHETICS

CREATIVE ARTS AND CRAFT

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint students with the basic concepts, scope, importance and limitations of creative art and craft.
- To develop the competency among students for making different artistic and creative materials.
- To enhance artistic and aesthetic sensibility among learners.
- To develop awareness among students about educational importance and implications of art and craft.
- To train students to make handouts/Magazines.

CONTENTS

Unit-I: Creative art and craft: Meaning, Scope, Types, Importance and Limitations.

- **Unit-II:** Development of creative educational materials: Album, Scrap Book, Educational Games, Handouts, Magazines, Script writing.
- **Unit-III:** Paper work: Preparation of articles based on paper/card Greeting card and waste materials.
- **Unit IV:** Expression Art: Poster making, Cartoon making, Slogan writing, Painting, sketching and Calligraphy.
- **Unit-V:** Creative Arts: Educational Toy making with the help of different material, Clay work, Flower making.

ACTIVITIES

- Any four from the above Units.
- Visit to art and craft fair.

REFERENCES

- Chauhan, S.S. (1979). Innovations in teaching learning process, Kanpur: Vikas Publication house.
- Dale, Edger (1987). Audio-Visual methods on teaching, Haryana sahitya academy.

- Martis, Anandi (1989). Developing Making the Strange Familiar (MSF) competencies through Synetics model of teaching in graduate student teachers and the study of their reaction, Unpublished Ph.D. thesis, Education, DAVV, Indore.
- Rather, A.R. (1998). Creativity, its recognition and development. Swaroop & sons, New Delhi.

546: EPC-4 ART AND AESTHETICS EMBRIODRAL AND NEEDLE ART

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- Students will be able to learn the art of embroidery.
- Students will learn the techniques of stitching.
- Students will be able to develop aesthetic sense among them.
- Students will be able to get exposed to different art of embroidery.
- Students will be use different kinds of stitches in making articles.
- Students will be able to learn dress designing art.
- Students will be able to use different fabric materials appropriately.

CONTENTS

- **UNIT I:** Importance of Embroidery, Famous Embroidery Arts of India, and Essentials for making Embroidery.
- **UNIT II:** Different Steps for Making Embroidery Art, Decorative Stitches for making Embroidery Art like-Kashmiri, Chicken work, Cross-Stitch, Aplic work, Kantha work, Button-hole and Other Necessary Stitches.
- **UNIT III:** Dress Designing Art- Basics for Designing Garments (Requirements, Steps and Precautions).
- **UNIT IV:** Preparation of an Article by Embroidery Art
 - (a) Making samples for embroidery art (any 5) according to stitches.
 - (b) House-hold decorative designs on cloths/table clothes/dining table mats/T.V. cover/Wall hangings (prepare any one)
- **UNIT V:** Identification, Designing and stitching of Fabrics of different kinds- Baby Frock, Kurta (ladies/Gents), Salwar, Blouse

ACTIVITIES

- Collections of samples of fabric.
- Tailoring of different samples of garments (any two).
- Visit to cloth manufacturing Units.

REFERENCES

- Sukhia and Sheri: Grah Vigyan
- Repidex Stitching Course

SEMESTER-IV

547: EPC-5 PROJECT

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 3

- To acquaint students with the basic concepts, scope, importance and limitations of creative art and craft.
- To develop the competency among students for making different artistic and creative materials.
- To enhance artistic and aesthetic sensibility among learners.
- To develop awareness among students about educational importance and implications of art and craft.
- To train students to make handouts/Magazines.
- To sensitize students about the social problems of human beings.
- To motivate them to improve their own immediate environment by implementing active intervention strategies.
- To mobilize the students in organizing social and environmental awareness campaigns like tree plantation drive, cleanliness drive, poster march, street play etc.
- To help students understand the social issues related to disparities, equity and equality.
- To cultivate among students habit of wisely using resources of immediate Local environment.
- To encourage them to interact and work with various social groups and organisations.
- To help them connect with their environment by conducting surveys on various issues.
- To develop social responsibility among students by undertaking village/community up-liftmen projects.

CONTENT

Students will take individual or group project. A list of **suggested projects** is as follows. Students can take any one project keeping in view the following mentioned areas. A record in the form of a Report shall be maintained by the students.

- Environmental Projects based on Environmental issues such as 'Save Tree, Save environment, Environmental degradation, polythene hazard, deforestation, global warming.
- Social Projects based on Social Problems like Gender bias, Drug Addiction, female feticide, breast cancer, illiteracy, Problems of marginalized groups, Unemployment, problems related with n technological advancement.
- Local Community oriented Projects, such as Organizing campus/ village cleanliness drive outreach activities, Health & hygiene, literacy programs etc. for rural and slum area students.
- Special Education projects Like Psychological testing, Career Counseling
- Academic Projects on academic problems, in and out campus problems, Material development such as School magazine and Creative Educational Material. Computer Literacy program
- Additional projects: Work experiences related projects Library Science, Horticulture Aesthetics.

Curriculum for Master of Education (M.Ed.) Program Two Year– Four Semesters (Revised in 2018)



SCHOOL OF EDUCATION

Institute of Advanced Studies in Education (IASE) (Accredited with Grade 'A' by NAAC) DEVI AHILYA VISHWAVIDYALAYA, INDORE

MASTER OF EDUCATION (M.Ed.) PROGRAM

(TWO YEAR – FOUR SEMESTERS)

About the Department

Established in 1964, School of Education (SOE) is the oldest University Teaching department of Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore is the premier teacher education Institution in the central part of India. School of Education has taken long strides since then and has come to occupy a key position among Teacher Education Institutions of the country. As the pioneering Institute, it has helped the University in creating many departments viz. School of Adult & continuing Education, Department of Life Long Learning, Academic Staff College, Electronic Media Research Centre, School of Future Studies, and School of Comparative Languages and Culture. School of Education offers B.Ed., M.Ed., MPhil. and Ph.D. (Education and allied disciplines)programs.

The institution faculty devoted extensively to the pursuit of teaching, research and extension. SOE is widely acclaimed for its innovations and stupendous research in various areas of education. Many of Exfaculties/Alumni and the present faculties of the School of Education have not only headed/heading prestigious Departments of Education and Teacher Education but also have made significant contributions in apex national bodies like NCTE, UGC, NCERT, NUEPA, IGNOU etc. In recognition to its potential, the School of Education has been conferred the title of Centre of Excellence by the State Government in 1988, and Department of Research Support (DRS) by UGC in 1999. Department is recognized at National and International levels and has been accredited by National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) with 'A' grade since September 16, 2008 and in subsequent. Currently, School of Education is implementing SAP (DSA-Phase I) of UGC. It has been upgraded to Institute of Advanced Studies in Education (IASE) in December 2012, by MHRD.

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

□ To help students gain a grasp of major philosophical options available in the field of education.

- □ To develop among students an insight into modern theories of learning and development.
- □ To help them understand and appreciate various social, cultural and ideological perspectives on education in a multicultural and multilingual Indian society.
- □ To help students to acquire research and data-analysis skills using computers essential to shape them into effective educational researchers.
- To help students to develop research and presentation skills expected for their role as prospective teacher educators and educational researchers.
- To help them to develop knowledge, skills and mind set appropriate to various specialists' roles such as curriculum developers, educational administrators, guidance counselors, designers of teaching learning resources etc.
- To motivate and empower students for undertaking research to theorize about education as also to develop creative solutions to day to day school problems.
- To initiate them into contemporary educational discourse in the context of national concerns and issues of access and quality in education.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

As per NCTE/ University norms

MODE AND DURATION

M.Ed. Program will be regular. Its duration will be of four semesters covered in two years.

ATTENDANCE

As per NCTE/ University norms

PROGRAM STRUCTURE

Total credits of the entire M.Ed. courses will be Ninety Six(Including the virtual Credits) distributed in four semesters. Each M.Ed. candidate shall offer following courses:

- [A] Core/Compulsory Course,
 - I. Perspective Courses
 - II. Tool Courses
- [B] Elective Generic
- [C] Practicum
- [D] Viva Voce

Evaluation pattern will be as per Ordinance 31 of Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore

[A] CORE/COMPULSORY COURSES:

I. Perspective Courses

Perspective Courses shall comprise of:

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits
611	Sociological Perspectives of Education	3
612	Perspectives of Teacher Education	3
621	Philosophical Perspectives of Education	3
622	Psychological Perspectives of Education-I	2
625	Gender Studies	3
631	Psychological Perspectives of Education-II	2
641	Historical and Political Perspectives of Education	3

II. Tool Courses

Tool Courses shall comprise of:

Course	Title of the Course	Credits
Code		164.1
613	Educational Research and Statistics—I	4
614	Critical Reading of Literature	3
623	Educational Research and Statistics—II	4
624	Academic Writing and Paper Presentation	3
632	Educational Research and Statistics—III	4
642	Educational Research and Statistics—IV	4
643	Curriculum Studies	3
617	ICT in Education	3

[B] Elective Generic

From the following list of **ELECTIVE-GENERIC** a candidate will offer **any TWO** courses of his/her choice, one in each year of the M.Ed. program.

- One elective course will be offered to the students in the First year of the program in both semesters under Specialization course. Similarly, another elective course will be offered by the students in the Second year of the program in both.
- □ The selected in the First year of the study cannot be taken again in the second Year.
- □ The credit for each specialization course in a semester will be Three. Thus a total of 12 credits will be offered in terms of ELECTIVE-GENERIC in two year M.Ed. Program
- These courses will be offered to the other department students too

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits
615 & 626	Educational Administration —I & II	3*2= 6
615 & 626	Guidance and Counseling—I & II	3*2= 6
633 & 644	Educational Technology—I & II	3*2= 6
633 & 64 4	Special Education—I & II	3*2= 6

[C] PRACTICUM

Practicum Courses shall comprise of:

Course	Title of the Course	Credits
Code		
616	Dissertation-I:Conceptual/Theoretical Frame Work	2
627	Dissertation II: Proposal	2
634	Dissertation III: Progress Report	2
647	Dissertation Final Viva Voce	4
618	Creative Expression Skill	1
628	Psychology Practical I	1
629	Mentoring	1
635	Community Based Project	3
636	Internship – I	3
637	Internship – II	4
638	Psychology Practical II	1
645	Creating An Inclusive Institution	3
646	Health, Yoga And Physical Education	2

- Each candidate shall write a dissertation on an educational topic in consultation with the teacher concerned. Four copies of dissertation along with the synopsis shall be submitted to the Departmental office on or before a date fixed by the Head of the Department in consultation with the staff in Staff Meeting. The dissertation will carry a total of ten credits divided among four semesters.
- □ The board of the evaluators will be constituted by the head of the institution in consultation with Dean of the faculty. In the fourth semester candidate shall have to appear in the Dissertational Viva-Voce which will carry four credits

[D] Viva Voce and Virtual Credits

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits
CVV	Virtual Credits —I	4
CVV	Virtual Credits—II	4
CVV	Virtual Credits—III	4
CVV	Virtual Credits—IV	4

The candidate shall have to appear before Viva-Voce committee four times during the course at the end of each semester.



		SEMESTER— I			
Course	Course Code	Title of the Course	С	N	LPW
A I. PERSPECTIVE COURSES	611	Sociological Perspectives of Education	3	Т	3
	612	Perspectives of Teacher Education	3	Т	3
II. TOOL COURSES	613	Educational Research and Statistics-I	4	Т	4
	614	Critical Reading of Literature	3	Р	6
B ELECTIVE GENERIC	615	Elective Generic-I	3	Т	3
C PRACTICUM	616	DISSERTATION-I	2	Р	4
	617	ICT in Education	3	Р	6
	618	CREATIVE EXPRESSION SKILL	1	Р	2
D VIRTUAL CREDITS		VIRTUAL CREDITS	4		
TOTAL			26		31



	Course	Course Code	Title of the Course	С	N	LPW
Α	I. PERSPECTIVE COURSES	621	Philosophical Perspectives of Education	3	Т	3
		622	Psychological Perspectives of Education-I	2	Т	2
	II. TOOL COURSES	623	Educational Research and Statistics-II	4	Т	4
		624	Academic Writing and Paper Presentation	3	Р	6
		625	Gender Studies	3	Т	3
В	ELECTIVE GENRIC	626	Elective Generic- II	3	Т	3
С	PRACTICUM	627	DISSERTATION-II	2	Р	4
		628	PSYCHOLOGICAL PRACTICAL—I	1	Р	2
		629	MENTORING	1	Р	2
D	VIRTUAL CREDITS		VIRTUAL CREDITS	4		
	TOTAL			26		29

SEMESTER— III

	Course	Course Code	Title of the Course	С	N	LPW
Α	I. PERSPECTIVE COURSES	631	Psychological Perspectives of Education-II	2	Т	2
	II. TOOL COURSES	632	Educational Research and Statistics-III	4	Т	4
В	ELECTIVE GENERIC	633	Elective Generic- III	3	Т	3
С	PRACTICUM	634	DISSERTATION-III	2	Р	4
		635	COMMUNITY BASED PROJECT	3	Р	6
		636	INTERNSHIP –I	3	Р	6
		637	INTERNSHIP –II	4	Р	8
		638	PSYCHOLOGY PRACTICAL II	1		2
D	VIRTUAL CREDITS		VIRTUAL CREDITS	4		
	TOTAL			26		29

SEMESTER—IV

	Course	Course Code	Title of the Course	С	N	LPW
Α	I. PERSPECTIVE COURSES	641	Historical and Political Perspectives of Education	3	Т	3
	II. TOOL COURSES	642	Educational Research and Statistics—IV	4	Т	4
		643	Curriculum Studies	3	Т	3
B	ELECTIVE GENRIC	644	Elective Generic- IV	3	Т	3
С	PRACTICUM	645	Creating an Inclusive Institution	3	Р	6
		646	Health Yoga And Physical Education	2	Р	4
		647	Dissertation – IV	4	Р	8
D	VIRTUAL CREDITS		Virtual Credits	4		
	TOTAL			26		32

M.Ed. YEAR • I SEMESTER •I

COURSE 611:SOCIOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION CREDITS • 3

OBJECTIVES

- To enable the students to understand the sociological perspective in education.
- To equip students with the basic terms and concepts of the subject of sociology of education.
- To make students aware about the relationship of society, economy, polity/politics, religion, culture and education.
- To help students appreciate the role of agencies like family, community, politics and economy in education in India.
- To make students sensitive about the ramifications of the constitutional ideals of protective discrimination and social justice for education.
- To enable the students to understand the impact of education on social change and mobility.

CONTENT:

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION: SOCIOLOGY

- Meaning, Nature, Definition and scope of Sociology
- Interrelationship between sociology and education
- Education in social and cultural context
- Education as a Social Institution, its Historical Evolution and Contemporary Forms

UNIT II: SOCIOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES IN EDUCATION

- Scope and Approaches to Sociology as well as its Relationship with Education
- Theoretical perspectives of education as a social system: Structural-Functional School, Conflict School, Symbolic Interactionism (special reference to Emile Durkhiem, John Dewey, K. Mannheim, Karl Marx and T. Parsons)
- Status and Development of sociology of Education in the West and in India.
- Researches in Sociology of education in India.

UNIT III: AGENCIES OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

- Education and the Family, Education and the Community, Concept of the Community Schools;
- Politics and Education; Economy and Education.

UNIT IV: EDUCATION AND SOCIAL PROCESSES

• Education and Social Stratification

- Modernization and Social Processes
- Education and Social Change
- Education and Social Mobility

UNIT V: PROTECTIVE DISCRIMINATION AND EDUCATION

Constitutional Ideals- Social equity and equality of educational opportunities Addressing education deprivation of SC/ST/OBC/women/ Rural Population.

ACTIVITIES:

- Review of any original work of a sociologist
- Survey of educational status in a particular community or village
- Identifying trends in research in sociology of education

REFERENCES

- Anderson, W.A. & Parker, F.B. (1966). Society-Its Organization and Operation. New Delhi: Affiliated East West Press Pvt. Ltd.
- Bell, R. R. (Ed.) (1962). The Sociology of Education: A Source Book. Dossey Press, Haramood, Illinois.
- Bernbanum, G. (1977). Knowledge and Ideology in Sociology of Education. London: McMillan Press.
- Blackledge, D. & Hunt, B. (1985). Sociological Interpretations of Education. London: Croom Helm.
- Brown, F.J. (1961). Educational Sociology. New York: Prentice Hall Inc.
- Bruner, J.S. (1964). The Process of Education. Delhi: Atmaram and Sons.
- Cook, L.A. & Cool, E.E.A. (1960). Sociological Approach to Education. New York: McGraw Hill.
- Gore, D. and Chitnis (Eds.) (1967). Papers in the Sociology of Education in India. New Delhi: NCERT.
- Mannheim, K. and Steward, W.A.C. (1962) An Introduction to Sociology of Education. London: Routledge and Kegam Paul.
- Ottaway, K.C. (1955) Education and Society. London: Routledge and Kegam Paul
- Parsons, T. (1951) The Social System. New York: Free Press.
- Ruhela, S.P. (Ed.) (1969). Social Development of Educability in India. Delhi: Jain Brothers.
- Burgess, R.G. (1986). Sociology, Education and Schools: An Introduction to the Sociology of Education. London: B.T. Bastford Ltd.

COURSE 612: PERSPECTIVES OF TEACHEREDUCATION

CREDITS - 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquaint future teacher educators with the pre-service and in-service Teacher Education inIndia.
- To familiarize future teacher educators with the evolution of Teacher Education inIndia.
- To make future teacher educators understand the nature and perspectives of the TeacherEducation.
- To develop an understanding of needs and problems of Teacher Education among future teachereducators.
- □ To familiarize future teacher educators with the emerging trends in Teacher Education.
- To develop an understanding of different modalities of transacting Teacher Education curriculum among future teachereducators.
- □ To familiarize future teacher educators with the emerging challenges, innovations and trends in TeacherEducation.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: CONCEPT AND GENESIS OF TEACHER EDUCATION

- Concept of TeacherEducation
- Evolution of Teacher Education inIndia
- Recommendations of major commissions, committees and policy documents on TeacherEducation
- Objectives of Teacher Education at secondarylevel
- Correspondence course in Teacher Education: Concept, objectives, different agencies and curriculum

UNIT II: Different Modes of Teacher Education

- Pre-service teacher Education: Concept, Objectives, Different agencies and curriculum
- In-Service Teacher Education: Concept, objectives, different agencies and curriculum
- Strategies of in-service teacher education: Seminars, workshops, symposium, panel discussion, group discussion, openlearning etc
- Different models of in-service education: Orientation programs, Refresher Courses, Winter schools, Summer schools, Short termprograms

UNIT III: ISSUES AND CHALLENGES IN TEACHER EDUCATION

- Changing needs of teachereducation

- Teaching as Profession and Service
- Problems, Issues and Challenges of Teacher Education inIndia

UNIT IV: AGENCIES FOR PROFESSIONALDEVELOPMENT

- Agencies of Teacher Education and their roles in professional development of TeacherEducators
- National level agencies: NCTE, NCERT, UGC HRDC (ASC),NUEPA, RIEs
- State level agencies: SBTE, DIET, IASEs, UTDs, CTEs, BITEs
- RollofdifferentNGOinTeacherEducation

UNIT V: QUALITY AND QUALITY ASSURANCE OF TEACHER EDUCATION

- Quality: Concept,Scope
- Quality Assurance: NAAC & their criteria for quality assessmentof TEIs,
- Criteria of quality assurance in context ofIQAC,
- Performance Based Appraisal System- Academic Performance Indicator (PBAS–API),
- Quality council of India- Ranking and Accreditation framework forTEI.

ACTIVITIES (ANY TWO)

- Developing a check list of competency basedteachereducation.
- Evaluationofcurriculumofteachers'trainingprogramataparticul arlevel.
- □ Evaluation of an innovative teacher educationprogram.
- □ Survey of an innovative teacher education program.
- Report of a teacher education institute on the basis of quality criteria determined by the NAAC.

REFERENCES

Ali, L. (2012). Teacher Education. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.

Buch, M. B. and Palsane, M. L. (1968). Readings in In-service Education. Anand:

V.D. Patel University.

- Chatterji and Desuja, A. (1959). Training for Teacher in India and England. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
- Chaurasia, G. (1967). New Era in Teacher-Education. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt.Ltd.
- Chaursia, G. (1977). Innovations and Challenges in Teacher Education. Agra: Vikas Publication.

- Dunkin, M. J.(Ed.) (1985). The International Encyclopedia of Teaching and Teacher Education. Oxford:Pergamon.
- Gage, N. L. (Ed.) (1967). Handbook of Research on Teaching. Chicago: Rand McNally andCo.
- Gupta, A.K. (1984). Teacher Education: Curriculum and Prospects. New Delhi: Sterling Publishing Private Ltd.
- Henry, N. B. (Ed). (1967). In-service Education of Teachers, Supervisors, Administrators. Chicago: University of ChicagoPress.
- McNergney, R. F. and Carrier, C.A.(1981). Teacher Development. New York: McMillan PublishingCo.
- Miman, J. (Ed.) (1981). Handbookof Teacher Evaluation. London: Sage Publications.
- Mohan, R. (2011). Teacher Education. New Delhi: PHI Learning
- Private Limited. Mukerjee, S. N. (Ed.) (1968). Education of
- Teachers in India (Vol. I & II). Delhi: S.
 - Chand and Co.
- NCERT (2010) National Curriculum Framework for Teacher Education. New Delhi: NCERT.
- NCERT (2005). National Curriculum Framework. New Delhi: NCERT.
- NCTE (1988). Curriculum Framework for Teacher Education. New Delhi: NCTE NCTE (1998) Curriculum Framework for Teacher
- Education. New Delhi: NCTE. NCTE (1998) Policy Perspectives in Teacher Education. New Delhi: NCTE.
- Nikose, R. L. (2012). Teacher Education- Issues & Challenges. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Pal, H. R. (2004). Methodologies of Teaching & Training in Higher Education (Hindi).Delhi: Hindi MadhyamKaryanvayNideshalaya, Delhi University.
- Panda, B. N. and Tiwari, A. D. (1997). Teacher Education. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Shukla, R. S. (1984). Emerging Trends in Teacher Education. New Delhi: Sterling. Singh, L. C. (1990). Teacher Education in India-A

Resource Book. NewDelhi:

NCERT.

- Smith, B. O. (1971). Research in Teacher Education: Symposium. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Inc.
- Watking, R. (Ed). (). In-service Training Structure andContent. Birkenhead: William BrothersLtd.

IMPORTANT WEBSITES:

www.ugc.ac.inwww.ncte-india.org

www.nuepa.org

www.education.nic.in

www.ncert.nic.in

www.naac.gov.in



COURSE 613: EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS - I

CREDITS •4

OBJECTIVES

- To make students aware of importance and need of research in education.
- To make them Familiar with the nature of research in education.
- To impart them concepts of Scientific Method, Scientific Inquiry, Paradigm, Theory and their implications for educational research.
- To help students to understand the characteristics of positivist and non-positivist research paradigms as they apply to educational research.
- To make students learn the reasoning and its use in educational research.
- To train students in selecting the suitable problem.
- To make students familiarize with the steps of research proposal and train them in formulating research proposal.

CONTENT

UNIT I: SCIENTIFIC METHOD AND EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH

- (a) Characteristics of Science and Scientific Method and its Steps, Definition of Research and Educational Research, Types: Basic/Fundamental Research, Applied Research & Action Research.
- (b) Meaning and Definition of Qualitative and Quantitative Research,

Difference between Qualitative and Quantitative Research

(c) Variable– Definition, Types: Independent and Dependent, Continuous and Discontinuous, Intervening and Concomitant.

UNITII: FORMULATION OF RESEARCH PROBLEM

- (a) Criteria and sources for identifying the research problem.
- (b) Characteristics of a good research problem.
- (c) Reviewing Literature
- (d) Building Theoretical and Conceptual Framework of Study
- (e) Writing the rationale for any research problem
- (f) Objectives of the study: Primary and Secondary

UNIT III: HYPOTHESIS

- (a) Definition, Characteristics, Statement of the Hypothesis.
- (b) Types: Research Hypothesis, Statistical Hypothesis (Null and Directional), and Operational Hypothesis.

UNIT IV: RESEARCH DATA IN EDUCATION

• Interface between research tools & research data

- Quantitative and Qualitative data
- Levels of Measurement
- Analysis of Qualitative data
- Issues of reliability and validity

UNIT V: DESCRIPTIVESTATISTICS

- Revisiting basic statistics
- Normal probability and its applications

ACTIVITIES

- Writing abstracts of any two dissertations
- Review of two dissertations on the basis of Title, objectives, hypotheses, Design and Sampling techniques
- Review of a qualitative / quantitative research study
- Solution of UGC-NET question papers on prescribed contents

REFERENCES

Asthana, H.S. & Bhushan, B. (2007). Statistics for Social Sciences. New Jersey: Prentice Hall of India.

- Ary, D., Jacobs, L.C. and Razanch, A. (1972).Introduction to Research in Education. New York: Holt Rinehart.
- Best, J.W. ().Research in Education. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1974). A Survey of Research in Education in India. Baroda: Centre of Advance Study in Education, M. S. University of Baroda.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1979). Second Survey of Research in Education (1972-1978). Baroda: Society for Educational Research and Development.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1986). Third Survey of Research in Education (1978-1983). New Delhi: NCERT.
- Ebel, R.L. (1965). A Guide to Educational Research. Boston: Allyan and Bacer Inc.
- Fox, D.J. (1969).The Research Process in Education. New York: Holt Rinehart and Winston Inc.
- Furlong, N. E. & Others.(2000). Research Methods and Statistics an Integrated Approach. Fort Worth: Harcourt College Publishers.
- Gay, L.R. (1996). Educational Research Competencies for Analysis and Application. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, Inc.
- Gage, N.L.(1963).Handbook of Research on Teaching. Chicago: Rand McNelly and Co.
- Garrett, H. E. (1981).Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay: Vakils, Feffer and Simons Ltd.
- Ghosh, B. B. (1982). Scientific Method and Social Research. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

- Good, C.V. (1941). Essential of Educational: Methodology and Design. New York: Appleton Century Crofts.
- Healy, Joseph F. (1999).Statistics- A Tool for Social Research Belmont. C.A. Wadsworth publishing Company.
- Helmstadter, G.C. (1970). Research Concepts in Human Behaviour, Education, Psychology, Sociology. New York: Meredith Corporation.
- Husen, T. And Postlehwaite, T.N. (1985) The International Encyclopaedia of Education (Vols. 1 to10) Research and Studies. Britain: Pergaman Press.
- Kerlinger, Fred, N. (1978). Foundations of Behavioural Research. Delhi: Surjeet Publication.
- McGrath, J.H. (1970). Research Methods and Designs for Education. International Book Company.
- Mitzel, H.E. (1982). Encyclopaedia of Educational Research (Vol. 1 to 4). New York: The Free Press.
- Mouly, George, J. (1964). The Science of Educational Research. New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Popper, K.R. (1959). The Logic of Scientific Discovery.Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- Kunker, P. J. and Mc-Grath, J. E. (1972). Research on human Behaviour- A Systematic Guide to Method. New York: Holt Rinehart and Winston Inc.
- Sharma, B.A., Prasad, R.D. and Satyanarayan, P. (1985). Research Method in Social Sciences. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Sidhu, K.S. (1985). Methodology of Research in Education.New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Sprinthall, R. C. (1990). Basic Statistical Analysis. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Travers, R.M.W. (1986).An introduction to Educational Research. New York: The McMillan Publishing Company.
- Walizer, M.H. and Wiehir, P.H. (1978).Research Method and Analysis-Searching for Relationships. New York: Harper and Raw Publishers.
- Wittrock, M.C. (1986).Handbook of Research on Teaching. New York: McMillan Publishing Company.

COURSE 614: CRITICAL READING OF LITERATURE

CREDITS • 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop in Future Teacher Educators the habit of reading, Observation, Self Expression, Communication and contemplation
- To enable Future Teacher Educators to understand the meaning, process, importance and characteristics of reading
- To enable Future Teacher Educators to understand and apply different levels, types, techniques and methods of reading
- To acquaint Future Teacher Educators with the skills of reading different types of literature
- To enable future teacher educators the varied taste of available literature to give them good food for thought
- To develop in them the skills of keen observation and convergentdivergent thinking
- To help them in understanding the implicit and explicit meanings within the literature they are experiencing
- To develop different types of reading skills through various activities and metacognition
- To enable Future Teacher Educators to learn the skills of reading comprehension and to enhance vocabulary.
- To acquaint Future Teacher Educators about the problems of reading across curriculum

CONTENT

UNIT-I

Introduction to Reading

- Reading Meaning and Process
- Importance of Reading across Curriculum
- · Characteristics of Reading and of good Reader
- Levels of Reading- Literal, Interpretative, Critical and Creative
- Types of Reading intensive and extensive reading, Oral &Silent Reading
- Reading Techniques Skimming and Scanning

UNIT-II Texts and Prose

[14 hours]

[a] Text

The future teacher educators will scan through any ONE of the texts related with the Survey of research in Education and will make a synoptic trend report. This exercise will give them a hand on experience to locate research problems, Research Gaps and work earlier done for their research work.

[b] Prose

ANY TWO from the Suggestive readings list in Prose section. The related material will be procured by the future teacher educators and be read individual/group level. Model/Silent reading and discussion will be managed at the classroom level.

UNIT III

[14 hours]

[a] Commissions and Committee reports

The future teacher educators will scan through any four different Commission/committee reports and will prepare a synoptic report. The reflective practice of questioning, Discussion and Seminar presentations can be incorporated to make logical interpretation of the recommendations and data.

[b] Videos

The future teacher educators will be shown different videos related with different situations, problems, Issues and events related to the education in general and society *per se*.

UNIT IV [14 hours]

[a] Pictures/Mural painting/Symbols

Reading through pictures/murals/symbols are essential part of the civilization since the time immortal. This section will help them understand the important part of the literature depicted in the pictorial form.

The pictures/Murals will be shown to the students to give an insight regarding the exceptional work done in the area of drawings so to develop an observational eye and writing skills. The teacher will help in providing the background, timeline, context, material used, Impact and gravity of the mural/painting.

[b] Films

The future teacher educators will be shown films related with different situations and events related with the education in general and society *per se*. The character sketch of the actors, context, theme based, reference to the contexts, Sociological/political/Economical/cultural background etc will be discussed in the classroom.

Unit V

[14 hours]

[a] Poetry

The future teacher educators will be given an experience of the poetic form of literature. Vocabulary, Phonetics, Mood, context, timeline, state, use of words, rhythm, Flow, background etc will be discussed in the classroom.

[b] Quotations

Future teacher educators will be collecting/interpreting different quotations with reference to the time, place, Mood, Vocabulary, tone and language.

MODE OF EVALUATION

[3 hours]

Evaluation in form of Written, Oral, Seminar Presentation, Anecdotal Records maintained by the students and Teacher, performance in the discussion groups and Daily Diary in the light of Ordinance 31 will be undertaken.

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture, Discussion, Exercises, Games

- 1. Divide the class in small groups and provide different kinds of texts and instruct them to read and reflect according to the nature of text
- 2. Divide the group and provide one text and suggest Future Teacher Educators to make different interpretations
- 3. Design vocabulary games to enhance your vocabulary
- 4. Read the text and provide a five words summary to each paragraph
- 5. Reading and comprehension exercises
- 6. Skim through the text and give suitable title to the text
- 7. Complete given text in stipulated time and summarize it in 6/7 lines with a suitable title
- 8. Any other as per teacher's discretion

REFERENCES

- Bright, J. A., and McGregor, G. P. (1970). *Teaching English as a Second Language*. ELBS: Longman.
- Doff, A. (1988). Teach English: Training Course for Teachers. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Hill, L. A., and Dobbyn, M. A. (1979). Training Course, Trainer's Book. London: Cassell.
- Hubbard, P., and Hywel, J. et al.(1983). A Training Course for TEFL.Oxford University Press.
- Joseph, K. S. (2004). Self- Instruction in English Grammar and Figures of Speech. Vadodara: Gold Rock Publications.
- Mukalel, J. C. (1998). Approaches to English Language Teaching. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing house.
- Mukalel, J. C. (1998). *Creative Approaches to Classroom Teaching*. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing house.

- Mukalel, J. C. (1998). *Psychology of Language Teaching*. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- Mukalel, J. C., and Ahmed, S. B. (1984). *Teaching English in India*. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.
- Nagaraj, G. (1996). English Language Teaching Approaches, Methods and Techniques. Calcutta: Orient Longman.
- Richard, J., and Theodore, S., and Rodgers, T. S. (1968). Approaches and Methods in Language. Cambridge University Press.
- Venkateswaran, S. (1995). *Principles of Teaching English.* New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Wilkins, D. A. (1982). *Linguistics in Language Teaching*. London: Edward Arnold
- Willis, J. (1981). *Teaching English through English ELBS*. England: Longman Ltd.
- Yule, G. (1985). *The Study of Language*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Recognizing Different Types of Text

http://www.bbc.co.uk/skillswise/factsheet/en03text-11-f-different-types-oftext

Models of Reading Process

http://people.ucalgary.ca/~mpeglar/models.html

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3001687/

http://www.tarleton.edu/Faculty/gentry/reading%20models.html

Reflective Skills

http://www.skillsyouneed.com/ips/reflecting.html http://www.skillsyouneed.com/ps/reflective-practice.html

Suggestive Readings for text

- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1974). A Survey of Research in Education. Baroda: M.S. University of Baroda.
- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1979). Second Survey of Research in Education. Baroda: Society for Educational Research and Development.
- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1987). *Third Survey of Research in Education*. New Delhi: NCERT.
- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1991). Fourth Survey of Research in Education (Vol.I & II). New Delhi: NCERT.
- NCERT (2000). Fifth Survey of Research in Education (Vol.I & II). New Delhi: NCERT
- NCERT (2007). Sixth Survey of Research in Education (Vol.I & II). New Delhi: NCERT
- Sansanwal, D. N. (2006). Sixth Survey of Research in Education, retrieved from <u>www.dauniv.ac.in</u>

• Any other as per the discretion of teacher and taught

Suggestive list for Commission/Committee Reports and National/International Documents

- RUSA Report
- NCF-2005
- NCFTE-2009
- Yashpal Committee Report
- National Knowledge Commission Reports
- BRICS Data on Education
- UNESCO Reports on education
- UNICEF Reports on Education
- UGC Reports on Education
- NCERT Reports on Education
- Annual Report of the University
- Any other as per the discretion of teacher and taught

Suggestive Readings in Prose

- Experiment of Monkey and Ice water Sprinkling
- Plato-Dialogue (Allegory of Cave)
- Raag Darbari Shreelal Shukla
- Hayvadan–Girish Karnad
- Totochan—
- Summer Hill –A. S. Neil
- Aksharo ki Raaslila Amrita Pritam
- Tamas Bhisham Sahni
- Animal farm– George Orwell
- Diwaswapan –Gijubhai Badheka
- Hind Swaraj Mahatama Gandhi
- My experiments with Truth Mahatama Gandhi
- Namak Ka Daroga– Munshi Prem chand
- De schooling— Illich Ivan
- School is Dead
- Structure of Scientific Revolutions Thomas Kuhn
- Any other as per the discretion of teacher and taught

SuggestiveList for Videos

- Sugata Mitra experiments on self- Learning
- Hiware Bazar
- Barefoot College
- India Untouchable

- Lingo Kid
- Marshmallow test
- Videos on Piaget Conservational Tasks
- Satyamev Jayate Videos
- Ph.D. student–Jaspal Bhatti
- Inconvenient truth Algore
- Any other as per the discretion of teacher and taught

Suggestivelist for Films

- Chak De India
- Lagaan
- Taare Zameen par
- The Miracle Worker
- Dead Poets' Society
- Lean On Me
- Black
- Stand and deliver
- Any other as per the discretion of teacher and taught

SuggestiveList for Pictures/Murals

- The Vitruvian Man
- Monalisa
- Golden Ratio
- Pioneer Plaque
- Thematic Apperception
- Any other as per the discretion of teacher and taught

Suggestive Readings for Poetry

- National Anthem and National Song
- Poetry by Dushyant Kumar, Faiz Ahmed, Atal Bihari Vajpayee, Mirza Galib, Kabir, Tulsidas, Rahim, Harivansh Rai Bachchan, Ravindernath Tagore, John Keats, Oscar Wilde
- Any other as per the discretion of teacher and taught

Suggestive Readings for Quotations

- Quotes by eminent Scholars, Educationists
- Leaders, Philosophers, Academicians, and Persons etc.

		I	II	ш	IV
1	Unit 1	Theory	Theory	Theory	Theory
2	Unit II	National anthem	National Song	Hayvadann	Hayvadan
3	Unit II	Animal Farm	Animal Farm	Allegory of Cave	DIWASWAPAN
4	Unit II	Plato Dialog	Plato Dialog	De-schooling society	De-schooling society
5	Unit III	NCF 2005	NCF2005	Video 1	video 3
6	Unit III	NCFTE-2009	NCFTE-2009	Video2	video 4
7	Unit III	More Quality	More Quality	Video 5	Learning
		Ph.D.s	Ph.D.s		without
					Burden
8	Unit III	RUSA	RUSA	RUSA	RUSA
9	Unit IV	BRICS data	BRICS data	UNESCO	UNESCO
				DOCUMENT	DOCUMENT
10	Unit IV	Film 1	Film1	Film 2	Film 2
11	Unit IV	Vitruvian Man	Pioneer Plaque	Monalisa	Analysis of the
					symbols
12	Unit IV	Film3	Film3	Film 4	Film4
13	Unit V	Beauty of Diagrams	Harappa	Film 5	Film 5
			Civilizations		
14	Unit V	Poetry recitation &	Poetry recitation	Poetry recitation &	Poetry
		Analysis	& Analysis	Analysis	&recitation
		1000			Analysis
15	Unit V	Quotations' analysis	Quotations'	Quotations'	Quotations'
10			analysis	analysis	analysis
16	Unit V	Poetry recitation &	Poetry recitation	Quotations'	Quotations'
		Analysis	& Analysis	analysis	analysis
				End Semester Examination	
				Examination	

Tentative Semester Academic Schedule of Critical Reading of Literature

615: ELECTIVE/ GENERIC COURSES

The following courses will be offered under this category

- 1. Guidance & Counselling-I
- 2. Educational Administration —I

COURSE 615: GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING- I

CREDITS• 3

OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize students with meaning, nature, scope, aims and principles of guidance & counseling.
- To familiarize students with meaning, definition, techniques, types and methods of counseling.
- To acquaint students with philosophical, sociological and psychological foundation of guidance.
- To familiarize students with standardized and non-standardized tools of guidance.
- To help students in understanding nature of individual and individual differences.
- To make students aware about world of education and world of work.
- To familiarize students with process of organizing guidance services at different levels and personnel involve in guidance services.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: GUIDANCE

- Meaning and Definition, Developmental concept of Guidance leading to Modern Concept, Nature and Scope of Guidance,
- Philosophical, Sociological and Psychological Foundations of Guidance: Aims and Principles of Guidance.
- □ Guidance and Education: Specific Relationship. Revolutionary changes in Modern Human Society. Need of Guidance-General and with special references to Indian Cultural Background.

UNIT II: COUNSELLING

- Meaning, historical development and importance of counselling.
- Types -Individual and Group counselling. Approaches to counselling: Directive, Non directive. Eclectic, Techniques in counselling: Steps of counselling. The Qualities of effective counsellor.
- Theories of counselling-Psychoanalytical, Self- concept/actualization theory, Trait theory and Behaviouristtheory Counselling Skills-Building Trust: Listening, attending, building rapport, demonstrating empathy, observing, Interview (types of Interview), procedure of

conductinginterview. preparation, process, interpretation, recording, and termination.

UNIT III: TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING

- Criteria of Good Guidance test: general, practical & psychological. Simple (Non Standardized)
- Tools of Guidance Characteristics, construction and use by the Guidance worker. Anecdotal and cumulative records, Autobiography and self- reports,
- Behavior Description, Questionnaire, Rating Scale and Checklist, Observation and Interview schedules, Sociometric Devices. Scientific (Standardized)
- Tools of Guidance Psychological Testing: Nature and Preliminary Precautions, Role Advantages and limitations –Intelligence, Personality, Creativity, Aptitude, Attitude and Interest.

UNIT IV: UNDERSTANDING THE INDIVIDUAL

- Individual Differences in the process of Guidance and Counseling -Nature and Importance.
- □ Nature of Individual's Personality, its significance
- Adjustment: Meaning and Mechanisms and development of Strategies for enhancing Adjustment
- Principles of Educational and Vocational Planning, world of work and world of education.
- Importance of assessing interest for educational and vocational guidance

UNIT V: ORGANIZATION OF GUIDANCE PROGRAM AT VARIOUS LEVELS

- □ Secondary and college level, Need for Practical Programs of Service.
- Basic Services of Guidance and Counseling, Role of various personnel and agencies in an organized program of services.
- Referral Services Special and Community.

ACTIVITIES

- Individual and group counselling for children and adolescents for emotional, social, behavioural and academic problems.
- Needed Competencies for Various Vocations & Professions
- Preparation of Computerized Cumulative Record
- Computerized Psychological testing of an individual/class
- Developing Skills in Communication with practical exercise in verbal and non-verbal mode.

REFERENCES

Agarwala J.C. (1965). Educational and Vocational Guidance & Counseling. New Delhi: Doaba House.

- Barki B.G. & Mukhopadhyay B. (1989). Guidance and Counseling- A manual. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Bhatnagar R.P. (2011). Guidance and Counseling in Education and Psychology. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot.
- Bernard, H.W. (1957). Towards Better Personal Adjustment. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co.
- Cattle, C. and Downie, N.M. (1960). Procedures and Preparation for Counseling. New Jersey: Englewood Cliffs.
- Chauhan S.S. (2001). Principles and Techniques of Guidance. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Chibber S.K. (2008). Guidance and Educational Counseling. New Delhi: Common Wealth Publishers.
- Crow and Crow (1962). An Introduction to Guidance. New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House (P) Ltd.
- Geldard, K. and Geldard, D. (1997). Counselling Children A practical Introduction. New Delhi: Sage publications.
- Gibson, R.L. and Mitchell, M.H. (1995). Introduction to Counseling and Guidance. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Gladding T.S. (2009). Counseling- A Comprehensive Profession. Dorling Kindersley (I) Pvt. Ltd.
- Goldman L. (1971). Using Tests in Counselling. New York: Appelton Century Crofts.
- Gupta, M. (2003). Effective Guidance and Counseling- Modern Methods and Techniques. Jaipur: Mangal Deep Publication.
- Hollend, J. (1966). The Psychology of Vocational Choice. Wattham Man, The Blaisoldd publication Co.
- Jaysawal, S.R. (1985). Guidance and Counseling. Lucknow: Prakshan Kendra.
- Jones, A.J. (1951). Principals of Guidance. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co.Inc.
- Kochhar, S.K. (1984). Guidance and Counseling in Colleges and Universities. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Kochhar S. K. (1984). Educational and Vocational Guidance in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Mc Daenial, H.B. (1959). Reading in Guidance. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.
- Mishra R.C. (2011). Guidance and Counseling. Vol. I. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Mishra R.C. (2011). Guidance and Counseling. Vol. II. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Myers, G.E. (1941). Principals and Techniques of Vocational Guidance. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co. Inc.

- Nayak, A.K. (1997). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Peterson, J.V. and Nisenholz, B. (1995). Orientation to Counseling. Allyn and Bacon, Boston.
- Qureshi, H. (2004). Educational Counseling. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Sharma, R.A. (). Fundamentals of Guidance and Counseling. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot.
- Siddiqui, M.H. (2009). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Singh, U. K. & Sudarshan, K. N. (1990). Vocational Education. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- Super, D.E. (1957). Psychology of Careers. New York: Harper and Brothers.
- Yadav, S. (2005). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.



COURSE 615: EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION-I

CREDITS • 3

OBJECTIVES

- To acquaint student teacher educator with the emerging concept of Educational Administration.
- To help student teacher educator to understand the various factors affecting the character of Educational Administration.
- To impart knowledge of the concept of and related concepts underlying Educational Administration.
- To help the student Teacher educator to understand the nature of Educational Planning, Educational Leadership and Organizational Behaviour.
- To develop the student Teacher Educators understanding and appreciation of the theories of Educational Administration, Planning and Leadership.
- To develop an insight in Student teacher Educators about key concepts of Organizational Compliance and Organizational Climate.
- To develop in them knowledge and skills of Evaluation and Appraisal of educational Institutions.
- To develop in student Teacher educators a satisfactory understanding about the researches done in the area of Educational Administration.
- To make future educational Administrators realize the need, locate and fill research gaps in the area of Educational Administration
- To develop pre-requisite Administrative and managerial skills for Educational Administrator among student Teacher Educators.
- To keep student Teacher educators precisely informed about the Educational Indian and world scenario of Educational Administration.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: UNDERLYING CONCEPTS AND THEORY

- Understanding Management, Administration and Organization
- Educational Administration : Concept, Meaning and Scope
- Development of thought in Administration and its Implications for Educational Administration: Scientific Management, Max Weber's Bureaucratic Model, Human Relations and Human Resources Model, Henry Fayol's Concept of Management,
- Changing concepts of Educational Administration, Efficiency versus Human relations - controversy
- Process of Management Administration,
- Levels of Management vis-à-vis Administrative skills

UNIT II: EDUCATIONAL LEADERSHIP

- Understanding Leadership, Meaning and Nature of Educational Leadership
- □ Theories of Leadership: Great Man, Role, Trait, Contingency, Situational,
- Styles of Leadership: Autocratic, Democratic & Laissez Faire, Transactional, Transformational
- Group Dynamics and Human Relations
- □ Tools for assessing leadership (LBDQ, LCLB)

UNIT III: EDUCATIONAL PLANNING

- Educational Planning: Need, Importance, Types, Scope and Principles,
- Different Approaches to Educational Planning (a) Social Demand Approach, (b) Manpower Approach, (c) Rate of Return Approach (d) cost effective (Benefit) Approach, (e)Alternative forgone Approach
- Determinants of Planning, Economic, Cultural and Social aspects of Educational Planning,
- □ Five year Plan in Education: Historical Background, Features, Impacts, Merits, Demerits.
- Steps in preparation of Plans, Implementing, Evaluating and Readjusting a plan.

UNIT IV: SCENARIO OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION

- Scenario of Educational Administration in Different Countries
- Scenario of Educational Administration in India
- Educational Administration at Primary, Secondary and Higher
 Education level in India

UNIT V: RESEARCHES IN THE AREA OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION

- D Locating the Research trend in the area of Educational Administration
- □ Identifying Research Gaps
- Emerging research areas and research Trends of Educational Administration

ACTIVITIES

- Seminar on the History of Educational Administration
- Critical Account of Educational Planning in India
- Critical appraisal of the Five year plans in India
- Critical analysis of a Leader
- Visit to an Educational Institution and other Educational Organizations
- Preparation of Performance Appraisal for Teachers, Administrators etc.

- Preparing a profile of Educational Administration at different levels of Education.
- Locating research gaps in the area of Educational Administration by reflecting through Educational Surveys

REFERENCES

- Adams, D. (Ed.) (1958). Educational Planning, Centre for Development of Education, All University School Education, Syracuse University Press.
- Bettelheim, C. (1961). Study in the Theory of Planning. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Barr, A. S., Burton, W. H. and Brueckner (1947). Supervision. New York: Appleton Century Crafts, 1947.
- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1974). A Survey of Research in Education. Baroda: M.S. University of Baroda.
- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1979). Second Survey of Research in Education. Baroda: Society for Educational Research and Development.
- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1987). Third Survey of Research in Education. New Delhi: NCERT.
- Buch, M. B. (ed.) (1991). Fourth Survey of Research in Education (Vol.I & II). New Delhi: NCERT.
- Campbell, R.F. and Gregg, R.T. (Ed.) (1957).Administrative Behavior in Education. New York: Harper and Brothers.
- Chandrakant, L.S. et al.(1957). Educational Administration What it Means. Delhi: Ministry of Education,
- Corbally, J.E. (Jr.) (1962). School Finance. Boston: Allyn and Bacan.
- Craig, M. W. (1995). Dynamics of Leadership, Bombay: Jaico Publishing House
- Davar, R. L. & Davar, S. L. (1982). The Management Process, Bombay: Progressive Corporation Pvt. Ltd.
- Dull, L.E.W. (1960). Criteria for Evaluating the Supervision Programme in School. System Findlay, Ohio.
- Harold-Koontz & Cyril O'donnell (1959).Principles of Management. (2nd ed.), New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company
- Hicks, H. J. (1960).Educational Supervision in Principle and Practice. New York: The Ronald Press Company.
- Mort, P. R. (1946) Principles of School Administration. New York: McGraw Hill Book Company Inc.
- George R. Terry(1954). Principles of Mangement. (3rded). Homewood: Richard Publication.
- Goel, C., Goel, D. R. & Madhavi, R. L. (2007). Abstracts of Research Studies Conducted by Teacher Education Institutions in India, Retrieved from http://www.educationinindia.net/download/Research_Abstract_Volume .pdf.

- Goel, C., Goel, D. R. & Madhavi, R. L. (2008). Abstracts of Research Studies Conducted by Teacher Education Institutions in India, Retrieved from http://www.educationinindia.net/download/Research_Abstract_Volume _2.pdf.
- Goel, C., Goel, D. R. & Madhavi, R. L. (2010). Abstracts of Research Studies Conducted by Teacher Education Institutions in India, Retrieved from <u>http://www.educationinindia.net/download/Research_Abstract_Volume__3.pdf</u>
- Gupta, L. D. (1990). Uccha Shiksha Prashashan. Chandigarh: Haryana Sahitya Acadamy.
- Jain, P.C. & Maheshwari, G. C. (1992). Prabhandhan ke Sidhant . New Delhi: Sultanchand & Sons.
- Koontz, H. & O'Donnell, C. (1959).Principles of Management. (2nd ed.), New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- Mathur, S. S. (1969). Educational Administration-Principles and Practices, Jullundher: Krishna Press.
- Mishra, A. (Ed.)(1967). The Financing of Indian Education.Delhi : Asia Publishing House.
- Naik, C. (1957). Leadership and Educational Administration. New Delhi : Ministry of Education.
- Naik, J. P. (1965). Educational Planning in India, Bombay: Allies publishers.
- NCERT (2000). Fifth Survey of Research in Education (Vol.I & II). New Delhi: NCERT
- NCERT (2007). Sixth Survey of Research in Education (Vol.I & II). New Delhi: NCERT
- Ode, L. K. (1991). Shekshik Prashashan. Jaipur: Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy.
- Robbins, Stephen P. (2010). Organizational Behavior Concepts, Controversies, Applications. 11th Ed. Prentice Hall
- Robert, T., Irvinf R. W. & Fred M. (1959). Leadership and Organization: A behavioural science Approach. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- Sansanwal, D. N. (2006). Sixth Survey of Research in Education, retrieved from <u>www.dauniv.ac.in</u>
- Simmon, H.A.(). Administrative Behaviour (2 nd Ed.). New York: McMillan and Co., 1967.
- Saxena, C. C. (1996). Prabhandhan ke Sidhant . Agra: Sahitya Bhavan Publication.
- Sears, J. B. (1950). The Nature of the Administrative Process. New York:McGraw Hill.
- Speers H. (1953). Improving the Supervision of Instruction. Englewood Cliffs: N.L. Prentice Hall Inc.

Tripathi, P. C. (1992). Successful Organisation Management. New Delhi: Global Business Press.

Journals, Newsletters for Educational Administration Course:

JC	DURNAL	PUBLISHED BY &AVAILABILITY
•	JOURNAL OF EDUCATIONAL PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION – A QUARTERLY JOURNAL	NUEPA, New Delhi
٠	PARIPREKSHYA - A HINDI JOURNAL	NUEPA, New Delhi
•	NUEPA NEWSLETTER	NUEPA, New Delhi
•	ANTRIEP NEWSLETTER	NUEPA, New Delhi
•	JOURNAL OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND HISTORY	Taylor & Francis, [Online] http://www.tandfonline.com
•	JOURNAL OF HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY AND MANAGEMENT	Taylor & Francis, [Online] http://www.tandfonline.com
•	EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION QUARTERLY	Sage Publication [Online] http://eaq.sagepub.com/
•	JOURNAL OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION	Emerland Publication Online <u>http://www.emeraldinsight.co</u> <u>m</u>
•	INTERNATIONAL ELECTRONIC JOURNAL FOR LEADERSHIP IN LEARNING	http://www.ucalgary.ca
•	INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND POLICY STUDIES	http://www.academicjournals.o rg/IJEAPS
	्र स	29.

COURSE 617: ICT IN EDUCATION

CREDITS: 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable student teacher educators to understand the scope of ICT and its pedagogic applications.
- To help student teacher educators to understand the meaning of ICT integration in teaching learning and other academic tasks.
- To develop Techno-pedagogic skills among the student teacher educators
- To help them acquire instructional applications of Internet and web resources.
- To develop competency among student teacher educators to use Online and Offline electronic resources.
- To empower student teacher educators in handling Word Processing, Spread sheet and Presentation applications.
- To help student teacher educators to explore the environment of window Operating System.
- To make the student teacher educators aware of latest happenings in the technology integrated Pedagogy

UNIT I:

[a] Word Processing: Operating through Different Menus and Ribbon: Home, Insert, Page Layout, References, Mailings and Review, Functions of Office button, Customize Quick Access Toolbar, Creating References and Bibliography, Inserting End Notes and Footnotes, Tables of Content, Hyperlinking within and outside document, working with Track Changes options
[b] Presentations : Exploring different Menus and ribbons, working with

Templates, Creating and editing slides, Custom Animation, Slide Show, Recording Narration, Rehearsing/recording timing for presentations

UNIT II

[a] Data Computation: Different Menus and ribbon, Charts and their Functions in the field of Education, Application of Function Library, Creating Auto-calculators for various Mathematical and Statistical Computations, Data Analysis using excel

[b]Data Base: Creating-Modifying-Retrieving tables of Information

UNIT III: INTERNET APPLICATIONS

Surfing through WWW, Online Conferencing, Webinar, Creation & Use of email, Blogs, Use of Online Dictionaries, Translator, Google transliteration, working with Plagiarism Software, Use of Cloud Computing, Social Networking Sites

UNIT IV: WEB PUBLISHING AND MULTI- MEDIA

[a] Web Publishing: HTML, Creating own website (local host), Downloading/Uploading and Installing Educational software

[b] Handling Multimedia: Creating, editing and broadcasting videos; Recording, editing and using Audios, Inserting Text in the videos

UNIT V: WORKING WITH OPERATING SYSTEMS

UBUNTU, LINUX, ANDROID: Basic features- Interface, Application (Apps), Security and Privacy, Uses of Smartphone and Tablet, and their applications, WEB 2.0 tools, Modular Object Oriented Dynamic Learning (MOODLE), National Mission on Education through ICT (NMEICT)— Sakshat Portal

ACTIVITIES

- 1. Creation of a Digital Lessons on the specified topics
- 2. Evaluation of articles/papers and Reporting plagiarism
- 3. Creation of Videos-Audios materials
- 4. Formatting of the Documents with given specifications
- 5. Analyzing given data in MS Excel and reporting the results
- 6. Creating Data Bases
- 7. Publishing Own Website in the Local Host

REFERENCES

- Flynn, M. and Rutkosky, N. (2000). Advanced Microsoft Office 2000. Delhi: New Delhi Publications.
- Harvest, D. (1992). Excel 4 for Windows Instant Reference. Singapore: Tech Publications PTE Ltd.
- Hillman, D. (1998). Multimedia Technology and Applications. New York: Delmar Publishers.
- Matthews, M. (1995). Windows 95 Power Tools. New York: Random House Electronic Publishing.
- Minasi, Mark, Christiansen, Eric & Shapar, Kristina (1998). Expert Guide to Windows 98. San Francisco: Sybex.

Nagpal, D.P. (2001). Computer Course. New Delhi: Wheeler Publishing.

- Oberlin, S.K., Kervran, P. & Cox, J. (1993). A Quick Course in Windows 3.1.Delhi: Jaico Publishing House.
- Rajaraman, V. (1997). Fundamentals of Computers. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- Rathbone, A. (1993). Windows for Dummies. Delhi: Pustak Mahal.
- Ray, J. (1997). Special Edition Using Microsoft TCP/IP. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

Sanders, D. H. (1988). Computers Today. New York: McGraw hill Book Co.

- Sansanwal, D.N. (2000). Information Technology in Higher Education. University News, Vol. 38, No.46, pp 1-6.
- Sansanwal D.N. & Suri, S. (1996). Computers in Psychological Testing. Journal of Educational and Psychology, Vol. 53, Nos. 1-2-3.
- Sinha, P.K. (1992). Computer Fundamentals: Concepts, Systems and Applications. New Delhi: BPB Publications.
- Under Dahl, Brain & Under Dahl, Keith: Internet with Webpage/Web Site Design. New Delhi: IDG Books India (P) Ltd., 2000.



COURSE 618: CREATIVE EXPRESSION SKILLS

CREDITS -1

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop values such as Sharing, Cooperation, Coordination/helping others, Tolerance, Team-Spirit in student teachers
- To develop necessary skills of Administrating, Coordinating, Managing and Evaluating the conduct of different cultural activities among student teachers
- To acquire the Self-Learning through Creative/Productive activities
- To provide an opportunity for Self-Expression through Creative/Constructive activities
- To encourage Holistic development of personality
- To develop in students the Spirit of Healthy Competition
- To explore the multifarious talents in student teacher

CONTENT

Students will choose any one activity by taking one from different Activities. Students may be divided among a number of Houses and competitions may be organized.

Activities

Narration, Recitation, Elocution, Debate, Pick and Speak, Story Telling, Speech, Extempore, Play, Skit, Mime, and Group discussion on a few selected topics Celebration of Important days and events – Management of stage and decoration, anchoring, making of invitation card, pamphlets, posters and banners, organizing cultural activities.

COURSE 621:PHILOSOPHICAL PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION

CREDITS • 3

OBJECTIVES:

- □ To highlight the idea of interrelatedness of the disciplines of education and philosophy.
- □ To enable the students to understand the branches of Philosophy.
- □ To develop among students the attitude and capacity of raising fundamental questions concerning theory and practice of education.
- □ To enable the students to analyze the discourse in education in order to discover the assertions, assumptions and kinds of meaning it might contain.
- □ To equip students with basic terms and concepts of the discipline with a view to facilitate their understanding of the philosophical discourse relating to education and intelligent participation in it.
- □ To familiarize students with some significant philosophical perspectives on education and implications for education.
- □ To bring to the focus of students certain issues vital to education and the attempts through various philosophies to resolve them.
- □ To acquaint students with the philosophical thoughts of some prominent Indian and Western educational thinkers.
- □ To help students to appreciate the extent to which contemporary educational thought and practice are influenced by values cherished by the nation.

CONTENT

UNIT I: PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION

(a) Meaning, definition and historical background of Philosophy and Education. (b) Relationship between Education and Philosophy. Definition, Scope and Role of Philosophy of Education. (c) Metaphysics, Axiology and Epistemology in Philosophy.

UNIT II: THEORY BUILDING-

(a) Concept, Process, characteristics, types and importance of Definition. (b) Concept, types and characteristics of Proposition and Assumption. (c) Concept, Types and Structure of Inference.(d) Process of Theory building.

UNIT III: SCHOOLS OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY

Study of traditional Indian schools of Philosophy: Sankhya, Vedanta, Nyaya, and Buddhism with Special Reference to their Basic Tenets and their Educational Implications for Aims, Curriculum and Methodology of Education.

UNIT IV: SCHOOLS OF WESTERN PHILOSOPHY

Study of Idealism, Naturalism, Realism, Pragmatism, Existentialism, Logical Empiricism Philosophies, with Special Reference to their Basic

Tenets and Educational Implications for Aims, Curriculum and Methodology of Education.

UNIT V: EDUCATIONAL THOUGHTS OF PROMINENT PHILOSOPHERS-Indian Philosophers: Tagore, Vivekananda, Gandhi and Krishnamurti. Western Philosophers: Aristotle, Rousseau, Russell and Dewey.

ACTIVITIES

- Book Reviews of original readings of Rabindranath Tagore /Vivekananda/ Gandhi/Aristotle/ John Dewey/ J. Krishnamurthy/ Bertrand Russell/ and presentation of their major philosophical ideas through seminar. (Any One)
- Presentation on Fallacies of Inference.
- Reviews of two Doctoral Level Research Works of Standard
- Analysis of Education Policy/Major policy Documents for their philosophical underpinnings.

REFERENCES

Agrawal, S.K. (1981). Shiksha ke Darshnic Evam Samaj Shastriya Siddant. Meerut: Modern Publishers.

- Belford, T.O. (1969). Toward a Philosophy of Education. New York: Holt Rinehart.
- -----. (1952). Aurobindo Society: Teaching of Aurobindo, Aurobindo Society, Pondicherry.
- Brubacher, L.S. (1962).*Modern Philosophies of Education*. New York: McGraw Hill Co.
- Butler, L.D. (1951). Four Philosophies. New York: Harper.
- Butler, J.D. (1968).*Four Philosophies and their Practice in Education and Religion*.(3rd Ed). New York: Harper and Row Co.
- Brubacher, J.S. (1950).*Modern Philosophies of Education*. New Delhi-Bombay: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- Canker, W. (1979).Hindu Personality of Education.Tagore, Gandhi, Aurbindo. New Delhi: Manohar Book Service.
- Cohen, B. (1969). Educational Thought: An Introduction. London: MacMillan Co.
- Cohen, M.R. & Nagle, E. (1984).Introduction to Logic and Scientific Method. Delhi: Allied Publishers.
- Connor, D.J.(1968).Introduction to Philosophy of Education. London: Rutledge and Kegan Paul.
- Copi, I.M. (1968).Introduction to Logic. London: Macmillan Co.
- Dutt, R.P. (1955). India Today and Tomorrow.Delhi: People Publishing House.

Elmhrist, L.K.(1961). Rabindra Nath Tagore. London: John Murrey.

Gaind, D.N. and Sharma, R.P. (1964).Shiksha ke Siddhant. Agra: Universal Publishers.

- Gokhale, B.G. (1961). Indian Thought Through the Ages. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Hurst, P. (1983). Logic of Education. London: Rutledge and Kegan Paul.
- G.F. (Ed.) (1966).Logic and Language of Education. New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- Kabir, H. (1964).Indian Philosophy of Education. New Delhi: Asia Publishing House.
- Mani, R. N. (1965). Educational Ideas and Ideals of Eminent Indians. New Delhi: New Book Society of India.
- Mertzer, W.P. et. al. (1969).Dimensions of Academic Freedom.University of Illinois Press.
- Moore, T.W. (1974). Educational Theory: An Introduction. London: Rutledge and Kegan Paul.
- Mukherjee, H.B. (1962). Education for Fullness: A Study of Educational Thoughts and Experiments of R.N. Tagore. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Nash, P. (1966).Authority and Freedom in Education.New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- Oad, L.K. (1973) Shiksha ki Darshnic Prashtbhoomi.Jaipur: Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academi.
- Pal, H. R. (1973).Educational Research (Hindi). Bhopal:Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Acdemi.
- Pandey, R.S. (1979). Shiksha Darshan. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.
- Pandey, R. (1979).Shiksha ki Darshnik Evam Samaj Shastriya Prashtha, Bhoomi. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.
- Park, J. (1964) Selected Readings in Philosophy of Education. London: MacMillan.
- Peters, R.S. (1970) Ethics and Education. London: George Allen and Unwin.
- Radhakrishnan, S. (2004) Uddeshyapurna Jeevan. New Delhi: Hind Pocket Books.
- Radhakrishnan, S. (2004). Bhartiya Sanskriti Kuchh Vichar. New Delhi: Hind Pocket Books.
- Radhakrishnan,S. (2004). Upnishado Ka Sandesh. New Delhi: Hind Pocket Books.
- Rusk, R.R. (1928). *The Philosophical Bases of Education*. London: University of London Press Ltd.
- Rusk, R.R. and Scotland, J. (1979) *Doctrines of the Great Educators*. (Fifth Edition). NewYork: The Macmillan Press Ltd.
- Sharma,Y.K. (2002) *The Doctrines of the Great Indian Educators*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers.

COURSE 622: PSYCHOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION -I

CREDITS • 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to understand the psychological orientation to education.
- To develop an understanding about various schools of psychology
- To develop an understanding about learners' cognitive, thinking and learning styles.
- To develop an understanding about learners' personality and its assessment.
- To make students aware about the concept of mental health and various defence mechanisms used to maintain it.

CONTENTS

Unit I: Psychological Orientation to Education

- Contribution of various schools with reference to Teaching & Learning (Behaviourism, Psychoanalysis, Cognitive and Humanistic- schools)
- Methods used in Educational Psychology- Introspection, Observation, Experimental and Case Study

Unit II: Human Development and its Theories

- Concept and stages of Human development and its implication to teaching learning process.
- Erickson's theory of psycho-social development.
- Development task theory (Havighurst).
- Cognitive development (Piaget)
- Moral development (Kohlberg).

Unit III: Theories of Intelligence

Guilford's' old and new Model, Gardner's Theory of Multiple Intelligence, Sternberg's Triarchic Theory of Intelligence, Cattle's Theory of Intelligence and Educational Implications of these Theories.

Unit IV: Personality Theories

Type Theories: Galen Kretchmer, Sheldon, Spranger, Trait Theories- Allport, Cattell, Eysenck and their Educational Implications. Assessment of Personality: Questionnaire, Inventories and Projective Techniques.

Unit V: Mental Health and Hygiene: Process of Adjustment, School Adjustment, Conflicts and Defense – Mechanism, Mental Hygiene and Educational Implications

PRACTICALS

- 1. Performance Test of Intelligence
- 2. Case Study
- 3. Personality
- 4. Emotional Intelligence.
- 5. Test of Anxiety

REFERENCES

- Anderson, J. R. (). *Cognitive Psychology and Its Implications*. (2nd Edition). New York: W.H. Freeman & Co.
- Baron, R A. (). *Psychology* (5th Edition). Pearson Education
- Berk, Laura F. (). Development Through the Lifespan (3rd Edition). Pearson Education
- Bhatnagar, S. and Saxena, A. () Advanced Educational Psychology. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot.
- Chauhan, S.S. (). Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Chopra, R.K.(). *Psychology of Mental Hygiene*. (Vol.I&II). Chandigarh: Arise Publishers.
- Fieldman, R. S. (). Understanding Psychology (6th Edition). TATA McGraw-Hill
- Flexner, W. (). Educational Psychology and Mental Health, Sarup & Sons
- Lal, R. B. & Manava, R. N. () Shiksha Manovigyan. Meerut: Rastogi Publications.
- Mangal, S.K. () Essentials of Educational Psychology. Prentice-Hall of India
- Mangal, S.K. () Shiksha Manovigyan . Prentice-Hall of India
- Mathur, S.S. () Shiksha Manovigyan. New Delhi: Agrawal Publications.
- Patri, V. R. () Counselling Psychology. New Delhi: Authors Press.
- Santrock, J. W. (). Adolescence (11th Edition). TATA McGraw-Hill
- Santrock, J. W. (). *Educational Psychology: Classroom Update*: Preparing for PRAXIS and Practice. TATA McGraw-Hill

COURSE 623: EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS- II

CREDITS •4

OBJECTIVES:

- To help students understand relationship between types of research tools and the nature of data.
- To help students develop competency and confidence in statistical description and presentation of research data.
- To develop among students capacity for qualitative and quantitative analysis of research data.
- To sensitize students about the assumptions underlying statistical tests and techniques used for analyzing and interpreting research data.
- To empower students in skills of computer applications for analyzing and interpreting research data.

UNIT I: SAMPLING TECHNIQUES

- Definition of Population and Sample, Importance of Sampling
- Probability sampling techniques: Systematic, Random, Stratified, Cluster and Multi-Stage.
- Non- probability sampling techniques: Purposive, Incidental, Snow ball, Convenience, Judgemental.
- Sampling: Size of Sample, Sampling Error and Avoidance of Sampling Bias.

UNIT II: TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF DATA COLLECTION

- Characteristics of a good research tool.
- Types of research tools: their development and uses.
- Questionnaires, Interviews and observation as tools of research.
- Tests and scales such as: Projective and non-projective tests, Rating scales and Attitude scales.
- Socio-metric techniques.
- Standardization of the Tool: Item analysis, Reliability and validity of tools.

UNIT III: RESEARCH PROPOSAL WRITING

- a) Formats, style and essential elements of research proposal.
- b) Writing References in APA and Harvard Style

UNIT IV: PARAMETRIC INFERENTIAL STATISTICS

- Sampling distribution of mean, sampling error, setting confidence intervals for population mean.
- Hypothesis testing: Levels of significance
- Critical value approach and p-value approach

- Type I and Type II errors in testing hypothesis.
- Two tailed and one tailed tests.

UNIT V: TWO AND K-SAMPLES DIFFERENCE TESTS

- Independent t-test- assumptions, computation and interpretation
- The Correlated t-test
- One Way ANOVA
- Assumption of Parametric Tests

ACTIVITIES:

- Overview of computer software for data analysis (Coding of data and Data entry in various computer software, SPSS)
- Data Analysis and interpretation
- Developing a research proposal
- Solution of UGC-NET question papers on prescribed contents
- Writing References of Book, Journal, Encyclopaedia, Thesis, Weblinks etc
- Developing Questionnaire, Interview Schedule etc related to dissertation.

REFERENCES

- Aggrawal, Y. P. (1990). Statistical Methods: Concepts, Application and Computation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishing Private Limited.
- Asthana, H.S. & Bhushan, B. (2007). Statistics for Social Sciences. New Jersey: Prentice Hall of India.
- Freedman, D., Pisani, R. and Purves R. (2011). Statistics (4thth Edition). Viva Books.
- Freedman, D. A. (2009). Statistical Models Theory and Practice. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Furlong, Nancy E. and Others (2000). Research Methods and Statistics An Integrated Approach. Fort Worth: Harcourt College Publishers.
- Gage, N.L. (1963). Handbook of Research on Teaching. Chicago: Rand McNelly and Co.
- Garrett, H. E. (1981). Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay: Vakils, Feffer and Simons Ltd.
- Gay, L.R. (1996). Educational Research Competencies for Analysis and Application. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, Inc.
- George, D. and Mallery, P. (1999). SPSS for Windows: Step by Step, VJ Books Inc.
- Guilford, J. P. (1981). Fundamental Statistics in Psychology and Education. Auckland: Mcgraw Hill International Book Company.
- Healy, J.F. (1999). Statistics- A Tool for Social Research Belmont. C.A.Wadsworth publishing Company.

- Johnson, R. A. and Tsui, K. W. (1998). Statistical Reasoning and Methods. New York: John Wiley and Sons, INC.
- Landau, S. and Everitt, B. S. (2004). A Handbook of Statistical Analysis using SPSS. New York Washington D.C: Chapman & Hall/ CRC Press Company.
- Linguist, E.F. (1968). Statistical Analysis in Educational Research. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH publishing Co.
- Reddy, T. S. and Rao, P. B. (1995). Research Methodology and Statistical Measurements. New Delhi: Reliance Publishing House.
- Rout, S.K. (2009). Educational Measurement Evaluation and Statistics. New Delhi: Navyug Publishers & Distributors.
- Salkind, N.J. (2007). Encyclopedia of Measurement and statistics. Vol. I, II, III. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Snedecor, G. W. & Cochran, W. G. (1968). Statistics Methods. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
- Sprinthall, R. C. (). Basic Statistical Analysis. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Sprinthall, R. C. (1990). Basic Statistical Analysis. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Walizer, M.H. and Wiehir, P.H. (1978). Research Method and Analysis-Searching for Relationships. New York: Harper and Raw Publishers.

COURSE 624: ACADEMIC WRITING AND PAPER PRESENTATION

CREDITS —3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the skills of professional academic writing in future teacher educators.
- To enable future teacher educators to understand the meaning, process, importance and characteristics of different types of writing
- To develop in them the art of writing research paper, articles and reviews.
- To acquaint future teacher educators with the skills of presentation, chairing session, conducting discussion, sharpening arguments, listening and self-expression
- To develop in them the skills of keen observation and convergentdivergent thinking
- To hone the skills of critical thinking, reading text and counter arguments
- To foster in them the culture of dialog, group cohesion, seminar decorum and sharing ideas
- To enable Future Teacher Educators to learn the skills of reading comprehension and to enhance vocabulary.

COURSE CONTENT / SYLLABUS

UNIT-I

- □ Introduction to writing: Different types of Writing, Importance and Scope of Academic Writing, Different types of research writing: Empirical, Historical, Ex-Post Facto, Qualitative etc., Plagiarism,Acknowledging the source of ideas.
- □ APA Style: Writing text, tables, figures, diagrams, quotations, Bulleting, Numbering, reference writing: In-text reference and out-text reference, footnotes, endnotes, exhibits.

UNIT-II

- □ Writing research papers: Syntax, purpose and scope of writing research papers, Considerations while writing research papers
- □ Writing Articles: Meaning, concept and types of Articles, points to be kept in mind while writing articles
- **Developing Poster Presentations:** Points to be kept in mind for poster presentation

UNIT III

Dissertation/Thesis Writing: Meaning, concept and types of thesis, Things to keep in Mind while writing dissertations/thesis, Common mistakes in writing dissertations and thesis Notion of Impact factor, i-index, h-index, Citation Index, ISBN, ISSN, Google scholar

UNIT IV

Seminar Etiquettes

Meaning, Scope and Components of Seminar, Responsibilities and Code of conduct for Chairperson, Participants and Presenter,

Different modes of presentation: Poster presentation, Dialogue method, Traditional Paper Presentations, Modern Concept of Presentations (Webinars)

UNIT V

Actual paper presentation

Each student will have to develop a research base or article base paper. He/she will have to present at-least one paper, chair at-least one session and act as participant in seminar deliberations.

MODE OF TRANSACTION:

The entire course will be transacted through discussion, seminar, workshop and practical activities.

ACTIVITIES:

- Developing a research or article on any educational situation or problem
- Assignment on Comparing different forms of referencing and writing styles
- Hand on experience in observing and reporting a national/state level seminar
- Act as paper presenter, Participant, Chairperson
- Any other as per teacher's discretion

REFERENCES

Craswell, G. (2004). Writing for Academic Success. Sage Publications.

- Murray, N. (2012). Writing Essays in English Language and Linguistics, Cambridge University Press.
- Crème, P. and M. Lea. (2003). *Writing at University : A guide for students*. Open University Press.
- Jordan, R.R. (1999). Academic Writing Course. London : Nelson/Longman.
- Hamp-Lyons, L. and Heasley, B. (2006). *Study Writing.* Cambridge University Press.
- Oshima, A. & Hogue, A. (2005). Writing Academic English, Addison-Wesley, New York

- Swales, J.and C. Feak. (2004). *Academic Writing for Graduate Students*. Michigan University Press.
- Aggrawal, J. C. (1983). *Educational Research –An Introduction*. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot.
- American Psychological Association. (2010). The Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (6th ed.). Washington, DC: Author. ISBN 9781433805622
- American Psychological Association. (2001). *The Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (5th ed.). Washington, DC: Author. ISBN 9781557987914
- Gay, L. R. and Airasian, P. (2000). Educational Research Competencies for Analysis and Application (6th ed.), New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Good, C. V. (1959). Introduction to Educational Research. New York: Appleton-century Crofts.
- Good, C. V., and Scates, D. E. (1954). Methods of Research- Educational, Psychological, Sociological. New York: Appleton-Century Croffs Inc.
- Kaul, L. (1997). *Methodology of Educational Research*. New Delhi: Vikas Publication House Pvt. Ltd.
- Sidhu, K.S. (2004). *Methodology of the Research in Education*. New Delhi: Sterling Publication
- (2011). *The World of Glossary*. Retrieved on October 30, 2011 from http://www.investorwords.com/5068/trend_analysis.html
- (2011). Oxford Thesaurus: working definitions [2011]. Retrieved on October 30, 2011, from http://oxforddictionaries.com/

COURSE 625: GENDER STUDIES

CREDITS •3

OBJECTIVES:

- □ To introduce the basic concepts of gender in development context.
- □ To study Constitutional Provisions across Gender.
- Understand the need to address gender based violence in all social spaces and evolve strategies for addressing it.
- □ To make them Understand about underlying concept of Feminism, Feminism and Third Gender.
- To make them aware about Societal changes due to Gender based movements and Initiatives

CONTENT:

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Gender and Sex, Biological determinism- Female, Male and Trans-Gender (Queer), Gender- Issues and Perspectives in India: Stereotyping , Discrimination, Violence and Sensitivity in Society.

UNIT II: FEMALE, SOCIETY AND EDUCATION

Feminism, Matriarchy, Historical Backdrops, Scenario, Constitutional Provisions, Major Movements, Educational Initiatives

UNIT III: MALE, SOCIETY AND EDUCATION

Manism, Patriarchy, Scenario, Historical Backdrops, Constitutional Provisions, Major Movements, Educational Initiatives

UNIT IV: THIRD GENDER, SOCIETY AND EDUCATION

Scenario, Constitutional Provisions, Major Movements, Issues and challenges

UNIT V: GENDER MAINSTREAMING, EQUITY AND INCLUSION

Gender Mainstreaming, Steps and Programs towards Gender Mainstreaming, Engendering Policy and Programs, Influencing Factors of Gender Mainstreaming, Role of media in Gender Mainstreaming, Gender based Data/Research Studies(India and abroad).

PRACTICUM-

Organise Poster Competition on Gender Equality And Empowerment. Collect thoughts of Eminent Men and Women of India on Girls Education and Women's Empowerment. Field visits to Schools, to Observe the Schooling Processes and Transactional Strategies from a Gender Perspective.

Debates and Discussions on Violation of Gender Rights in our Society.

Gender Survey.

Awareness Program

Analysis of Movie

REFERENCES:

Aggarwal, B. Patriarchy and the "Modernising" State, in Agarwal, B. (ed.), Structures of Patriarchy: The State, the Community and the Household, London: Zed Press, 1988.
Schneir, Miriam, ed. *Feminism in Our Time: The Essential Writings, World War II to the*

Pre Jodhka Surinder (ed.), Community and Identities, Sage, 2002

Hasan, Z. (Ed.), Forging Identities: Gender, Communities and the State, New Delhi, Kali for Women, 1994.

Khullar, Mala. Writing the Women's Movement: A Reader ed. New Delhi: Zubaan, 2005.

Jain, Devaki and Pam Rajput. Narratives from the Women's Studies Family: Recreating knowledge. New Delhi: Sage, 1942.

Desai, Neera and Maithrey Krishnaraj. Women and Society in India. Delhi: Ajantha, 1987. Programme of Women's Studies. New Delhi: ICSSR, 1977.

626: ELECTIVE GENERIC COURSES- II

In the Second Year the following two courses will be offered in this category

- 1. Guidance and Counseling- II
- 2. Educational Administration- II

COURSE 626: GUIDANCE AND COUNDSELLING- II

CREDITS• 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To acquaint students with need of guidance at different educational levels and techniques collecting and disseminating educational as well as vocational information.
- To familiarize students with concepts like vocational development, vocational maturity, vocational adjustment and their relationship.
- To make student understanding self- concept and aspiration and importance of studying these concepts for guidance worker.
- To familiarize students with meaning, need, methodology and strategies of personal guidance.
- To make student aware about personality development skills.
- To familiarize students with training of personal involved in guidance activities.
- To acquaint students with concept objectives and organization of educational clinic.
- To make student aware about the researchers conducted in the area, needed areas of research and issues and challenges in guidance.
- To familiarize students with intervention programme as relaxation strategies, Critical analysis of problems and understanding of behavior pattern of special children.

CONTENT

UNIT I: EDUCATIONAL GUIDANCE

- Meaning, Guidance and Curriculum, Principles and Examples of Guidance oriented Curriculum. Special Need and Specific Nature of Guidance at different educational stages, viz. Primary, Secondary, Higher Secondary, College entrance, University and Professional Courses/Colleges.
- Educational Information Importance, Techniques of collecting and disseminating Educational Information.

UNIT II: VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE

- Meaning, Theories of Vocational Development, Vocational Development, Vocational Maturing and Vocational Adjustment Occupational Information – Nature and Importance/ Significance, Classification of Occupations, Sources of Occupational Information, Collection, Analysis and Filing of Occupational Information, Dissemination and use of Occupational Information, Job Analysis and Job Profiles.
- Theories of career development (some basic concepts, applicability and limitations of each theory) - Trait Factor Theory, Roe's theory of personality development and career choice, Holland's career theory of personality types and work environment, Super's life span/life space approach to career development

UNIT III: PERSONAL GUIDANCE

- Meaning and Definition of Personal Guidance, Need of Personal Guidance, Methodology and Strategy of Personal Guidance, Various Possible Areas of Problems- Viz. Physical Health, Social Relationship, School Life, Home and Family, Sex, Ideals, Financial Status, Morals, Religion etc. Various areas of Deviancy viz. Physical, Mental, Intellectual, Academic, Emotional, Psychoneurotic etc. Cause effect Relationship,
- Personality Development : Skills for developing personality: Self Confidence, coping with stage fear, preparing for interview, Communication skill, Self exploration, etc.

UNIT VI: GROUP GUIDANCE

- Concept and Need of Group Guidance, Specific need of Group Guidance in Indian Situations, Group Dynamics and Group Guidance, Group Guidance and Individual Counseling. Techniques of Group Guidance.
- Researches in Guidance Types and Areas of Researches conducted.
 Needed Areas of Research in Guidance and Counseling. Issues and challenges in Guidance.

UNIT V: INTERVENTION PROGRAMMES

- Role of relaxation strategies, yoga & meditation therapies for children and adolescents for reducing stress and problems. Personal management skills (Time, self management)
- Critical Analysis of different Types of problems -Academic Problems, Class room problems, Personal, Vocational, Emotional/social problem (Adjustment), and Problem of Decision making.
- Behaviour Patterns of Gifted, underachiever, Slow learner/educationally backward child, Attention deficit hyperactive (ADH) Children, ,Visual/ auditory/ Speech, Orthopedic and Mentally challenged.

ACTIVITIES

- Sources and Disseminating Information: Educational and Vocational Job Analysis
- Trend Report on Researches of Guidance and Counseling
- Group Assessment- Tools: Administration and Report.
- Relaxation strategies, yoga & meditation therapies for children and adolescents for reducing stress and problems.
- Critical Analysis of different types of Problems of Students
- Study of Behaviour Pattern of any special child

REFERENCES

- Agarwal J.C. (1965). Educational and Vocational Guidance & Counseling. New Delhi: Doaba House.
- Barki B.G. & Mukhopadhyay B. (1989). Guidance and Counseling- A manual. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Bhatnagar R. P. (2011). Guidance and Counseling in Education and Psychology. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot.
- Bernard, H.W. (1957). Towards Better Personal Adjustment. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co.
- Cattle, C. and Downie, N.M. (1960). Procedures and Preparation for counseling New Jersey: Englewood Cliffs.
- Chauhan S.S. (2001). Principles and Techniques of Guidance. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Chibber S.K. (2008). Guidance and Educational Counseling. New Delhi: Common Wealth Publishers.
- Crow and Crow (1962). An Introduction to Guidance. New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House (P) Ltd.
- Geldard, K. and Geldard, D. (1997). Counselling Children A Practical Introduction. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Gibson, R.L. and Mitchell, M.H. (2009). Introduction to Counseling and Guidance. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Gladding T. S. (2009). Counseling- A Comprehensive Profession. Dorling Kindersley (I), Pvt. Ltd.
- Goldman L. (1971). Using Tests in Counseling. New York: Appelton Century Crofts.
- Gupta, M. (2003). Effective Guidance and Counseling- Modern Methods and Techniques. Jaipur: Mangal Deep Publication.
- Hollend, J. (1966). The Psychology of Vocational Choice. Wattham Man: The Blaisoldd Publication Co.
- Jaysawal, S.R. (1985). Guidance and Counseling. Luchnow: Prakshan Kendra.

- Jones, A.J. (1951). Principals of Guidance. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co.Inc.
- Kochhar S.K. (1984). Guidance and Counseling in Colleges and Universities. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd..
- Kochhar S. K. (1984). Educational and Vocational Guidance in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Mc Daenial, H.B. (1959). Reading in Guidance Holt. New York: Rinehart and Winston.
- Mishra R.C. (2011). Guidance and Counseling. (Vol. I). New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Mishra R.C. (2011). Guidance and Counseling. (Vol. II). New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Myers, G.E. (1941). Principals and Techniques of Vocational Guidance. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co. Inc.
- Nayak A.K. (1997). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Peterson, J.V. and Nisenholz, B. (1995). Orientation to Counseling. Baston: Allyn and Bacon.
- Qureshi, H. (2004). Educational Counseling. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Sharma, R.A. (2001). Fundamentals of Guidance and Counseling. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot.
- Siddiqui M.H. (2009). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Singh U. K. & Sudarshan K. N. (1990). Vocational Education. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- Super, D.E. (1957). Psychology of Careers. New York: Harper and Brothers.
- Yadav S. (2005). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.

COURSE 626: EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION-II

CREDITS • 3

OBJECTIVES:

- □ To develop among the student teacher educators understanding and appreciation of the theories of Educational Administration.
- □ To develop among student teacher educators the concept of competence in Educational Administration.
- □ To help the student teacher educators to understand the nature of Educational Planning and Finance.
- □ To acquaint them with the theory and Practice of Educational Finance.
- □ To develop among student teacher educators the attitude and capacity of raising fundamental questions concerning theory and practice of Educational Administration.
- □ To help them gain an understanding of Financing in Education in India.
- □ To sensitize student teacher educators about underlying issues in Educational Administration.
- □ To develop among student teacher educators an insight about the modern trends and related concepts of Educational Administration.
- To acquaint student teacher educators with the knowledge of Human Resource Management.

CONTENT

UNIT I: THEORIES OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION

- Conflicts- Meaning and phases. Gatzel's Theory.
 Motivation Theory of Organizational Equilibrium
- Decision Making- Griffith Theory and Administrative Behavior,
- System Analysis: An approach to Educational Administration.

UNIT II: ISSUES IN EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION

- □ Centre, State and Local bodies
- Centralization and Decentralization in India
- □ State and Private enterprise
- External and Internal controls
- Accountability: Personal goals and Organizational Goals
- Existing problems of administration in India
- □ Factors influencing the system of Educational Administration (Political, Social, Cultural and Economic)
- Individual Factors affecting Educational Administration: Job Satisfaction, burnouts.

UNIT III: EDUCATIONAL FINANCE

- □ Importance of Financing in Education
- □ Sources of Income
- **Cost of Education and Expenditure on Education**
- Resource Mobilization and Allocation
- Preparation of budget
- Role of central and state governments, local authorities, Private Agencies, Voluntary Organization

UNIT IV: ORGANIZATION AND ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

- Organization: Meaning, Concept and scope
- Types of Organizations
- Educational Organizations: Structure and functions
- Organizational Climate: Meaning, concept and Scope
- Patterns of Communication in an Organization
- Verbal and Non- verbal communication in an Organization
- Modes of Communication: Written and Oral communication—Drafting various official letters

UNIT V: MODERN TRENDS IN EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION

- Profession and Professional ethics
- Team Building
- Organizational Compliance
- Educational Institutions as Learning Centre
- □ Knowledge consortium, Think Tanks
- Appraisal Mechanism: PBAS system approach, NAAC, ISO, 360 degree, Six Sigma Appraisal system
- Management Information Systems: Database: Concept and Management

ACTIVITIES

- Study of Educational Administration and Management of an institution.
- Critical Appraisal of Educational Planning of an institution.
- Critical Appraisal of Educational Finance of an institution.

REFERENCES

Aggrawal, J. C. (1967). Educational Administration, School Organisation and Supervision, Delhi: Agra Book Depot.

Bhatnagar, R. P. & Aggrawal, V. (1998)Educational Administration Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.

Campbell, R.F. and Gregg, R.T. (Ed.): Administrative Behavior in Education. New York: Harper and Brothers, 1957.

- Chandrashekran, P. (1994). Educational Planning and Management. New Delhi: Striling Publication
- Corbally, J.E. (Jr.) (1962). School Finance. Boston: Allyn and Bacan.
- Culbertson, J.A., Paul, B.J. and Theodore, L.R. (1960). *Administrative Relationships-A Case Book*. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice Hall Inc.
- Datt, R. and Sundharam, K.P.M. (2004).Indian Economy. New Delhi: S.Chand & Company Ltd.
- Deshora, M. L. (1994). Sangathan: Sidhant evm Vyavahaar. Delhi: Himanshu Publication.
- Goel, A. & Goel S. L. (1994).Education Policy and Administration. New Delhi: Deep & Deep Publication.
- Government of India (1951-1956). First, Five-year Plan: 1951-1956, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1956-1961). Second Five-year Plan: 1956-1961, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1961-1966). Third Five-year Plan: 1961-1966, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1969-1974). Fourth Five-year Plan: 1969-1974, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1974-1979). Fifth ,Five-year Plan1974-1979:, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1980-1985). Sixth Five-year Plan: 1980-1985, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1985-1990). Seventh Five-year Plan: 1985-1990, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1992-1997). Eighth Five-year Plan: 1992-1997, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (1997-2002). Ninth Five-year Plan: 1997-2002, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (2002-2007). Tenth Five-year Plan: 2002-2007, Planning Commission. New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Government of India (2002-2007). Eleventh Five-year Plan: 2007-2012, Planning Commission, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Griffiths, D.W. (Ed.). (1964). Behavioral Sciences and Educational Administration. Chicago: Chicago University Press of Chicago.
- Griffiths, D.E. (1959). Research in Educational Administration. New York: Bureau of Publications, Teacher College, Columbia University.
- Gupta, L. D. (1990). Uccha Shiksha Prashashan. Chandigarh: Haryana Sahitya Acadamy.
- Halpin, A. (Ed.). (1958). Administrative Theory in Education. Chicago: Midwest Administration Centre, University of Chicago.
- Jain, P.C. & Maheshwari, G. C. (1992). Prabhandhan Ke Sidhant. New Delhi: Sultanchand & Sons.

- Levin, H.M. (1995). Cost- effective Analysis in Camboy, M (ed.) International Encyclopedia of Economics of Education (2nded.) London: Pergamon Press.
- Mukerji, S. N. (1970). Administration of Educational Planning and Finance (Theory and Practice). Vadodara: Acharaya Book Depot.
- Naik, J. P. (1965). Educational Planning in India. Bombay: Allied Publication.
- NCERT (1966). Education and National Development, New Delhi: NCERT.
- N.S.S.E. Year Book Pt. 2 (1964)Behavioral Sciences and Educational Administration. Chicago: Chicago University Press, 1964.
- Nwankwo, J. I. (1982). Educational Administration Theory & Practice. Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Ode, L. K. (1991). Shekshik Prashashan. Jaipur: Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy.
- Robbins, S. P. (2010). Organizational Behavior Concepts, Controversies, Applications. 11th Ed. Prentice Hall
- Simmon, H.A.(1967). Administrative Behaviour (2nd Ed.). New York: McMillan and Co.
- Saxena, C. C. (1996). Prabhandhan Ke Sidhant . Agra: Sahitya Bhavan Publication.

IMPORTANT WEBSITES:

www.ugc.ac.in www.ncte-india.org www.nuepa.org www.education.nic.in

www.planningcommission.nic.in

www.ncert.nic.in

www.netvarsity.com

www.onlinevarsity.com

www.shiksha.com

JOURNALS, NEWSLETTERS:

JOURNAL		PUBLISHED BY & AVAILABILITY
JOURNAL OF EDUCATIONAL PLANNING		NUEPA, New Delhi
AND ADMINISTRATION – A QUARTERLY		
JOURNAL		
PARIPREKSHYA - A HINDI JOURNAL		NUEPA, New Delhi
NUEPA NEWSLETTER		NUEPA, New Delhi
ANTRIEP NEWSLETTER		NUEPA, New Delhi
• JOURNAL OF	EDUCATIONAL	Taylor & Francis, [Online]
ADMINISTRATION AND HISTORY		http://www.tandfonline.com

• JOURNAL OF HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY	Taylor & Francis, [Online]
AND MANAGEMENT	http://www.tandfonline.com
EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION	Sage Publication [Online]
QUARTERLY	http://eaq.sagepub.com/
JOURNAL OF EDUCATIONAL	Emerland Publication Online
ADMINISTRATION	http://www.emeraldinsight.com
INTERNATIONAL ELECTRONIC	http://www.ucalgary.ca
JOURNAL FOR LEADERSHIP IN LEARNING	
INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF	http://www.academicjournals.org/
EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND	IJEAPS
POLICY STUDIES	



628: PSYCHOLOGICAL PRACTICAL- I

CREDIT: 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquaint students with the procedure of conducting psychology practical.
- To make students familiar with writing psychology practical.
- To develop skill of interpretation of Psychological test results.
- To make them realise the importance of psychological testing.
- To acquaint the students with the concept of Test and Practical.

A. PRACTICAL:

1. Case Study

- 2 Classical Conditioning
- 3. Immediate Memory Span
- 4. Zeigarnic Effect

B. TESTS:

- a. Measurement of Intelligence(Performance test)
- b. Measurement of Personality (16 PF)
- c. Measurement of teacher's Adjustment
- d. Measurement of Stress

REFERENCES:

- Dandpani, S.: A Textbook of Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications, Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- Dash, M.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1991.
- Kundu, C.L. and Tutoo, D. N.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- Chauhan, S.S.: Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1998.
- Mathur, S.S.: Educational Psychology. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 2000.
- Pal,H.R. and Devra, R. :Prayogik Manovigyan and Manavikas. Agra:Star Publications,1989.
- Woodworth, R.S. and Schlosberg: Experimental Psychology. New Delhi: Oxford &IBH Publishing, 1971.

COURSE 629: MENTORING

CREDIT: 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To help students in being one with self, peers and the institution.
- To help students feel comfortable cared for by letting them enjoy personal attention.
- To develop among students an awareness of important socio-political and educational issues.
- To encourage them to dispassionately and critically reflect over their own life events.
- To motivate and help them to compete at National level eligibility tests like UGC_NET/ CTET.
- To work towards their empowerment in oral and written communication required of a teacher.
- To help develop an empathy and tolerance among students of the conflicting views and beliefs of the other members of the group.
- To encourage self study, scholarly reflection and academic writing skills among students.
- To help students in appropriately expressing themselves in a group.

CONTENT:

Listed activities are suggestive. Concerned teachers may add any other activity to the list they deem fit. As many activities as feasible within available time may be undertaken.

ACTIVITIES: (Any five)

- 1. Orientation and initiation into departmental culture
- 2. Writing a brief autobiography
- 3. Preparation of CV for the post of teacher
- 4. Practice of reasoning exercises with a view to qualify for TET
- 5. Group discussion on a few selected topics
- 6. Developing an article/ paper on any area of interest
- 7. Exploring and sharing group resources/ talents/ special interests of the members
- 8. Pre-assessment in a chosen field

- 9. Remediation of the identified weaknesses
- 10. Mock interviews/ viva
- 11. Book/ video/ short film review
- 12. Stating and tolerating conflicting beliefs of other members

Course Transaction

The course will be transacted through personal interaction, group discussion, self reflection, peer teaching, self study, brainstorming, practical activity etc. Students will maintain record of daily interaction/ discussion in the form of reflective journal, self study report, lesson transcript, test paper, article/ assignment. The course shall be evaluated in accordance with Ordinance 31 like any other practical course.



M.Ed. YEAR • II

SEMESTER •III

COURSE 631: PSYCHOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION- II CREDITS – 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop an awareness and appreciation of variety of learning styles of the learners among students.
- To develop understanding of the concepts of cognition and metacognition, types and models of meta cognition among students.
- To enable students have a firm grasp of learning theories of various dispensations and their applicability in different learning situations.
- To familiarize students with the notion of Transfer of Learning, its theories and applications.
- To help the students in learning the group dynamics of the classroom and factors influencing the classroom environment.

CONTENT

UNIT I: LEARNERS' STYLES OF LEARNING

- Learning Styles: Visual, Aural, Verbal, Physical, Logical, Social, and Solitary
- Cognitive Styles: Field Dependent- Field Independent, Deep-Surface, Reflective-Impulsive
- Thinking Styles: Synthesis, Idealist, Pragmatic, Analyst and Realist

UNIT II: META-COGNITION

- Meaning, Components and difference between Cognition and Meta cognition
- Models of Meta cognition: Flavell's Model, Brown's Model, Tobias and Ereson's Hierarchical Model
- Types of Meta-cognition: Conscious V/s Automatic Meta-cognitive Process, General v/s Domain Specific Meta-cognition

UNIT III: THEORIES OF LEARNING

- Pavlov's Classical Conditioning,
- Thorndike's Trial and Error Theory of Learning
- Gagne's Hierarchy of Learning and its Educational Implications,
- Tollman's Theory of learning,
- Levin's Field Theory,
- Hull's Reinforcement Theory,
- Bandura's Social Learning,
- Constructivist Theories (Bruner and Vygotsky)
- Insight Learning: Experiment by Kohler and Educational Implications of Insight Learning.

UNIT IV: TRANSFER OF LEARNING

• Concept, Types, theories and Educational Implications.

UNIT V: PSYCHOLOGY OF THE CLASS AS SOCIAL GROUP

- Meaning and nature and characteristics of class room group. Group dynamics: Group process, Interpersonal relations
- Sociometric grouping different group processes in the class group.
- Socio-emotional climate of the classroom and influence of teacher characteristic on students

ACTIVITIES

- Sociometry Test
- Transfer of Learning (Mirror Drawing Apparatus)
- Adjustment Inventory
- Test of Associative Learning
- Study of Learning Styles

REFERENCES

Bandura, A. (1977). Social Learning Theory. New York: General Learning Press.

- Schmeck Ronald.R (1988): Learning Strategies and Learning Styles (Perspectives on Individual Differences), Springer Publication.
- Senge, P. M (1990). *The Fifth Discipline*. *The Art and Practice of Learning Organization*. New York USA: Currency and Doubleday.
- Thomas O Nelson (1992). Metacognition: Core Readings, Allyn & Bacon.
- Wiggins, J. S. (Ed.). (1996). *The Five-Factor Model of Personality: Theoretical Perspectives*. New York: Guilford Publications.
- Harry Morgan (1997). Cognitive Styles and Classroom Learning. Westport: CT, Praeger Publisher.
- Douglas J. Hacker, John Dunlosky, Arthur C. Graesser .(editors) (1998) *Metacognition in Educational Theory and Practice*, Lawrence Erlbaum Associates. Mahwah, New Jersey.
- R. Riding (1998).Cognitive Styles and Learning Strategies: Understanding Style Differences in Learning and Behavior. London: David Fulton Publishers

Sternberg, R.J (1999). Thinking Styles. London: Cambridge University Press.

- Tauber, R. T. (1999). Classroom Management –Sound Theory and Effective Practice, Third Edition Greenwood Publishing Group, Inc.Press
- Bobbi DePorter (2000).*Learning Styles: A guide for Teachers and Parents,* Learning Forum Publications.
- Robert J. S. (2001). Perspectives on Thinking, Learning, and Cognitive Styles, *The Educational Psychology series* Routledge publication.

- Parmeshwaran, E.G and Beena, C. (2002). *An Invitation to Psychology*, Hyderabad, India: Neel Kamal Publications Private Limited.
- Smith, E.E., Hoeksema, S.N., Fredrickson, B.L., Loftus, G. R., Bem D.J Maren, S Atkinson & Hilgard (2003) Introduction To Psychology.United States of America: Thomson & Wadsworth.
- Susan Capel, Marilyn Leask and Tony Turner (2005).*Learning To Teach in the Secondary School-A companion to School Experience (*4th Edition). Routledge Taylor And Francis Group
- Allen, B. P. (2006). *Personality Theories: Development, Growth, and Diversity* (5th Ed.), Needham Heights, MA: Allyn and Bacon.
- Pervin, L.A and John, O. P (2006) Handbook of Personality: Theory and Research 2nd Edition New York, USA, Guilford Publications
- Schunk, D. H. (2007). *Learning Theories: An Educational Perspective* (5th Edition). New York:Prentice Hall.
- Weiten W & Lloyd M. A. (2007): Psychology Applied to Modern Life Adjustment in the 21stCentury, Eighth Edition, Akash Press Delhi, Indian Reprint.
- Carver, C. S., & Scheier, M. F. (2008). *Perspectives on Personality* (6th Ed.). Needham Heights, MA: Allyn and Bacon
- Cloninger, S. C. (2008). *Theories of Personality: Understanding Persons* (5th Ed.). Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall
- Engler, B. (2008). *Personality Theories: An Introduction* (8th Ed.). Boston: Houghton Mifflin.
- John Dunlosky, Janet Metcalfe (2008) :*Metacognition* (1st ed). Sage Publications, Inc
- Dash Muralidhar (2009) : Educational Psychology, Reprinted Deep & Deep Publications Pvt Ltd
- Douglas J. Hacker, John Dunlosky, Arthur C. Graesser .(editors) (2009) Handbook of Metacognition in Education (Educational Psychology). Routledge, Taylor and Francis, New York. .
- Ewen, R. B. (2009). An Introduction to Theories of Personality (7th Ed.). Mahwah, NJ: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.
- Matthews, G., Deary, I. J., & Whiteman, M. C. (2009). *Personality Traits* (3rd Ed.). New York:
- Schultz, D. P., & Schultz, S. E. (2009). *Theories of Personality* (9th Ed.). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth
- Waters and Schneider (2009). *Meta-cognition, Strategy Use, and Instruction*. New York: The Guilford
- Woolfolk, A. (2009). *Educational Psychology*. Ninth Edition. Singapore: Pearson Education Inc.
- Burger, J. M. (2010). *Personality* (8th Ed.). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Publishing.

- Berk L. E. (2010). *Child Development. (8th*Edition). New Delhi: PHI Learning Private Limited.
- Crowne, D. P. (2010). *Personality Theory* (2 nd Ed.). New York: Oxford University Press.
- Pina, T. (2011). The Taxonomy of Meta- cognition. Britain: Psychology Press
- Chauhan, S.S. (). Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikash Publishing House.
- Mangal, S.K. (). Essentials of Educational Psychology. Prentice-Hall of India.
- Mangal, S.K. (). Shiksha Manovigyan, Prentice-Hall of India



COURSE 632:EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS-III

CREDITS • 4

OBJECTIVES

- To apprise students about different Methods of conducting Research.
- To help students to distinguish between Internal Validity and External Validity.
- To enable students to discriminate between Parametric and Non Parametric Statistical Techniques.
- To develop among students understanding of qualitative research, its types.
- To help students understand the concept of interaction of variables in factorial design ANOVA.
- To develop understanding of covariate(s) in one way and factorial design ANCOVAamong students.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH: MEANING, CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPES

- Descriptive research.
- Survey Research
- Ex-post facto research.
- Experimental Research
- Historical research.

UNIT II: QUALITATIVE RESEARCH

- Case studies
- Ethnographic studies.
- Phenomenological research
- Naturalistic Inquiry
- Meta cognition and Policy research

UNIT III: FACTORIAL DESIGN ANOVA

- Two way ANOVA of equal and unequal cell size
- ANCOVA- One way and two way with one or more covariates

UNIT IV: NON PARAMETRIC TESTS

- Concept of non parametric tests, difference between parametric and non parametric tests
- One sample Chi square test: hypotheses of equality, proportion and normality
- Two sample chi square test, Residual analysis

UNIT V: COMPUTERS IN DATA ANALYSIS

• Data entry in computer software, SPSS

• Data Analysis and interpretation using computer

ACTIVITIES

- In relation to the Statistical Tests listed above:
- Data entry, exploring nature of data, running the tests
- Selecting, Modifying and interpreting the output
- Conducting a Case Study
- Solution of UGC-NET question papers on prescribed contents

REFERENCES

- Ary, D., Jacobs, L.C. and Razanch A. (1972). Introduction to Research in Education. New York: Holt Rinehart.
- Best, J.W. (). Research in Education. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.). (1974). A Survey of Research in Education in India. Baroda: Centre of Advance Study in Education, M.S.University of Baroda.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1979). Second Survey of Research in Education (1972-1978).Baroda: Society for Educational Research and Development.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1986). Third Survey of Research in Education (1978-1983).New Delhi: NCERT.
- Ebel, R.L. (1965). A Guide to Educational Research. Boston: Allyan and Bacer Inc.
- Fox, D.J. (1969). The Research Process in Education. New York: Holt Rinehart and Winston Inc.
- Furlong, N. E. and Others (2000). Research Methods and Statistics: An Integrated Approach. Fort Worth: Harcourt College Publishers.
- Gay, L.R. (1996). Educational Research Competencies for Analysis and Application. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, Inc.
- Gage, N.L. (1963). Handbook of Research on Teaching. Chicago: Rand McNelly and Co.
- Ghosh, B. B. (1982). Scientific Method and Social Research. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Good, C.V. (1941). Essential of Educational: Methodology and Design. New York: Appleton Century Crofts.
- Healy, J. F. (1999). Statistics- A Tool for Social Research. Belmont: C.A. Wadsworth Publishing Company.
- Helmstadter, G.C. (1970). Research Concepts in Human Behaviour, Education, Psychology and Sociology. New York: Meredith Corporation.
- Husen, T. and Postlehwaite, T.N. (1985). The International Encyclopaedia of Education (Vols. 1 to10) Research and studies. Britain: Pergaman Press.
- Kerlinger, Fred, N. (1978). Foundations of Behavioural Research. Delhi: Surject Publication.

- McGrath, J.H. (1970). Research Methods and Designs for Education. International Book Company.
- Mitzel, H.E. (1982). Encyclopaedia of Educational Research (Vol 1to4). NewYork: The Free Press.
- Mouly, George, J. (1964). The Science of Educational Research. New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Popper, K.R. (1959). The Logic of Scientific Discovery. Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- Kunker, P.J. and McGrath, J.E. (1972). Research on human Behaviour- A Systematic Guide to Method. New York: Holt Rinehart and Winston Inc.
- Sharma, B.A., Prasad, R.D. and Satyanarayan, P. (1985). Research Method in Social Sciences. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Sidhu, K.S. (1985). Methodology of Research in Education. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Siegal, S. (1988). Non-Parametric Statistics for the Behavioral Science. New York: McGraw Hill Book Company.
- Sprinthall, Richard C. (1990). Basic Statistical Analysis. New Jersey Prentice Hall.
- Travers, R.M.W. (1986). An introduction to Educational Research. New York: The McMillan Publishing Company.
- Walizer, M.H. and Wiehir, P.H. (1978). Research Method and Analysis-Searching for Relationships. New York: Harper and Raw Publishers.
- Wittrock, M.C. (1986). Handbook of Research on Teaching. New York: McMillan Publishing Company.

633: ELECTIVE GENERIC COURSE III

In the Third Semester the following two courses will be offered in this category

- 1. Educational Technology- I
- 2. Special Education-

COURSE 633: EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY- I

Ι

CREDITS • 3

OBJECTIVES:

- The students will understand the concept of Educational Technology.
- They will develop competency in managing classroom teaching among themselves.
- Students would be in position to apply System Approach for solving educational problems.
- Students will be acquainted with different types of Instructional Material.
- Students will be able to implement different strategies for teaching at different levels.
- Students will be familiarized with Computer Assisted Instruction and Web Based Instruction.
- Students would learn the mechanism of developing PLM.
- Students will be able to understand the role of Mass Media.

CONTENTS

UNIT I: EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY -

Meaning, Nature and Scope, Approaches of Educational Technology -Hardware approach, Software approach and System approach.

UNIT II: EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY (III)

- (a) System Approach Definition, Characteristics and Advantages, Designing and Analyzing System, Implementation of System Approach in Education.
- (b) Training Psychology, Concept of Cybernetics and System Analysis.

UNIT III: INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNOLOGY

- (a) Programmed Learning Material Meaning, Psychological foundation, Concept, Advantages and Limitations of PLM: Linear, Branching and Mathetics.
- (b) Mechanicsof developing Programmed Learning Materials.

UNIT IV: TEACHING TECHNOLOGY

Teaching Technology – Stages of Teaching: Pre-active, Interactive and Post-active. Modalities of Teaching- Difference among Teaching,Instructions, Conditioning and Training. Teaching at different levels: Memory, Understanding and Reflective levels.

UNIT V:ADAPTIVE AND ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGIES

(a) Multimedia Approach and Instructional Strategy: meaning and designing,(b) Adaptive and assistive Technologies for CWSN (children with special needs)

ACTIVITIES

i. Development of BPLM/LPLM. (On any One Topic)

ii. Preparation of two slides on power point showing animation.

iii Development of strategic Planner Sheet for use of Multimedia in the class room.

iv. Field Visit: Exposure to various assistive and adaptive technologies for Children with special needs

REFERENCES:

- Agrawal, J.C. (1996).Essentials of Educational Technology –Teaching Learning Innovations in Education. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Alberto, P.A. & Tontman, A.C. (1986). *Applied Behaviour Analysis for Teachers*. London: Merrill Publishing Co.

Bhushan, S. (1986). Educational Technology. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Chouhan, S.S. (1973).Innovations in Teaching and Learning Practices. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

Chouhan, S.S. (1982).Textbook of Programmed Instruction. New Delhi: Sterling Publication.

Das, R.C. (1992). Educational Technology: A Basic Text. New Delhi: Sterling.

Dececco.J.P. (1964). Educational Technology. New York: HRW.

Kocharan, K. (1966). Audio Visual Aids. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.

Kulkarni, S.S. (1986).Introduction to Educational Technology. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH.

Joshi, A., & Passi, B.K. (1998) Controlled Learning. Agra: National Psychological Corporation.

Mohanty, J. (1984). Educational Broadcasting. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.

Rao.V. (1991). Educational Technology. Delhi: Himalayan Publishing House.

Sampath, K. et al. (1981). Introduction to Educational Technology. New Delhi:

Sharma, A.R. (1982). Educational Technology. Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.

Wilson, B. (1987). The Systematic Designs of Training Courses. U. S. A: Parthenon Publishing.

COURSE 633:SPECIAL EDUCATION—I

CREDITS - 3

OBJECTIVES

- To enable the prospective teachers to acquire knowledge and understanding of Special Education.
- To acquaint the students with the historical scenario of special education in India and abroad.
- To provide them knowledge about the trends like rehabilitation, mainstreaming, integration, inclusion etc.
- To acquaint the prospective teachers with Government Policies, Legislatures and National Institutes related to the disabled.
- To enable the prospective teachers to acquire knowledge and understanding about different areas of disability (Visual Impairment, Hearing Impairment, Orthopedically Impaired and Juvenile Delinquency).
- To acquaint the prospective teachers with Educational Programmes, Equipments, and Aids for Education of the children with various disabilities.

CONTENT

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO SPECIAL EDUCATION

(a) Concept, Definition, Objectives, Assumptions, Scope. (b) Key terms related to Special Education- Handicap, Impairment and Disability. Historical development of Special Education.Trends in Special Education: Rehabilitation, Integration, Inclusion Normalization and Mainstreaming. Legal Aspect of Special Education: (a) Constitutional Provisions and Acts (b) Facilities for special children (c) National Institutes related to disability.

UNIT II: VISUAL IMPAIRMENT

Concept, Definition, Causes, Characteristics, Classification, Assessment techniques, Training For Visually Impaired-Sensory Training, Concept development, Communication skills, Daily Life Skills, Orientation and Mobility Training, Aids and appliances and Educational Programmes.

UNIT III: HEARING IMPAIRMENT

Concept, Definition, Causes, Characteristics, Classification; Training in Sign Language, Aids and Appliances and Educational Programmes.

UNIT IV: ORTHOPEDICALLY IMPAIRED

Concept, Definition, Characteristics, Classification and Educational Programmes.

UNIT V: JUVENILE DELINQUENTS

Concept, Definition, Characteristics, Causes and educational Programmes.

ACTIVITIES:

- Visit to any Special/Integrated/inclusive School and writing and presentation of report.
- Survey of Educational facilities/ Aids and appliances available in the special school.
- Case study of any one child suffering from any disability.
- Survey of the various web resources available any prescribed disability.
- Review of researches related to the prescribed disabilities.

REFERENCES

- Ariel, A. (1992). Education of Children and Adolescents with Learning Disabilities. New York: Mc Millan Publishing Co.
- Cruschank, W. M. (1975). Psychology of Exceptional Children and Youth, Engelwood Cilffs. N.J.: Prentice Hall, 1975.
- Kirk, S.A & companions Educating Exceptional Children. Houghton Mifflin Company,Eleventh ed, Boston, New York, 2006.
- Pal, H.R. (2010). Vishishta Balak. Bhopal: Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy.
- Panda, K.C. (1997). Education of Exceptional Children. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Shankar, U. (1991). Exceptional Children. New Delhi:Enkay Publisher.
- Singh, N. (1989). Special Education. New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers.
- Stow & Selfe. (1989). Understanding Children with Special Needs. London: Unwin Hyman Ltd. London.
- Yesseldyke, E. James, Bob Algozzine. ()Special Education- A Practical Approach for Teachers. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers & Distributers.

COURSE 635: COMMUNITY BASED PROJECT

CREDITS: 3

The objective of course on field engagement is to offer students opportunities of gaining first-hand experience of the working of teacher education institutions and/or organizations actively engaged in some specialized fields of education such as curriculum development, text book production, education of the differently abled, faculty development, educational administration etc. It shall include four weeks of field visit focused on close observation of various activities performed by these institutions/ organizations. A M.Ed. student is supposed to prepare a report in the form of reflective journal and make a presentation of onsite experiences gained back at her own institution, preferably through power point mode. Internal marks will be obtained from the institution visited, while the external examiner will award marks on the basis of the submitted report and presentation cum viva voce examination of the candidates.

COURSE 636 & 637 : INTERNSHIP I & II

Course Objectives:

- To develop in Future Teacher Educators the skills related with teaching
- To hone their teaching skills, Lesson Planning skills, Instructional Design Skills and Observation skills
- To provide hand on experience of the field of teacher education institutions
- To acquaint Future Teacher Educators with the conditions under which they wouldnormally be required to work.
- To understand the problems faced by teachers in the real school/teacher education situation.
- To help them in finding possible ways and means of dealing with the problems related with teaching learning and administration
- To develop skill of getting support of different human beings that exist in school for successfully planning and executing of the assigned school work.
- To develop skill in (a) handling subject matter and (b) in dealing with individual child or group of children.
- To familiarize future teacher educators with various tasks school/teacher education institution personnel are supposed to perform as a part of their routine duties.
- To enable them to critically appraise various aspects of school programmes and practices.

Credit 3+4

• To develop quality of organizing different programmes at school/teacher education levels.

Outline:

The future teacher educators will be given Hand on experience under the Internship Courses which is having two parts viz. Internship-I and Internship-II which will be provided in the First semester & third semester respectively and will carry 3 credits each.

Under these courses it is expected that the future Teacher educators have to get involved in the field i.e. they have to act as intern in the Educational Institutions. These Educational Institutions will be Schools, District Institutions of Educational Training (DIETs), College of Teacher Education (CTEs), School of Education (DAVV), other Teacher education Institutions and Institutions of National/State importance. As intern they have to do all the tasks related with teaching, administration, observation or any other task allotted to them by the authorities where they will be deputed. Along with this whenever Practice Teaching and School Experience courses of the Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) Program of School of Education (DAVV) will be scheduled they have to work as Intern-Teacher educator as have to carry out all the duties assign to them viz. Checking Lesson Plans, Conducting Observations and feedback sessions, planning and execution of the Practice teaching.

During the In campus Internship, Intern-teacher educators have to conduct teaching in the B.Ed. program. He/she have to give 4 lessons, observing 20 lessons and perform any other duties allocated to them.

Internship I			
	Component	Marks	
Part A	[During the School Experience(SE) course of SOE, DAVV]		
	For 10 days		
	Monitoring the student-teachers		
	Performing Administrative duties allocated		
	by the Institution's authorities		
	Resolving Issues related with factors		
	affecting smooth running of SE program		
Part B	[In-campus Internship]		
	Presenting Four Lessons		
	Twenty Observations		
	Conducting Feedback sessions		
	Total		

The Evaluation pattern will be as follows:

Internship II

1	Component	Marks
Part A	[During the Practical Pedagogy course of SOE, DAVV]	
	For 10 days	
	Monitoring the student-tead	chers
	Performing Administrative duties allocated	
	by the Institution's authorities	
	Conducting feedback sessions	
	Checking Lesson plans	
Part B	[Out-campus Internship]	For 10 days
	Presenting Four Lessons	
	Twenty observations	

Evaluation of the intern-Teacher educator will be carried out by the concerned teacher under whom the intern being allotted. Fair amount of objectivity in terms of the lesson plan Journal, observation Diary, Daily Diary, Duty charts and other supportive documents will be maintained by the intern. At the end of the course through a Viva voce the evaluation will be done. the Ratio of internal and External evaluation will be 60:40 respectively

Intern-teacher educator will maintain the following documents

Lesson plan Journal (Planning and Presentation)		
Observation Book		
Feedback Diary (Self and Students)		
Diary of duties conducted other than the teaching		
Diary of Checking of the lesson plans		

Internship Activities:

Internship activities are to be designed in consultation with the respective Head/principals of the Teacher education Institutions/schools involved in this venture. However, some suggested Activities/ assignments are listed below:

- Write significance of school experience/Practice Teaching/ Internship programme in B.Ed. programme/Curriculum.
- Design a map of school and give critical opinion about school plant.
- Introduction of teaching and non-teaching school staff.
- Listing of different school records and preparation of at least five records on the basis of imaginary data (Health record, Cumulative record, Progressreport, Attendance register, Scholarship register etc.)
- Assessment/ Review of the following activities in the school on the basis of observation: Assembly, Sports and games, Other Curricular activities, Cultural functions, Innovations in teaching learning process, Discipline, School environment, Standard of the School, Library facility in the school, Parent Teacher Association.

- Reporting of organization and celebration of National/Regional, local festivals observed by the school. Independence Day, Teacher Day, Gandhi Jayanti, Ahilya Utsav etc.
- Observation of teaching of your own subject taught by school teachers (at least two lesson).
- Interview with the teacher you most like.
- Listing of problems faced by teachers in the outside the classroom.
- Any other, as per the discretion of the teacher and taught



COURSE 638: PSYCHOLOGICAL PRACTICAL- II

CREDIT-1

OBJECTIVES:

- To examine the Principles and Theories of Educational Psychology.
- To explore the connections between Theoretical and Practical aspect of Educational Psychology.
- To enhance the understanding of students about assessment of variables related to learning.
- To enhance their capacity to administer Psychology Test.
- To make students realize the importance of Psychological Testing.
- To conduct experiments based on Learning Theories.
- To identify the positions of students in a group with the help of Sociometry.

A. PRACTICAL:

- 1. Sociometry
- 2. Transfer of Learning
- 3. Bruner's Constructivism
- 4. Trial and Error

B. TESTS:

- 1. Assessment of Study Habit
- 2. Assessment of Reasoning Ability
- 3. Assessment of Critical Thinking
- 4. Thematic Apperception Test

REFERENCES:

- Dandpani, S.: A Textbook of Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications, Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- Dash, M.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1991.
- Kundu, C.L. and Tutoo, D. N.: Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- Chauhan, S.S.: Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1998.

Mathur, S.S.: Educational Psychology. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir, 2000.

- Pal,H.R. and Devra, R. :Prayogik Manovigyan and Manavikas. Agra:Star Publications,1989.
- Woodworth, R.S. and Schlosberg: Experimental Psychology. New Delhi: Oxford &IBH Publishing, 1971.

M.Ed. YEAR • II

SEMESTER •IV

COURSE 641: HISTORICAL AND POLITICAL PERSPECTIVES OF EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES:

- □ To enable the prospective Teacher educators to develop knowledge and understanding of the history of education.
- □ To enable them to understand the historical Perspective of education as manifested in the historical documents such as the reports of different commissions and committees.
- □ To acquaint the prospective Teacher educators with the different aspects of growth of the national system of education.
- □ To acquaint them with the educational development at different levels as well as some of their specific aspects.

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: FRAMEWORK FOR THE HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE OF EDUCATION

- □ Need and importance of Historical Perspective of Education.
- Education in Ancient India
- Education in Medieval India

UNIT II: NATIONAL EDUCATION MOVEMENT

- Educational Development through Charters, Commissions and Committees— An Overview (Before Independence)
 - Discontent with Indian aspirations
 - o Leaders of the movement at different phases
 - Establishment of new institutions in the country as opposed to the western system.
- Basic education movement
- □ An assessment of the movement

UNIT III: ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

- System of Indigenous elementary institutions such as pathshalas, maqtabs- its review and assessment
- Development of Elementary education
 - Recommendation of different committees and commissions (After Independence)
 - Efforts to introduce compulsion: Gokhale's attempt; Introduction of compulsory primary education in the State of Baroda and Travancore – Cochin, constitutional provisions
 - Primary education under the plans.
 - Problems of Universalization of Elementary Education (UEE).

CREDITS: 3

Sarv Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)

UNIT IV: SECONDARY EDUCATION

- Secondary education as reflected in the recommendations of Different committees and commissions : Mudaliar Commission's view and recommendations
- □ Progress of secondary education under the plans
- □ Education Commission on secondary education
- RMSA (Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan)
- Problems of secondary education in India viz. Language Curriculum, Teaching Personnel, Student Indiscipline, Administrative and financial aspects

UNIT V: HIGHER EDUCATION

- Origin of modern universities in India.
- Recommendations of different Committees and Commissions
- Establishment of various specialized types of institutes of higher education
- Expansion and progress of higher education: University Grants Commission; Distance education/Higher education under the plans
- RUSA (Rashtriya Uchchtar Shiksha Abhiyaan)
- Problems of Higher Education in India : Language problem, Students' unrest, job oriented curricula, linkage of university with environment

UNIT VI POLITICS IN EDUCATION

- Education policy-making and the politics of educational reforms
- Politicization of Education: Curriculum, Transaction of curriculum, teachers union, Recruitment
- Globalization and politics of Education

ACTIVITIES

- Review of a Policy Document
- Status survey of a Education in village/community
- Review of a Government scheme such as RUSA/RMSA
- Survey of problems of education at a particular level

REFERENCES:

Aggarwal, J.C. (2004). Development of Education System in India. New Delhi: Shipra.

Aggarwal, J.C. (2004). Modern Indian Education. New Delhi: Shipra.

- Sharma, R L. (2006). Comprehensive History of Modern Education. New Delhi: Cyber Tech Publications.
- Report of the Education Commission (1964-66). Education and National Development. New Delhi: NCERT.
- Indian Year Book on Education (Elementary Education). (1964) New Delhi: NCERT.

- Report of the Secondary Education Commission (1952-53). Ministry of Education and Social Welfare. New Delhi: Government of India.
- Report of the University Education Commission (1948-49). Ministry of Education Government of India.
- Banerjee, J.P. (1979). Education in India: Past, Present, Future. Calcutta: Gupta and Co (Pvt.) Ltd.
- Basu, A.N. (1947). Education in Modern India. Calcutta: Orient Book Co.
- Shrivastava, B.D. (1963). The Development of Modern Indian Education. Calcutta: Orient Longmans.
- Desai, D.M. (1957). A Critical Study of Primary Education in India. Baroda: The M.S. University.
- Dongerkery S.R. (1955). Thoughts in University Education. Bombay: Popular Book Depot.
- Kabir, H. (1959). Education in New India. London: Allen & Unwin Ltd.
- Keay, F.F. (1973). A History of Education in India and Pakistan. Calcutta: Oxford University Press.
- Mukherjee, L. (1975). Comparative Education. Bombay: Allied Publishers.
- Mukherjee, S.N. (1964). Education in India, Today and Tomorrow. Baroda: Acharya Book Depot.
- Mukherjee, S.N. (1966). History of Education in India (Modern Period) Baroda:
- Acharya Book Depot.
- Naik, J.P. (1965). Educational Planning in India. Bombay: Allied Publishers.
- Naik, J.P. (1965). Elementary Education in India (The Unfinished Business) Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Nurullah, S. and Naik, J.P. (1975). A Student's History of Education in India (1800-1961) Revised Fourth Edition. Bombay: MacMillan and Co. Ltd.
- Panikkar, K.M. (1963). The Perspectives of New India. London: Allen and Unwin.
- Saiyuddin, K.G. (1962). Problems of Educational Reconstruction. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Sharma,S.(2005). History and Development of Higher Education in free India. Jaipur: ABD Publishers.
- Shrimali, K.L. (1961). Problems of Education in India. New Delhi: Publications Division Govt. of India.
- Shrimali, K.L. (1965). Education in Changing India. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Singh, B.P. (1990). Aims of Education in India. New Delhi: Ajanta Publication.

COURSE 642: EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS-IV

CREDITS •4

OBJECTIVES

- To enable students to **s**elect the most appropriate Experimental Design.
- To help students get acquainted with different tools and techniques of data collection
- To enable students to learn the process of standardization of tools
- To empower students to write the Thesis/Dissertation in a systematic way.
- To help students develop competency and confidence in computation of statistical test measures and testing their significance.
- To enable students to make distinction between parametric and non parametric test and their applicability.
- To sensitize students about the assumptions underlying statistical tests and techniques used for analyzing and interpreting research data.
- To empower students in skills of computer applications for analyzing and interpreting data.

CONTENTS

UNIT-I: RESEARCH DESIGN

- Concept of design of study
- Types: Single variable and Factorial Designs
- factors affecting validity of experimental design

UNIT-II: RESEARCH REPORT WRITING

- Writing research report: Format, language and style of report
- Chapterization- Major points to be covered
- Pagination, bibliography and references

UNIT-III: RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

• Writing research paper: Choice of the journal, Selection of objectives, choosing title, writing rationale, developing the paper

UNIT IV: NON PARAMETRIC TEST FOR TWO INDEPENDENT SAMPLES

- Mann Whitney U test
- one tailed and two tailed tests

UNIT V: PAIRED SAMPLES NON-PARAMETRIC TEST

- Wilcoxon T test
- Testing null and directional hypotheses

ACTIVITIES

- Writing a Research Paper
- Writing a background article
- □ SPSS practical in relation to the Statistical Tests listed above:
- Data entry, exploring nature of data, running the tests
- □ Selecting, Modifying and interpreting the output
- □ Solution of UGC-NET question papers on prescribed contents

REFERENCES

- Aggrawal, Y. P. (1990). Statistical Methods: Concepts, Application and Computation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishing Private Limited.
- Asthana, H.S. &Bhushan, B. (2007). Statistics for Social Sciences. New Jersey: Prentice Hall of India.
- Freedman, D., Pisani, R. and Purves R. (2011). Statistics (Fourth Edition). Viva Books.
- Freedman, D. A. (2009). Statistical Models Theory and Practice. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Furlong, N. E. and Others. (2000). Research Methods and Statistics An Integrated Approach. Fort Worth: Harcourt College Publishers.
- Gage, N.L. (1963). Handbook of Research on Teaching. Chicago: Rand McNelly and Co.
- Garrett, H. E. (1981).Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay: Vakils, Feffer and Simons Ltd.
- Gay, L.R. (1996). Educational Research Competencies for Analysis and Application. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, Inc.
- George, D. and Mallery, P. (1999). SPSS for Windows: Step by Step, VJ Books Inc.
- Guilford, J. P. (1981). Fundamental Statistics in Psychology and Education. Auckland: Mcgraw Hill International Book Company.
- Healy, J.F. (1999). Statistics- A Tool for Social Research. Belmont: C.A.Wadsworth publishing Company.
- Johnson, Richard A. and Tsui, Kam-Wah. (1998). Statistical Reasoning and Methods. New York: John Wiley and Sons, INC.
- Landau, S. and Everitt, B. S. (2004). A Handbook of Statistical Analysis using SPSS. New York Washington D.C: Chapman & Hall/ CRC Press Company.
- Linguist, E.F. (1968). Statistical Analysis in Educational Research. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH publishing Co.
- Reddy, T. S. and Rao, P. B. (1995). Research Methodology and Statistical Measurements. New Delhi: Reliance Publishing House.

- Rout, S.K. (2009). Educational Measurement Evaluation and Statistics. New Delhi: Navyug Publishers& Distributors.
- Salkind, N.J. (2007). Encyclopedia of Measurement and statistics. Vol. I, II, III. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Siegal, S. (1988). Non-Parametric Statistics for the Behavioral Science. New York: McGraw Hill Book Company.
- Snedecor, G. W. & Cochran, W. G. (1968). Statistics Methods. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
- Sprinthall, Richard C. (). Basic Statistical Analysis. New Jersey: Prentice
- Sprinthall, Richard C. (1990). Basic Statistical Analysis. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Walizer, M.H. and Wiehir, P.H. (1978). Research Method and Analysis-Searching for Relationships. New York: Harper and Raw Publishers.



COURSE 643: CURRICULUM STUDIES

CREDITS: 3

OBJECTIVES

- To enable the student teachers to develop and understanding about important principles of curriculum .
- To help student teachers understand the bases and determinant of curriculum.
- To orient the student teachers with curriculum design, process and construction to curriculum development .
- To acquaint student teachers with curricular content, curriculum implementation and process of curriculum evaluation.
- To help student teachers understand issues, trends and researchers in the area of curriculum in India.

COURSE CONTENTS UNIT I :INTRODUCTION

- Concept , meaning , definition of curriculum, Difference among Curriculum, Syllabus, Course-ware, Index ,Content list .
- Determinants of curriculum (Historical , Philosophical , Psychological ,Sociological)
 - Discipline-oriented considerations and Elements of Curriculum
- Various types of curriculum concepts: Written curriculum, recommended curriculum, supported curriculum, Implemented curriculum, Formal Curriculum, Informal curriculum, Actual curriculum, Hidden Curriculum, Null curriculum

UNIT II :CURRICULUM ORGANIZATION

- Principles of curriculum organization
- · Principles and criteria for developing learning opportunities
- Points to be considered while selecting learning opportunities,
- Approaches to curriculum organization: Subject centered ,Core curriculum, Learner centered , Community centered, Process approach and Humanistic approach

UNIT III: CURRICULUM DESIGN& CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

- Process of Curriculum Designing & Development: Deduction of curriculum from aims and objective of education, Content analysis & Instructional Strategies, Evaluation process & procedure
- Models of Curriculum Development: Tylers, Hilda Taba, Nicholls and Nicholls, Wheeler, Need assessment model

UNIT IV: CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION AND EVALUATION STRATEGIES

- Role of Curriculum support Materials and ICT ,Preparation for implementation, Models of implementation
- Concept, Need, Importance and Aspects: Formative, Summative curriculum evaluation, NRT and CRT Testing of Curriculum. Models of Curriculums evaluation. Tools and Techniques of Curriculum evaluation. Interpretation of evaluation results and method, and reconstruction of curriculum

Unit V-COMPARATIVE CURRICULUM

- Comparative study of curriculum of different countries: India, UK, USA, USSR
- Trends in Curriculum.
- Open Distance Learning Curriculum (ODL)
- Recent Curriculum Frameworks of School Education and Teacher Education
- Future Trend of Curriculum

ACTIVITIES

- Analyzing the existing curriculum in relation to principles of curriculum and Core elements as reflected in the NPE-1986, NCFSE-2000 and NCF 2005.
- Development of learning opportunities of any one subject .

REFERENCES

- Aggarwal, Deepak (2007): Curriculum development: Concept, Methods and Techniques. New Delhi. Book Enclave.
- Aggarwal, J.C (1990). Curriculum Reform in India- World overviews, Doaba World Education Series-3 Delhi, Doaba House, Book seller and Publisher.
- Arora, G.L. (1984): Reflections on Curriculum. NCERT.
- Dewey, John (1966). The Child and the Curriculum. The University of Chicago Press.
- Diamond Robert M. (1986) Designing and Improving Courses in Higher Education: A Systematic Approach, California, Jossey-Bass Inc. Publication.

- Joseph, P.B. et al; (2000): Cultures of Curriculum (studies in Curriculum Theory). New York. Teacher College Press.
- McKernan, James (2007): Curriculum and Imagination: Process, Theory, Pedagogy and Action Research. Routledge. U.K.
- NCERT (2000). National Curriculum Framework for School Education, NCERT: New Delhi.
- NCERT (2005). National Curriculum Framework-2005, NCERT, Sri Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi.
- Oliva, Peter F. (1988) Developing the Curriculum. Scott, and Foresman and Co.
- Reddy, B. (2007): Principles of curriculum planning and development.
- Taba Hilda (1962) Curriculum Development: Theory and Practice, New York, Harcourt Brace, Jovanovich Inc. New Delhi.
- Wiles, J.W. & Joseph Bondi (2006): Curriculum Development: A Guide to Practice. Pearson Publication.

644: ELECTIVE/GENERIC COURSE

The following courses will be offered under this category Same course as in III Semester

- 1. Education Technology —II
- **2.** Special Education II

COURSE 644: EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY-II

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CREDITS -3

- **To help students attain the Concept of Communication in Education.**
- □ To help them appreciate the scope and status of Educational Technology in India.
- □ To acquaint them about Distance Education, Open Education and their management.
- To develop conceptual understanding ofModel of Teaching and Instructional Strategies among students.
- □ To develop skill of using Criterion Reference Tests and Norm Reference Tests among students.

CONTENTS:

UNIT I: COMMUNICATION PROCESS -

- a) Meaning, concept, Principles, Elements, Contexts and Models of Communication,
- b) Need for better Classroom Communication.
- c) Differences among Message, Methods, Channels and Medium.

UNIT II: INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES AND EVALUATION

(a) Information Technology: Concept, Definition & Uses.Computer Assisted Instruction, Web Based Instruction – Meaning, advantage and disadvantages.

(b) Mastery Learning Approaches – concept and assumptions of genotype and phenotype, phases and limitations.

(c) Types of evaluation- Criterion Referenced and Norm Referenced, summative and formative: Assumptions, Advantages, Disadvantages and Uses.

UNIT III: BEHAVIORAL TECHNOLOGY

Behavior Modification Techniques: Flanders Interaction Analysis procedure and its modified and expanded version such as Equivalent talk categories of Bentley and Miller, Reciprocal category system of Richard Ober, Amidon and Hunder's Verbal Interaction Categories.

UNIT IV: INSTRUCTIONAL SYSTEMS

Models of Teaching: Definition, classification and elements of Synectics and Advance Organizer model.

Designing Instructional System – Formulation of Instructional Objectives, Task Analysis.

UNIT V: EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY IN PARALLEL EDUCATIONAL SYSTEMS

(a) Distance education– Concept, Different Models, Student support services; Counseling Methods and Evaluation Strategies.

(b)Mass Media – Educational TV, Radio, Social networking sites and web resources.

(c) Prospects of Educational Technology in India.

ACTIVITIES

- 1. Development of at least 20Questions for CRT on any topic.
- 2. Observation of at least two lessons by using Flanders Interaction Analysis Category Systemand preparation of feedback report.
- 3. Formulation of Instructional Objectives and Accordingly Task Analysis,

REFERENCES

- Agrawal, R. (2009). Educational Technology, Management & Evaluation. Delhi: Shipra Publications.
- Anand, S. (2007). Educational Development and Technology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Dahiya, S. S. (2008). Educational Technology-Towards Better Teacher Performance. Delhi: Shipra Publications.
- Dangwal, K.L. (2011). Educational Technology (Technology supported Teaching& Learning). New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Davis, B. (1993). Tools for Teaching. New York: Maxwell.
- Joyce, B. and Well, M. (1985). Models of Teaching. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Inc.
- Lucido, P.L. & Borabo, R.G. (1997). Educational Technology. Quezon City: Katha Publishing Co.
- Mangal,S.K. (2009). Essentials of Educational Technology. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Mohanty, J. (2007). Modern Trends in Educational Technology. New Delhi: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Pathak, G. P. (2005). Education and Communication Technology. New Delhi: Reference Press.
- Rao, V. K. (2011). Educational Technology. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.

- Rather, A. R. (2006). Dynamics of Educational Technology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Sampath, K. et al. (1981). Introduction to Educational Technology. New Delhi: Sterling Publisher.
- Sharma, R.A. (1982). Educational Technology. Meerut: Loyal Book Depot.
- Siddiqui, M. H. (2009). Challenges of Educational Technology. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Ventataiah, N. (1996). Educational Technology. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Yadav, N. (2008). A Handbook of Educational Technology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.



COURSE 644: SPECIAL EDUCATION -II

CREDITS• 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the prospective teacher to acquire knowledge and understanding of Special education and its curriculum.
- To enable the prospective teacher to acquire knowledge and understanding about different areas of disability (Mentally Retardation, Learning Disability, Gifted, Creative children, Backward Children).
- To acquaint the prospective teacher with Educational Programmes, Equipments, and Aids for education of the disabled.
- To acquaint the prospective teacher with the role of Formal, Informal and Non- formal in the context of Special children.
- To aware the students with the various trends in the area of Special Education.

CONTENT

UNIT I: CURRICULUM PLANNING IN SPECIAL EDUCATION

(a) Meaning of curriculum (b) Difference in General and Special curriculum,(c) Foundations of curriculum (d) Components of curriculum (e) Curriculum Adaptation For Visually Impaired, Hearing Impaired, Learning Disable ,Current Issues in Special Education: (a) Cross Disability Approach.
(b) Role of Formal and Informal agency in dealing with special children.

UNIT II: EDUCATION OF MENTALLY RETARDED

(a) Concept, (b) Definition,(c) Classification, (d) Characteristics, (e) Causes, (f) Educational Programmes.

UNIT III: EDUCATION OF BACKWARD CHILD

Concept of Backward children Causes of backwardness and Education Programmes.

UNIT IV: EDUCATION OF GIFTED AND CREATIVE CHILD

(a) Concept, (b)Definition, (c)Characteristics, (d) Identification, (e) Educational Programmes.

UNIT V: EDUCATION OF LEARNING DISABLE

(a) Concept, (b) Definition,(c) Classification, (d) Characteristics, (e) Causes, (f) Educational Programmes.

ACTIVITIES

- Visit to Special School
- Project on any one disability area

- Preparation of Learning Material
- Curriculum planning for special children
- Test preparation for Learning Disabled

REFERENCES

- Ariel, A. (1992). Education of Children and Adolescents with Learning Disabilities. New York: Mc millan Publishing Co.
- Cruschank, W. M. (1975). Psychology of Exceptional Children and Youth. Engelwood Cilffs. N.J.: Prentice Hall.
- Kirk, S.A & companions. (2006). Educating Exceptional Children.(11thed). Boston, New York: Houghton Mifflin Company.
- Pal, H.R. (2010). Vishishta Balak. Bhopal: Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy.
- Panda, K.C. (1997). Education of Exceptional Children. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Shankar, U. (1991). Exceptional Children. New Delhi:Enkay Publisher.
- Singh, N. (1997). Special Education. New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers.
- Stow &Selfe. (1989). Understanding Children with Special Needs. London: Unwin Hyman Ltd.
- Yesseldyke, E. James, Bob Algozzine. (). Special Education- A Practical Approach for Teachers. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers & Distributers.

645: CREATING AN INCLUSIVE INSTITUTION

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To acquaint Future Teacher Educators the underlying philosophy of Inclusiveness in Society in general and in education *per se*.
- To provide an insight about the various fragmentations prevailed in the Indian Society based on cultural, Social, Economical, Educational, and Political, Natural and Geographical factors.
- To make them available a broader framework to realize the possibilities of inclusive education
- To provide them in hand experience to work in the Inclusive Institutions
- To make them understand the problems/issues intrinsic to inclusive education
- To help them in finding possible ways and means of dealing with the problems/Issues related with teaching learning and administration in the Inclusive Environment

UNIT I: PHILOSOPHIZING INCLUSIVENESS

- □ Inclusive Education: Concept, Meaning, Approach,
- Clarifying Inclusive Education, Wholistic Education, Special Education, and differently-abled Education
- Different types of Inequalities in the Society : Caste, Class, Gender, Region, Religion, Language, Health
- **D** Equality and Equity
- □ Affirmative Discrimination
- **Criticism of Inclusive Education:**
 - Inclusive Education as Panacea or Palliative
 - Inclusive Education as a Buzz word
 - Illusive triangle of Equity, Freedom and Inclusiveness

UNIT II LEGAL PERSPECTIVE

- Constitutional Provisions for curbing the menace of discrimination based on
 - Caste, Class, Gender, Region, Religion, Language, Health
 - Disability : Different Acts and provisions
- Different Forms of Disability: Mentally Retarded, Visually Handicapped and Hearing Impaired
- □ Approach/Efforts to Inclusive Education: Scenario of Indian Education

UNIT III: VISIT TO A FRAGMENTED EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION

D Studying the varied forms of Educational Institutions

UNIT IV: GENERATING A FRAMEWORK AND ACTION PLAN FOR INSTITUING AN INCLUSIVE INSTITUTION

CREDITS • 3

- □ Analyzing and Synthesizing the field experience for creating an Inclusive School
- □ Ideal form of Inclusive school
- Practical modalities for smooth functioning of the Inclusive School: Infrastructure facilities and Human resources
- □ Characteristic of Inclusive Institution (based on the thought Processes and discussion after the visit to field)
- Characteristics of the Inclusive school Teacher
- □ Characteristics of an Inclusive Class

Activities:

- 1. Case study of the various forms of Educational Institutions
 - Girls school
 - Boys school
 - Co-Educational Schools
 - Minority School
 - Helen Keller schools
 - Visually Handicapped (VH)/Hearing Impaired (HI) schools
 - Aashram shalas
 - Eklavya Schools
 - based on Religions
 - based on Language
 - Based on Different Boards
 - International Institutions
- 2. Assignment on the Problems/Issues in building Inclusive Institutions
- 3. Case study of the Exceptional/Alternative Educational Institutions
- 4. Study of the incidents Hampering the idea of Inclusiveness
- 5. Analyzing videos of the educational Institutions
 - Barefoot College
 - Super 30
 - Creating Vedic Pundits
 - Madam's School
 - Summer Hill
 - Auroville School
 - Vishwa Bharti
 - Digital Schools

Bibliography:

COURSE 646: HEALTH YOGA AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION

CREDITS: 2

OBJECTIVES

- To get students predisposed to ways and means of healthy and wholesome living.
- To develop among the students right attitude toward body, mind and the self.
- To enable the students to acquire skills of organizing games and sports events at the level of the institution.
- To develop among the students qualities of leadership, team work, competitiveness, perseverance and positive attitude in the face of adverse circumstances.
- To help them utilize their leisure time in healthy recreational activities.
- To help students opportunities of discovering their inner self by engaging themselves in yoga activities.
- To help them appreciate the appropriateness, precautions and safety issues involved in performing physical activities.

CONTENT

INTRODUCTION

Concept of Health: Physical, Psychic and spiritual- their interdependence. Ways and means of healthy living; Role of hygienic practices, good habits, regular exercise and balanced dietary regime for enhancing quality of life; Appropriateness with regard to gender, age and illness history of the practitioner, Precautions and safety issues involved in performing physical activities

Physical Activities

- **A. Core Activities**: Physical warming up activities, stretching exercises and breathing exercises
- **B. Elective Activities**

Physical Training Activities

Track and field activities- running, jumping and throwing activities

Games and Sports Activities

Indoor games- badminton, chess, table tennis

Outdoor games

Cricket, football, volleyball, kho-kho, kabaddi

Yoga Related Activities

Yogic postures (Asans)

Pranayam- Anulom-vilom, bhrastrika, kapalbhati and bhramari pranayam Sahaj yoga and other forms of meditation

Note: Students will opt for any two elective activities taking one activity from the four different categories listed above.

COURSE 616, 627, 634 & 647: DISSERTATION (I –IV)

CREDITS: 10

Each candidate shall write a dissertation on an educational topic approved by consultation with the teacher concerned to him/her as guide. Four copies of dissertation along with the synopsis shall be submitted to the department's office on or before a date fixed by the Head, School of Education. The dissertation work will carry ten credits distributed in the following manner across all the semesters.

CODE	COURSE	CREDIT
616	DISSERTATION I: CONCEPTUAL/THEORETICAL FRAME WORK	2
627	DISSERTATION II: REVIEW OF LITERATURE	2
634	DISSERTATION III: PROGRESS REPORT	2
647	DISSERTATION IV:DISSERTATION FINAL VIVA VOCE	4

In the first semester the DISSERTATION I: CONCEPTUAL/THEORETICAL FRAME WORK course will be offered. The future teacher educator will develop a conceptual or theoretical framework of the problem selected under the dissertation work after the consultation with the teacher allocated to him/her as guide. The detailed report of the conceptual/theoretical framework will be examined in the end semester examination through a Viva voce or Open House Presentation which will carry two credits. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be 60:40.

In the second semester the DISSERTATION II: REVIEW OF LITERATURE course will be offered. The future teacher educator will develop a chronological/alphabetical order of the reviewed literature as per the problem selected under the dissertation work selected in the Semester I. The detailed report of the Review of Related Literature will be examined in the end semester examination through a Viva voce and Open house Presentation which will carry two credits. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be 60:40.

In the Third semester the DISSERTATION III: METHODOLOGY course will be offered. The future teacher educator will develop a methodology and tools (if applicable) under the dissertation work selected in the Semester I. The detailed report of the methodology may comprise of methods/approach of research, Tools description, Data collection methods, data Analysis Modalities etc that will be examined in the end semester examination through a Viva voce or Open House Presentation which will carry two credits. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be 60:40.

In the Fourth semester the DISSERTATION IV: PRE SUBMISSION DISSERTATION AND DISSERTATION FINAL VIVA VOCE course will be offered. The future teacher educator will present the synopsis of his/her dissertation's findings before an Open house Presentation which will carry two credits. A comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted at the end of the Fourth semester which will carry four credits. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be 60:40.



COURSE 616, 627, 634 & 646: DISSERTATION

TOTAL CREDITS-10

OBJECTIVES OF THECOURSES:

- To orient future teacher educators about basics of Research in general and Educational Research in Particular.
- To apprise students about different Methods of conducting Research.
- To provide in hand experience to conduct educational research in the needed areas
- To hone Research skills, skills of computer applications and Report writing skills of future teacher educators
- To develop understanding of Qualitative and Quantitative areas of research and Expertise among future teacher educators.
- To empower future teacher educators for analyzing and interpreting research data.

About Courses:

Each candidate shall write a dissertation on an educational topic approved by consultation with the teacher concerned to him/her as guide. The dissertation work will carry TEN credits distributed in the following manner across all the semesters.

COD	COURSE	TITLE	CREDIT
E			
616	DISSERTATION—I	Conceptual/Theoretical Frame	2
		Work and Review of Literature	
627	DISSERTATION—II	Research Proposal	2
634	DISSERTATION—III	Progress Report	2
646	DISSERTATION —	Dissertation Final Viva Voce	4
	IV		<u> </u>

In the first semester the DISSERTATION I: CONCEPTUAL/THEORETICAL FRAME WORK and REVIEW OF LITERATURE course will be offered.

- i. The future teacher educator will develop
 - Conceptual or theoretical framework of theproblem
 - Chronological/alphabetical order of reviewedliterature
 - Rationale as per the problem selected under dissertation work.
- ii. The future teacher educator will submit **three** hard copies of detailed report to the office on or before a date fixed by the Head, School of Education in

consultation with departmentalcommittee.

- iii. This detailed report will be examined in the end semester examination through a Viva voce /Open House Presentation which will carry two credits.
- iv. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be 60:40.

In the second semester the DISSERTATION-II: RESEARCH PROPOSAL course will be offered.

- i. The future teacher educator will develop a comprehensive research Proposal as per the problem selected under the dissertation work in the SemesterI.
- ii. The detailed report of Research proposal may compriseof
 - Conceptual/Theoretical Frame Work and Review OfLiterature
 - Objectives, Broad Research Questions, Hypothesis (es) (if any), Methods/Approach of research, Tools description, Data collection methods and Data Analysis Modalitiesetc.
- iii. The future teacher educator will submit **three** hard copies of the detailed report of Research Proposal to the office on or before a date fixed by the Head, School of Education in consultation with departmentalcommittee.
- iv. The detailed Research proposal will be examined in the end semester examination through a Viva voce/Open house Presentation which will carry twocredits.
- v. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be60:40.

In the Third semester the DISSERTATION III: PROGRESS REPORT: (DATA COLLECTION/TOOL PREPARATION) course will be offered.

- i. The future teacher educators will develop a Progress report (Data Collection and/or Tools Preparation whatever applicable) under the dissertation work selected in the SemesterI.
- ii. The detailed report of Research proposal may compriseof
 - Research Proposal submitted in the SemesterII
 - Progress report of the carried in the Semester III. The detailed report of this course may comprise of Tools comprehensive description, Data collection methods, data Analysis Modalities etc.
- iii. The future teacher educator will submit **three** copies

of the detailed Progress report of to the office on or before a date fixed by the Head, School of Education in consultation with the departmental committee.

- iv. These reports will be examined in the end semester examination through a Viva voce or Open House Presentation which will carry two credits.
- v. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be 60:40.

In the Fourth semester the DISSERTATION IV: DISSERTATION FINAL VIVA VOCE course will be offered.

- i. A comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted at the end of the Fourth semester which will carry four credits.
- ii. The future teacher educator will submit
 - a. THREE Hardbound copies of the Dissertation
 - b. Soft copy of dissertation in CD form
 - c. Dissertation Abstract in the prescribed format to the office on or before a date fixed by the Head, School of Education in consultation with the departmental committee.
- iii. The ratio of internal and external evaluation will be 60:40.

Rules/Regulations regarding Dissertation Course:

- Future-teacher-educator change topic can the of the Dissertation (if required) in the second semester. But he/she submit write of CONCEPTUAL/ have to up (report) THEORETICAL FRAME WORK AND REVIEW OF LITERATURE again in the second semester for the new topic along with the Methodology.
- 2) No Future-teacher-educator will be allowed to change the topic of the dissertation in third and fourth semester.
- ³⁾ The end semester evaluation of Dissertation courses (616, 627, 634 and 647) will be done by at least two examiners (Preferably in board rather than Individually).

SYLLABUS AND SCHEME OF Ph.D. Course Work/ M.Phil. Program

Session 2018

The Ph.D. Course work and the First Semester of M.Phil. Program shall be conducted together.

The courses of study for the same along with the credits are as under:

FIRST SEMESTER: Ph.D. and M. Phil.

S. No.	COURSES OF STUDY	Ph.D. (course work)	M. Phil
1.	Research Methodology	4 credits	4 credits
2.	Review of Published Research in the relevant field	3 credits	4 credits
3.	Computer Applications	3 credits	4 credits
4.	Advance course in the subject of research (any one)	3 credits	4 credits
5.	Synopsis Submission		4 credits
6.	Comprehensive Viva-Voce	3 credits	4 credits
	TOTAL CREDITS	16 Credits	24 Credits

SECOND SEMESTER: M. Phil.

S. No.	COURSES OF STUDY	CREDITS
1.	Seminar	4 credits
2.	Term Paper/ Assignment	4 credits
3.	Final Dissertation/ Project Presentation	12 credits
4.	Comprehensive Viva-Voce	4 credits
	TOTAL CREDITS	24 Credits

PART: A

Objectives:

- To familiarize students with the nature of Science and Scientific method.
- To familiarize students with different types of qualitative and quantitative research.
- To acquaint students with different stages of conducting various type of research.
- To develop among students skill of objective writing commensurate with qualitative and quantitative types of research.
- To develop among students competency for use of various sampling techniques according to their research objectives.
- To acquaint students with process of development of tools.
- To develop among students skill of research report writing.
- To train students with different techniques of data analysis in qualitative research.

Contents:

Unit I: Essential Characteristics of Science and Scientific Method, Definition of Research & Educational research, Qualitative & Quantitative Research: Meaning, Definition Characteristics and Need

Unit II: Descriptive Research: Meaning, Definition, Characteristics and Nature of Descriptive Research, Surveys, Casual-Comparative Studies, Developmental Study, Longitudinal & Cross Sectional Study, Correlation & Prediction Study and Trend Study.

Unit III: (a) **Sampling:** Population and Sample, Importance of Sampling, Sampling Unit, Sampling Frame, Sampling Error & Bias, Probability & Non Probability Sampling, Methods and Sample Size.

Unit IV: Experimental Research: Experimental Design: Definition, Characteristics, Methods of Control, Types of Experimental Design: Pre, True and Quasi experimental design, Factors affecting Internal and External Validity of Experimental design, Single Group, two group, multi group, factorial design.

Unit V: (a) Qualitative Research Approaches: Naturalistic Enquiry, Historical & Case Studies, Philosophical research, Analysis of Qualitative Data, Content analysis,(b) Report Writing

PART: B

Contents

Unit I: Scales of Measurements: Nominal, Ordinal, Interval & Ratio. Statistics permissible at each level of measurement. Parametric & Non-parametric tests: Underlying assumptions, considerations for deciding appropriateness of parametric tests.

Unit II: The concept of Hypothesis testing: Null hypothesis, Alternative hypothesis: Directional & Non-directional hypothesis, One & Two tailed tests, Significance of statistics in terms of critical value & probability, Errors in hypothesis testing: Type I and Type II errors, Family wise & test wise errors, Controlling for alpha inflation, Power of a test, Two sample difference tests of significance.

Unit III: K-Samples difference tests: One way ANOVA, Post Hoc tests of varying powers, Two way ANOVA with equal and unequal cell size, One & Two way ANCOVA of equal & unequal cell size.

Unit IV: Non Parametric Statistics: Mann-Whitney test, Wilcoxon test, Signed Ranks test, Chi Square test-One and two samples.

Unit V: Use of SPSS in Data Analysis: Data entry, testing underlying assumptions, running the tests, editing and exporting the output, writing interpretation.

References

Aggrawal, Y. P. (1990). Statistical Methods: Concepts, Application and Computation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishing Private Limited Ahuja, R. (2001). Research Methods. Jaipur: Rawat Publications

- Ary, D., Jacobs, L.C. and Razanch A. (1972). Introduction to Research in Education. New York: Holt Rinehart.
- Blackman, S. and Gldstein, K. M. (1979). Introduction to Data Management in the Behavioural and Social Sciences. New York: John Wileys
- Blommers, P. and Lindquist, E. F. (1960). Elementary Statistical Methods in Psychology and Education. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company
- Borko, M. H. (Ed.). (1962). Computer Application in Behavioural Science. Eaglewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall

- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1974). A Survey of Research in Education in India. Baroda: Centre of Advance Study in Education, M. S. University of Baroda.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1979). Second Survey of Research in Education (1972-1978). Baroda: Society for Educational Research and Development.
- Buch, M.B. (Ed.) (1986). Third Survey of Research in Education (1978-1983). New Delhi: NCERT.
- Siegal, S. (1988). Non-Parametric Statistics for the Behavioral Science. New York: McGraw Hill Book Company

REVIEW OF PUBLISHED RESEARCH IN THE RELEVANT FIELD

Credits: 03 (Ph.D.)

04 (M. Phil.)

Objectives:

- To acquaint students with scope and functions of review of research.
- To familiarize students with various steps of conducting a review of literature.
- To acquaint students with use of various reference material.
- To develop among students skill of abstracting a research study.
- To develop among students competency to synthesize research findings.

Contents:

Unit I: Review of Research: Concept, Purpose and Importance. The functions of review; a) Conceptual frame of reference, b) Status of research, c) Research Approach, Method, Instrumentation and Data Analysis, d) Probability of success and significance of findings, e) Stating the definitions, assumptions, limitations and hypotheses, f) Selection of Tools and Design.

Unit II: Use of Reference Materials: Using library; Card catalogue, library classification-Dewey decimal system of classification. Encyclopaedias, Handbooks of research on teaching, First, Second and Third handbooks of psychological and social instruments, Research of surveys in Education I-VI, Journals and Research Abstracts, Dictionaries of Education, Yearbooks, role of association of Indian Universities, NCERT, New Delhi & Devi Ahilya University in research survey. **Unit III:** Conducting a review of the literature; Listing key words, Checking preliminary sources, Reading and noting selected references. Preparing references at the time of review of literature.

Practical Work:

 \Box Conducting a review of research in the area of research interest under the guidance of supervisor.

- □ Preparing review of a Ph. D. thesis.
- □ Searching related literature online.

COMPUTER APPLICATION

Credit: 03 (Ph. D.) 04 (M. Phil.)

Objectives

- \Box To enable researcher to understand the scope of ICT and its pedagogic applications.
- □ To help researcher to understand the meaning of ICT integration in research related tasks.
- □ To develop Techno-pedagogic skills among the researcher
- □ To help them acquire instructional applications of Internet and web resources.
- □ To develop competency among researcher to use Online and Offline electronic resources.
- □ To empower researcher in handling Word Processing, Spread sheet and Presentation applications.
- □ To help researcher to explore the environment of window Operating System.
- \Box To make the researcher aware of latest happenings in the technology integrated Pedagogy

Content:

UNIT I:

[a] Hardware: Input and Output Devices used in Research Process, Memory ,characteristics of laptop, tablet , smart Mobiles etc.

[b] Word Processing: Operating through Different Menus and Ribbon: Mailings ,Creating References and Bibliography, Inserting End Notes and Footnotes, Tables of Content, Hyper linking within and outside document.

[c] Presentations : Exploring different Menus and ribbons, working with Templates, Creating and editing slides, Custom Animation, Slide Show, Recording Narration, Rehearsing/recording timing for presentations

UNIT II:

[a] Use of Note Pad, One Note Calculator, Dictionary and Paint Brush in research.
[b] Data Computation: Different Menus and ribbon, Charts and their Functions in the field of Education, Application of Function Library, Creating Auto-calculators for various Mathematical and Statistical Computations, Data Analysis using excel

UNIT III

[a] World Wide Web – Access information, reliability of information. Use of Internet in Research Process. Accessing information through web, Exploring Web resources, communicating through Email: Preparation of Docs, Sheets and slide on internet.

[b]Creation of Forms, maps and drawing with the help of internet tools.

UNIT IV

[i] Internet Applications: Online Conferencing, Webinar, Creation & Use of email, Blogs, Use of Online Dictionaries, Translator, Google transliteration, working with Plagiarism Software, Use of Cloud Computing, Social Networking Sites

[a] Web Publishing: Creating own website (local host), Uploading and downloading information on the web.

[b] Handling Multimedia: Creating, editing and broadcasting videos; Recording, editing and using Audios, Inserting Text in the videos, Creating with ICT – Media : charts(makesign.com), Images, Photo story, collage(research auto collage), Audio and video, Text(moviemaker),

UNIT V:

[a] Modular Object Oriented Dynamic Learning (MOODLE), National Mission on Education through ICT (NMEICT),SWAYAM, Sakshat Portal, e-Pathshala, On line examination.

[b]Social, ethical, legal aspects of ICT & cyber safety Synchronous communication on web

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (Any Three)

- MS-WORD related work Useful in Research Paper writing ,
- Use of different Options available in MS-EXCEL for Educational Research,
- Preparation of a POWER POINT presentation,
- Surfing of a topic on INTERNET

- Plagiarism reporting and interpretation.
- Preparation of Google site/doc/map/form

REFERENCES

Flynn, M. and Rutkosky, N. (2000). Advanced Microsoft Office 2000. Delhi: New Delhi Publications.

Harvest, D. (1992). Excel 4 for Windows – Instant Reference. Singapore: Tech Publications PTE Ltd.

Hillman, D. (1998). Multimedia Technology and Applications. New York: Delmar Publishers.

Matthews, M. (1995). Windows 95 Power Tools. New York: Random House Electronic Publishing.

Minasi, Mark, Christiansen, Eric & Shapar, Kristina (1998). Expert Guide to Windows 98. San Francisco: Sybex.

Nagpal, D.P. (2001). Computer Course. New Delhi: Wheeler Publishing.

Oberlin, S.K., Kervran, P. & Cox, J. (1993). A Quick Course in Windows3.1.Delhi: Jaico Publishing House.

Rajaraman, V. (1997). Fundamentals of Computers. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

Rathbone, A. (1993). Windows for Dummies. Delhi: Pustak Mahal.

Ray, J. (1997). Special Edition Using Microsoft TCP/IP. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

Sanders, D. H. (1988). Computers Today. New York: McGraw hill Book Co. Sansanwal, D.N. (2000). Information Technology in Higher Education.UniversityNews, Vol 38, No.46, pp1-6.

Sansanwal D.N. & Suri, S. (1996). Computers in Psychological Testing. Journal of Educational and Psychology, Vol. 53, Nos. 1-2-3.

Sinha, P.K. (1992). Computer Fundamentals: Concepts, Systems and Applications. New Delhi: BPB Publications. Under Dahl, Brain & Under Dahl, Keith: Internet with Webpage/Web Site Design. New Delhi: IDG Books India (P) Ltd., 2000.

ADVANCE COURSE IN THE SUBJECT OF RESEARCH (ANY ONE)

GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 03 (Ph.D.) 04 (M. Phil.)

- □ To acquaint students with the meaning and scope of Guidance.
- □ To make them aware about current trends and issues in guidance and counselling.
- □ To acquaint students with meaning, nature, theories and techniques of Counselling.
- \Box To familiarize students with Counselling Process.
- □ To sensitize them towards Ethical and Legal considerations involved in Counselling.
- \Box To enable them to learn and apply the various types of Counselling strategies.
- □ To enable them to learn and apply Guidance techniques for Special Children.
- □ To make them familiar with Researches and Follow up studies in Counselling.

Content:

UNIT I: Meaning, definition and scope of Guidance and Counselling, Theories of Counselling: Rational theory of Counselling, Learning theory, Psychoanalytic and Existential Approaches to Counselling.

UNIT II: Vocational Development and Educational Planning: Vocational Development, Vocational Maturity and Vocational adjustment, Dynamics of Vocational Development, Career Development Theories: Hollands Personality theory, Psychodynamic theory, Cognitive and Social Learning theories.

UNIT III: Theories of Career Counselling :Trait and Factor Career Counselling, Counselor centered Counselling, Psychodynamic Career Counselling, Developmental Career Counselling and Behaviour Career Counselling.

UNIT IV: Counselling Process: Building a Counselling relationship, Working in Counselling Relationship and Termination of Counselling.

UNIT V:

(a)Currents trends and issues in Counselling Evaluation,

(b)Researches and follow-up in Counselling,

(c) Ethical and Legal aspects of Counselling.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (ANY TWO)

□ Conselling of a child and report writing (Drug abused/Physically handicapped/Gifted)

□ Assessment of Intelligence /Aptitude/Personality/Attitude/Creativity/ Interest and Report writing

- □ Preparing Autobiography / case Study/Anecdotal Record.
- □ Survey of problems & needs of Emotionally Challenged/ Disturbed Youth.
- □ Identifying growth needs and designing developmental tasks.

REFERENCES

Adelman, H.S., & Taylor, L: An Introduction to Learning Disabilities. Glenview, IL: Scott, Foreman, 1986.

Baker, H.J.: Introduction to Exceptional Children, New York, Mac Millan, 1944.

Batman, B.. Learning Disabilities: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow. Exceptional Children, 1964.

Bhatnagar, A. and Gupta, N. (Ed.): Guidance and Counselling Vol. I: A Theoretical Perspective. New Delhi: Vikash Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1999.

Bhatnagar, A. and Gupta, N. (Ed.): Guidance and Counselling Vol. II: A Practical Approach. New Delhi: Vikash Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1999.

Crow, L. D. and Crow, A.: An Introduction to Guidance. New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1962.

Freeman, F. S.: Theory and Practice of Psychological Testing (3rd Ed.). New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., 1965.

Gibson, R. L. and Mitchell, M. H.: Introduction to Counselling and Guidance. London: Prentice-Hall International Limited, 1995.

Goldman, L.: Using Test in Counselling(Second Edition). New York: Meredith Corporation, 1971.

Gothward, W. P.: Vocational Guidance Theory and Practice. London: Croomttelm, 1987.

Gowan, J.C. and Demos, G.D. (1964) The Education and Guidance of the Ablest-Springfield, III: Charles C. Thomes.

Kocher, S. K.: Educational and Vocational Guidance in Secodary School. New Delhi: Sterling Publisher Pvt. Ltd., 1992.

Kowitz, G. T. and Kowitz, N. G.: Operating Guidance Services for the Modern School. New York: Holt Rinehart and Winston INC., 1968.

Miller, C. H.: Guidance Services: An Introduction. New York: Harper and Row, 1965. Mishra R.C, Guidance and Counseling Vol. I-II, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi,2011

Pal, H. R.: Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi University, 2006.

Pal, H. R. and Pal, A.: Education of The Learning Disabled. Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2008.

Pal, H. R. and Pal, A.: Exceptional Children. Bhopal: M.P. Hindi Granth Acedemy, 2010.

Pal, H. R. and Sharma, M.: Education of The Gifted. Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2007.

Pal, H. R. and Sharma, M.: Measurement/Assessment and Evaluation. Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2009.

Pasricha, P: Guidance and Counselling in Indian Education. New Delhi: NCERT, 1976.

Siddiqui M.H: Guidance and Counseling, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2009.

Singh, R. (Ed.): Educational and Vocational Guidance. New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers, 1994.

Suri, S.P. and Sodhi, T.S.: Guidance and Counselling. Patiyala: Bawa Publications, 1997.

Qureshi, H.: Educational Counseling, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2004.

Yadav, S: Guidance and Counseling, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi 2005

ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY

OBJECTIVES

CREDITS: 03 (Ph.D.)

04 (M. Phil.)

□ To familiarize the students with concept, scope and approaches of Educational Technology.

 \Box To acquaint the students with different aspects of teaching learning.

 \Box To train the students in different styles of developing instructional material.

□ To improve the students' understanding, ability and technical proficiency in variety of areas relevant to Educational Technology.

 \Box To acquaint the students with the ICT Trends in Education.

 \Box To familiarize the students with the concept of assistive technology and research trends in educational technology.

CONTENT

Unit I: Concept and Scope of Educational Technology, Technology in Education, Technology for Education, Technology of Education. Approaches of Educational Technology- Hard Ware, Soft Ware and System Approach. Cybernetics: Meaning and Scope. National Policy and

Education Technology.

Unit II: Teaching Technology: Planning, Organization, Leading and Evaluation of Teaching: Identification of Objectives, Task analysis, Designing of subject matter, Motivational theories of Teaching, Evaluation of Teaching Behaviors.

Unit III Instructional Technology: Mechanics of developing different types of Individualized Instruction material- Linear, Branching PLM, Mathetics and Modules. Computer Aided Instruction, Computer Based Management, e-Content, WBI, Office Automation.

Unit IV: ICT in Education: Use of Web Based Instruction: Web Links, Wikieducator m-Learning, gamification, flipped classroom, cloud based learning. blended learning, MOOCS, Virtual Classrooms, Computer based Assessment System, Computer Mediated Communication.

Unit V: a) Adaptive and assistive Technologies for CWSN (Children With Special Needs)

b) Research Trends in Educational Technology.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (ANY TWO)

- □ Developing an instructional Material on a selected topic.
- \Box Creating and using an Educational Blog.
- \Box Development of e-content in an area.
- □ Construction of profile on wiki-educator

REFERENCES

Agrawal, R: Educational Technology Management & Evaluation. Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2009

Anand, S :Educational Development and Technology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2007

Dahiya, S. S: Educational Technology-Towards Better Teacher Performance. Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2008

Dangwal, K.L: Educational Technology (Technology supported Teaching & Learning). New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation, 2011

Lucido, P.L. & Borabo, R.G : Educational Technology. Quezon City: Katha Publishing Co,1997

Mangal, S.K : Essentials of Educational Technology. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.

Mohanty, J: Modern Trends in Educational Technology. ND: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2007

Pathak, G. P: Education and Communication Technology. ND: Reference Press, 2005.

Rao, V. K:Educational Technology. ND: APH Publishing Corporation, 2011.

Rather, A. R.: Dynamics of Educational Technology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2006

Siddiqui, M. H:Challenges of Educational Technology. ND: APH Publishing Corporation, 2009

Yadav, N. (2008). A Handbook of Educational Technology. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2008

WEB REFERENCES:

7 Good Examples of Gamification in Education. (2013, May 11). Retrieved from EdTechReview:

http://edtechreview.in/index.php/news/news/products-apps-tools/324- examplesgamification-in-education

Behrmann, M. (1998, January Fifth). Assistive Technology for Young Children in Special Education: It Makes a Difference. Retrieved from

Edutopia: http://www.edutopia.org/assistive-technology-young-childrenspecial- education Flipped Classroom. (2013). Retrieved from Knewton: http://www.knewton.com/flippedclassroom/ Hussain, (2011. February Second). The Pedagogue: APPROACHES OF M. **EDUCATIONAL** TECHNOLOGY Retrieved from blogspot.com: . http://mjhthepedagogue.blogspot.in/2011/02/approaches-of-educationaltechnology. html Information and communication technologies in education. (n.d.). Retrieved from wikipedia: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Information_and_communication_technologies in education Lee, L. (2005, September). Using Web-based Instruction to Promote Active Learning: Learners' Perspectives . Retrieved from CALICO Journal: https://calico.org/memberBrowse.php?action=article&id=135 Pangaro, P. (2006, August Third). Getting Started- Guide to Cybernetics. Retrieved from Pangaro: http://www.pangaro.com/published/cybermacmillan. html Principles of Programmed Learning. (n.d.). Retrieved from Kumamoto University: Graduate School of Instructional ystems: http://www.gsis.kumamoto-u.ac.jp/en/opencourses/pf/3Block/07/07-2_text.html Virtual Classrooms. (n.d.). Retrieved from Teaching With Technology: http://twt.wikispaces.com/Virtual+Classrooms

SYNOPSIS SUBMISSION

Credits: 04

Each M. Phil. candidate is required to develop Research Proposal (Synopsis) under the supervision of his/her Guide, to be allotted by the Department

EVALUATION OF COURSES OF STUDY

Evaluation of the Courses will be as per University Guidelines/ Ordinance 31 of Devi Ahilya University.